San Francisco
Voter Information
Pamphlet
Sample Ballot Page 5

JUL 29 1980
SAN FRANCISCO
PUBLIC LIBRARY

Jay Patterson
Registrar of Voters

Special Election
August 19, 1980
The analyses of the ballot measures which appear in this pamphlet were prepared by the San Francisco Ballot Simplification Committee, a nonpartisan group appointed by the Mayor and the Board of Supervisors. The members of the committee are Judith Anderson, Charlotte Berk, Nancy Yoshihara Mayeda and Robert Sunderland. Chief Deputy City Attorney Thomas Toomey is also on the committee as legal advisor.

Special thanks to the graphic arts people at Opus Group, 725 Filbert St., for designing our covers for the past five years.

The printer was Gazette Press, Inc.

** RIGHTS OF THE PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED VOTER  
(Election Code Section 14234) 

14234. Assistance to voter.

When a voter declares under oath, administered by any member of the precinct board at the time the voter appears at the polling place to vote, that the voter is then unable to mark a ballot, the voter shall receive the assistance of not more than two persons selected by the voter.

No person assisting a voter shall divulge any information regarding the marking of the ballot.

In those polling places which do not meet the requirements specified by the State Architect for accessibility by the physically handicapped, a physically handicapped person may appear outside the polling place and vote a regular ballot. Such person may vote the ballot in a place which is as near as possible to the polling place and which is accessible to the physically handicapped. A precinct board member shall take a regular ballot to such person, qualify such person to vote, and return the voted ballot to the polling place. In those precincts in which it is impractical to vote a regular ballot outside the polling place, absentee ballots shall be provided in sufficient numbers to accommodate physically handicapped persons who present themselves on election day. The absentee ballot shall be presented to and voted by a physically handicapped person in the same manner as a regular ballot may be voted by such person outside the polling place.
HOW TO VOTE ON THE VOTOMATIC VOTE RECORDER

SPECIAL NOTE:  如何用自動投票機
IF YOU MAKE A MISTAKE, RETURN  如有錯誤，請向助理員換取新選票
YOUR CARD AND GET ANOTHER.  

Nota: Si hace algún error, devuelva su tarjeta de votar y obtenga otra.

STEP 1  用手
INSERT THE BALLOT CARD ALL THE  使用雙手，將選票完整的插入選票機內。
WAY INTO THE VOTOMATIC.

B 第一步

STEP 2  用手
BE SURE THE TWO SLOTS IN THE  請確認選票插入時，票尾之二孔，接
STUB OF YOUR CARD FIT DOWN  合於二紅點之上。
OVER THE TWO RED PINS.

C 第二步

STEP 3  用手
HOLD PUNCH VERTICAL (STRAIGHT  請把選票插入時，由小孔垂直插入
UP). PUNCH STRAIGHT DOWN  打孔投票。
THROUGH THE BALLOT CARD TO  
INDICATE YOUR CHOICE. DO NOT  
USE PEN OR PENCIL.

D 第三步

STEP 4  用手
AFTER VOTING, WITHDRAW THE BALLOT CARD AND PLACE IT INSIDE THE  為本
ENVELOPE POCKET, WITH THE STUB SHOWING.

E 第四步

Disclaimer: This text is a translation of the instructions for using the VOTOMATIC vote recorder. The original text is in Spanish and English. The translation may not be 100% accurate and should be used as a reference only.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MEASURES SUBMITTED TO VOTE OF VOTERS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PROPOSITION A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provides for the election of members of the Board of Supervisors at large rather than by district.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

YES 8 →

NO 10 →

END OF BALLOT
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A 提案</th>
<th>PROPOSICION A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>規定市議員應以普選選出，而不以分區方式選出。</td>
<td>Permite la elección de los de la Junta de Supervisores de una forma general para toda la Ciudad y Condado de San Francisco, en vez de por distritos.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
PUNCH OUT BALLOT CARD ONLY WITH PUNCHING DEVICE ATTACHED TO VOTE RECORDER; NEVER WITH PEN OR PENCIL.

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS:

To vote on any measure, punch the ballot card in the hole at the point of the arrow after the "YES" or after the word "NO". All distinguishing marks or erasures are forbidden and make the ballot void.

If you wrongly punch, tear, or deface the ballot card, or tear or deface the Write-in Ballot Envelope, return it to the precinct board member and obtain another.

PERFORE LA TARETA DE VOTO UNICAMENTE CON EI PicaDO ATADO EN LA CUERDA AL REGISTRADOR:
NO USE PLUMA NI LAPIZ.

INSTRUCCIONES A LOS VOTANTES:

Para votar sobre cualquier medida, perfure la balota en el circulo que señala la flecha despues de la palabra "SI" o despues de la palabra "NO".

Todas las marcas o borraduras estan prohibidas e invalidan el voto. Si usted equivocadamente perfura, rompe o estropea la balota, o rompe o estropea el sobre, devuelvala al miembro del consejo del precinto y obtenga otra.

選民須知:

投票時只可使用附於選票上的打孔器，絕不可用鋼筆或鉛筆。選票上若有書寫或刮痕，即屬無效。

如果你誤打或弄破了，可交回選舉員，另索取一張選票。

TO START YOUR VOTING GO TO NEXT PAGE

PARA COMENZAR A VOTAR DE VUELTA A LA PROXIMA PAGINA
YOUR RIGHTS AS A VOTER
by Ballot Simplification Committee

Q—Who can vote?
A—You can vote at this election only if you registered to vote by July 21, 1980.

Q—Who can register to vote?
A—You can register to vote if you:
  • are at least 18 years of age on election day
  • are a citizen of the United States.
  • are a resident of California, and
  • are not imprisoned or on parole for the conviction of a felony.

Q—How do I register?
A—Phone the Registrar of Voters at 558-3417

Q—Once I have signed up, do I have to do it again?
A—Yes, if:
  • you have moved and/or
  • you did not vote in the last General Election (The last General Election was November 7, 1978.).

Q—If I have been convicted of a crime, can I sign up to vote?
A—Yes, if you have served your sentence and parole.

Q—What districts are there in San Francisco?
A—San Francisco has 11 Supervisorial Districts.

Q—How can I tell which district I live in?
A—You can call the Registrar of Voters at 558-3417.

Q—Where do I go to vote?
A—Your voting place is printed next to your name and address on the back cover of this Voters handbook.

Q—If I don’t know what to do when I get to my voting place, is there someone there to help me?
A—Yes. The workers at the voting place will help you. If they can’t help you, call 558-3061.

Q—When do I vote?
A—The election will be Tuesday, August 19, 1980. Your voting place is open from 7 A.M. to 8 P.M. that day.

Q—What do I do if my voting place is not open?
A—Call 558-6161.

Q—Can I have someone help me in the voting booth if I need help?
A—Yes, if you are a handicapped person, or if you have language difficulties.

Q—What do I do if I cannot work the voting machine?
A—Ask the workers and they will help you.

Q—Can a worker at the voting place ask me to take any test?
A—No.

Q—Can I vote if I know I will be away from San Francisco on election day?
A—Yes. You can vote early by:
  • going to the Registrar of Voters office in City Hall and voting there or
  • mailing in the application sent with this voters’ handbook (page 23).

Q—What can I do if I do not have an application form?
A—You can send a letter or postcard asking for an absentee ballot. This letter or postcard should be sent to the Registrar of Voters, City Hall, San Francisco 94102.

Q—What do I say when I ask for an absentee ballot?
A—You must write:
  • that you need to vote early
  • your address when you signed up to vote
  • the address where you want the ballot mailed
  • then sign your name. and also print your name underneath.

Q—When do I mail my absentee ballot back to the Registrar of Voters?
A—You can mail your absentee ballot back to the Registrar of Voters as soon as you want. You must be sure your absentee ballot gets to the Registrar of Voters by 8 P.M. on election day, August 19, 1980.

Q—What do I do if I am sick on election day?
A—Call 558-6161 for information.

IF YOU HAVE OTHER QUESTIONS ON VOTING CALL THE REGISTRAR OF VOTERS AT 558-3417
WORDS YOU NEED TO KNOW for THIS SPECIAL ELECTION
by Ballot Simplification Committee

ABSENTEE BALLOT—If you are going to be away on election day, or if you cannot get to the place where you vote because you are physically disabled, you can get a special ballot to fill out. This ballot is called an absentee ballot. You get this ballot from the Registrar of Voters at City Hall. See page 23.

CHARTER AMENDMENT—The charter is the basic set of laws for the city government. A charter amendment changes one of those basic laws. It takes a vote of the people to change the charter. It cannot be changed again without another vote of the people.

CHALLENGE—Any citizen can ask an officer at the polling place to challenge any voter if the citizen thinks the voter does not live at the address given on the registration form.

INITIATIVE—This is a way for voters to put a proposition on the ballot for people to vote on. The Initiative Charter Amendment on this ballot was put there by getting 22,547 qualified voters to sign petitions.

PETITION—A list of signatures of voters who agree that a certain idea or question should be on the ballot.

POLLING PLACE—The place where you go to vote.

PROPOSITION—This means anything that you vote on except candidates. If it deals with city government, it will have a letter—such as “Proposition A”.

SUPERVISORS—The Board of Supervisors makes the laws for San Francisco, and approves all money spent by the city government. The Board of Supervisors adopts the city budget and sets the city tax rate. The Supervisors do not control the budgets of the Community College or the School District. The Supervisors can put propositions on the ballot for people to vote on. Supervisors are paid $9,600 per year.

OOPS!
Sometimes we make mistakes but when we do, we admit it:
With all the items that go into this pamphlet, it's possible we may have missed something or even made a mistake. If we did, we will publish a correction notice in the three local papers just before election day. Watch for our ad:

AUGUST 17, 18 & 19
S.F. Chronicle, Examiner & Progress
(Look under "official advertising" or "Legal Notices")
SUPERVISORS ELECTED AT LARGE

PROPOSITION A
Provides for the election of members of the Board of Supervisors at large rather than by district.

Analysis
By Ballot Simplification Committee

THE WAY IT IS NOW: Since 1976 the members of the Board of Supervisors have been elected by district. There are eleven districts in San Francisco (as shown on map). Voters in each district elect one Supervisor who must live in that district. Supervisors are elected for four year terms and run for election in November of odd-numbered years.

Supervisors would be elected for four year terms and would run for election in November of even-numbered years.

A YES VOTE MEANS: If you vote yes, you want the Board of Supervisors to be elected by the voters of the entire city and not by district.

A NO VOTE MEANS: If you vote no, you want the Board of Supervisors to continue to be elected by district.

THE PROPOSAL: Proposition A would repeal district election of Supervisors. All eleven supervisors would be elected by the entire city. They would have to live in the city but not in any particular area.

Controller's Statement on "A"

City Controller John C. Farrell has issued the following statement on the fiscal impact of Proposition A:

"Should the initiative Charter Amendment be passed by the electorate, it is my opinion that it would not, of itself, materially affect the cost of government."

Workers are needed at the polls in many San Francisco neighborhoods. Apply now in room 155, City Hall

Se necesitan trabajadores en las urnas electorales de muchos barrios en San Francisco. Presentese ahora en el cuarto 155 del City Hall.

徵聘雙重語言人員
在選舉站協助選舉
薪酬三十二元五毛或以上
請即向市政廳一五五號室申請
SUPERVISORS ELECTED AT LARGE

ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION A

YES ON “A”
It's time to Pick Up the Pieces and Put San Francisco Back Together Again

For the past four years San Francisco has been a divided city.

Until 1976 every San Francisco voter had the right to participate in the election of all eleven members of the Board of Supervisors. Now we have the right to vote on one member of the Board every four years.

The supporters of district elections promised that supervisors would be more representative, that it would cost less to run for the board, and that most city problems would be solved if only supervisors were elected by districts.

Let's look at what has happened since we have had district elections:

- Instead of being more representative, the supervisors have tried to become well-paid, full-time politicians;
- Instead of reducing the cost of running for office, they have made it more costly. In fact, Supervisors Bardin and Britt each spent more than $90,000 to get elected from a district;
- Instead of solving City problems, they have spent their time trying to raise taxes, playing political games, and wrangling over things they can't affect anyway, such as the civil war in Nicaragua.

We need supervisors who really represent our interests. Do Supervisors Walker, Bardin, Silver and Britt really represent your thinking? If not, there isn't much you can do about it because now you only get one chance every four years to vote for one supervisor.

Proposition A offers us a chance to reunite San Francisco ... to pick up the pieces and put the City back together again.

It will allow you once again to have a say in electing all eleven supervisors -- and that's important because they all vote on your taxes and on the issues that are important to every citizen of San Francisco.

So please vote on August 19 — and please vote YES on Proposition A.

Committee to Reunite San Francisco
Terry A. Francois

ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION A

Vote YES ON “A”! This is a simple issue! A YES vote means you get back ALL ELEVEN of your supervisorial votes!

You can then participate again in the selection of ALL ELEVEN of the City's Supervisors, rather than one chance to vote for one Supervisor every FOUR YEARS!

Vote YES ON “A” if you want all eleven Supervisors to be directly accountable to YOU, and need YOUR vote to be elected!

Are you tired of hearing: “See your own Supervisor; you don’t live in my District?”

We have given the District system a fair trial. It has proven to be divisive and disastrous! We need a Board with an acceptable level of economic common sense and courtesy. While some Supervisors are doing an excellent job, a significant number of the present members have proven to be totally incompetent Socialist radicals who violently oppose our free enterprise system of Government. They are obviously unqualified to frugally manage the affairs of our BILLION dollar a year Corporation effectively. They just don't know how.

Instead of devoting their maximum efforts towards solving the outrageous DIRECT COSTS of Muni's operations, ($1.50 per ride!), skyrocketing sewer service charges, a desperate housing shortage, a local tax cost of $2.256.00 PER CAPITA. (Triple that of 1967!), local minority unemployment, and the development of thoughtful priorities in the spending of our stunning $1.08 BILLION dollar budget, they drone on, arguing about stop signs in their neighborhoods, legalizing marijuana, or whether we should withhold military aid to Nicaragua!

Vote YES ON “A”, then let's add some economically sophisticated, knowledgeable, dedicated candidates to dramatically upgrade the caliber of Supervisors taking office next January!

They must have CITYWIDE support and respect, combined with talent and wisdom, and a deep concern for the prosperity and well being of ALL San Franciscans, in ALL districts, irrespective of age, race, color, creed, or sexual orientation.

Where Supervisors choose to sleep at night is totally irrelevant! It's performance that counts!

Get ALL ELEVEN of your Supervisorial votes back with a YES vote on “A”!

San Francisco Taxpayers Association
Bill O’Keefe, Sr., President

Arguments printed on this page are the opinions of the authors and have not been checked for accuracy by any official agency.
ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION A

What Happened to Minority Rights?

The supporters of district elections, made a lot of promises about better representation for minorities, especially for the Chinese and Latino citizens of San Francisco.

What happened? There are no members of either of these important communities on the Board of Supervisors today and, even worse! their influence on the people who do serve on the Board has been almost completely wiped out by the district election system.

When we had at-large elections, we all had a chance to vote, for eleven supervisors. All eleven supervisors had to pay attention to us.

Under the present system! we only get one vote on one supervisor and the other ten supervisors don’t even care what we think.

District elections was another phony promise that watered down the influence of minorities and left us out of the picture.

A YES vote on Proposition A will help reunite the City and give us all a voice in City Hall.

George Y. Chinn
Former Supervisor

ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION A

Let’s Vote Together Again!

Minorities, particularly blacks, were taken in by district elections.

Our limited voting strength was divided, cut up into eleven feeble segments. Now most Supervisors can ignore us with impunity.

Let’s get smart. Let’s stop being tools of politically ambitious activists. Let’s use our citywide combined voting strength to influence all the Supervisors.

Vote Yes on Proposition ‘A’

Percy Corke
Hadie Redd

ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION A

Argument Against District Elections

The present system of electing Supervisors in San Francisco by district elections is Undemocratic and Unamerican and should be changed.

Every person seeking to be a Supervisor of San Francisco should be required to present his respective qualifications to the entire San Francisco electorate, the whole body of persons entitled to vote.

Without the right to vote by the electorate for all persons seeking to be a supervisor in this City, San Franciscans are subjected to TAXATION AND REGULATORY LAWS WITHOUT REPRESENTATION AND ARE DEPRIVED OF THEIR RIGHT TO CHOOSE WHO WILL BE THEIR SUPERVISORS.

STOP THIS UNDEMOCRATIC SYSTEM OF DISTRICT ELECTIONS.
STOP THIS UNAMERICAN SYSTEM OF DISTRICT ELECTIONS.
VOTE YES, FOR AMERICA.
VOTE YES, FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
VOTE YES, FOR FREEDOM OF CHOICE.
VOTE YES, FOR THE DEMOCRATIC WAY.
VOTE YES, FOR THE AMERICAN WAY.

Ralph Leon Isaac, President
San Francisco Downtown Market Street Improvement Association
ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION A

End unfair representation. Twice the votes are cast within District Ten (Sunset) as within District Seven (below Market). Republican leaders support Proposition "A":

Terence Faulkner (Republican Committeeman)
Max Woods (Republican Committeeman)
Donald Donaldson (Republican Committeeman)
Tom Spinosa (Congressional nominee)

ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION A

Vote "Yes"
Don't be impressed by prominent names and groups opposing "A".
Most of the groups and many of these people in one way or another have their finger in the big pie. Billions of dollars and hundreds of high salaried jobs are at stake.
They cannot afford to shake up the machine.
Vote "Yes"
Retired Supervisor
John Barbagelata

ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION A

Vote "YES".
Get the right to vote for all eleven Supervisors.
Unless supporters vote and voter fraud is minimized, it won't pass!
Section 29610, Election Code: Any person who attempts to commit fraud, who aids or attempts to aid or abet fraud, in connection with any vote cast or to be cast is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for 16 months or two to three years.
D.A. Smith has promised strict enforcement of all election laws.
Report instances of possible fraud to the District Attorney (553-1752) or Registrar (558-3417).

John Barbagelata

ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION A

Vote "YES".
Believe it or not, a powerful coalition of radical groups (socialists/communists) almost completely controls your Supervisors. Until recently the most prominent group in the coalition was the People's Temple.
The coalition is expert in voter fraud. It is the most powerful coalition in the City and manipulates the Supervisors like puppets.

Under the present system, which it promoted, it is now almost impossible to be elected Supervisor without its support.
For all practical purposes it controls billions in City funds, and like it or not, it indirectly sets most of City policies and laws.

John Barbagelata
Retired Supervisor.
SUPERVISORS ELECTED AT LARGE

ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION A

Let's get on with the business of governing the city.

VOTE NO! NO! NO!

Supervisors:
Doris M. Ward
Nancy G. Walker
Carol Ruth Silver
Harry Britt
John Bardin

ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION A

Vote No on Tuesday, August 19th

With City departments facing budget cuts and the spectre of library and firehouse closings facing us, a small special-interest group has forced yet another summer special election on the City, costing us over $500,000. The people behind Proposition A are the sore losers who can't accept the verdict of the voters, expressed in 1976 and re-affirmed by a margin of over 25,000 votes in 1977. How many times must we vote on this issue? Why is it necessary to spend our scarce tax dollars on another special election? One thing is clear — the interests that put Proposition A on the ballot didn't mind wasting your money when they controlled the Board, and they don't mind wasting it now!

Proposition A Means Chaos

If A passes, chaos will follow. It would force all eleven Supervisors, including those elected just eight months ago, to run again in November. Perpetual election campaigns are good for printers and button-makers, but the people are being short changed. There is serious work for our legislators to do, and they can't do their jobs with the very system of government under constant attack.

No Need to Change

District elections are working. Relations between the Mayor and the Board are more harmonious than they have been in years. The City's affairs are more closely scrutinized than ever before. Fiscal policy is more tightly and responsibly controlled. Since the first district Board was elected in 1977, not one general obligation bond has been placed before the voters, which means we're finally living within our means.

Neighborhoods Need Representation

The people who want a return to at-large elections, to the days of special interest, checkbook politics, when only big contributors had a dominant role at City Hall, are selling us a bill of goods. The people of San Francisco's neighborhoods finally have a voice and some control over the way their tax dollars are spent. Let's keep that control.

Jack Webb, Chairperson
San Franciscans for District Elections-80

ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION A

District elections move the process of government closer to the people by providing citizens with direct access to their supervisors. To repeal District Elections is to deprive San Franciscans of this fundamental right of direct representation.

VOTE NO ON PROPOSITION A.

Arguments printed on this page are the opinions of the authors and have not been checked for accuracy by any official agency.
SUPervisors Elected at Large

ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION A

Twice in the past four years, the voters of San Francisco have said emphatically that they want district elections. Their mandate left no room for doubt or quibble.

Our short experience with district representation shows plainly that it has done what it was supposed to do. It broke the “downtown” stranglehold on the Board of Supervisors. It broke the direct link between big money and political power in San Francisco.

It has distributed political power fairly and equitably among the city's districts. It has made the supervisors more accessible, more responsive as it was supposed to do. It has given new voices to minorities, to neighborhood groups that had seldom before been heard in City Hall.

In the light of this record, the proponents of this proposition stand out clearly as disappointed officeholders and frustrated power-grabbers, irresponsible, insensitive to the waste of hard-earned tax money, anxious only to reopen the flow of contributions from Montgomery street to the supervisors' chambers.

We urge you to vote NO. Keep political power in your hands. Say NO one more time.

Timothy Twomey, President
San Francisco Labor Council
John F. Crowley, Secretary-Treasurer
San Francisco Labor Council

ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION A

Save District Elections and your neighborhood’s voice in City Government.

City-wide election of Supervisors (Proposition A) is designed to mislead, deceive and distort representative government in San Francisco. For the first time in the history of San Francisco, Supervisors would be elected in the middle of a Presidential campaign — bringing partisan politics into non-partisan races.

Keep non-partisan local elections on a District Basis. Save District Elections and preserve your neighborhood’s voice in City Government. Vote NO on Proposition A Tuesday, August 19th.

David Scott

ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION A

We support District Election of Supervisors for fair representation of all neighborhoods.

Vote No on A.

San Francisco Tomorrow

ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION A

District elections allow for better citizen representation in city government. We strongly support district elections. Vote NO on Proposition A.

Democratic Workers Party/Grass Roots Alliance Joint Council

Arguments printed on this page are the opinions of the authors and have not been checked for accuracy by any official agency.
ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION A

Richmond residents deserve responsive, neighborhood supervisors. Support district elections. No on A.

ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION A

Vote No on A

Hon. Philip Burton
Hon. John Burton
Hon. Dianne Feinstein
Hon. Art Agnos
Hon. Willie Brown
Hon. Harry Britt
Hon. John Barzis
Hon. Naima Walker
Hon. John Molinaro
Hon. Louise Renne
Hon. Doris Ward
Hon. Ella Hutch
Hon. Don Horanzy
Hon. Carol Silver
Liza Albert
Jule Anderson
Dennis & Marjorie Anenore
Eileen Adams
Louise Adams
Arnold Adam
Priscilla Alexander
Cynthia Anderson
Tom Ammiano
Paula Baugh
Miguel Barquera
Diana Bilosky
Al Borece
Susan Brier
Robert Bums, Jr.
Andrew Butler
Norman Berryessa
Carl Blesko
Leon Braschera
Roger Bernhardt
Mary Burns
Chelse Blevins
Barbara Bogot
Bruce Benett
Roger Borgenicht
Jacqueline Bradford
Richard Brown
Margaret Bean
Eddie Baca
Buck Bagot
Helen Bean
Susan Bierman
Dana Block
Dian Blomquist
Dave Brigode
Gordon Brownell
Alison Brennan
Dale Butler
Norman Burns
Tom Collins
Ed Crocker
Gwen Craig
Earl Chase
Ezra Coleman
Leland Cole-Chu
Vincent Courtenay
Fanny Chon
Ina Dearman
Don Dister
Fred Danielson
Mark Davelos
Robert Dutra
Michele Desor
Anna Darden
Jack Davis
Terry Downe
Debra Dempsey
Ed Dunn
Rodger Dillon
Rosemary DeGregorio
Dan Dowling
Edward de la Cruz
Ann Dewbury
Estella Dooley
Kate Esposito
John Eberling
James Elliot
Douglas Engmann
Judy Forberg
Pam Fitcher
Frank Fitch
Helen Fama
Paula Fisc
Rev. Bernard Fosson
James Ferguson
Eugene Coleman
Othella Childs
Marie Claiby
Darryl Cox
Rene & Sylvie Cazenave
Eric Craven
James & Ruth Gravani
Molly Gold
Audrey Grossman
Rick Greenpan
Gabriel Guzman
Lanson Gieselman
James Haas
Len Heinz
Denise & Warren Hinckle
Ron Huberman
Michael Harney
Laura Holland
Jeanne Humes
Anthony Hood
Rich Hayes
Sue Heitor
Patricia Henetz
Yvette Haas
Carl Imparato

ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION A

Vote No on A

Larry Moore
Jo Molloy
Wayne Moore
Fred McCarthy
Arthur Morris
Sat Main
Paul Muntz
Charlene Mauzine
Robert McDonnell
Patrick Nolan
Donald Neustold
Clemente Ojibeg
Arthur O'Flanagan
Alan Raznick
Karen Revis
Sherry Reson
Ellen Roberts
Richard Ross
Carl Rush
Norman Rolfe
Mabel Schine
Charles Starbright
Becky Stewert
Randall Stalings
Mary Sweeney
Richard Schlachman
Eleanor Spikes
Paul Schultz
Gwen Thompson
Arnold Townsend
Mary Valt
Dick Van Aggelen
Joel Ventress
Pat Voulgaris
Linda Weiner
Karen Werner
Nancy White
Linda Wals
Tony Wada
Maureen O'Connor
Audrey Gilhine
John O'Brien
Kay & John Pachter
Walter Park
Bradford Paul
Robert Peabody
Gina Pennestri
Pamela Pinto
Linda Post
Jim Queen
Jim Rivaldo
Jane Rowe
Lawrence Schrum
Leiiled Sanford
David Scott
Peter Stern
Daniel Sonkin
Jerry Schwartz
Kenneth Student
Stanley Shields
Kevin Shelley
Scott Smith
Regina Smith
Mike Steenberg
Nanci Strum

Jeffrey Wachtel
Glen Woodard
Albert Wafa
Charlie Wambke
Calvin & Michelle Welch
Yvette Williams
Hank Wilson
Ronald Wolf
Timothy Wolfram
Caron Wyland
Dorothy Yee
Barbara Young
Don & Vicki Zeigler

Arguments printed on this page are the opinions of the authors and have not been checked for accuracy by any official agency.
NOTE: Additions or substitutions are indicated by **bold-face type**; deletions are indicated by ((double parentheses)).

2.100 Composition and Salary; ((Districts.))

The board of supervisors shall consist of eleven members elected at large ((by districts)). Each member of the board shall be paid a salary of ninety-six hundred dollars ($9,600) per year and each shall execute an official bond to the city and county in the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000).

((The city and county is hereby divided into eleven supervisorial districts as hereinafter set forth, and, commencing with the general municipal election in 1977, and continuing thereafter until new districts are established as hereinafter set forth, such districts shall be used for the election or recall of the members of the board of supervisors, and for filling any vacancy in the office of member of the board of supervisors by appointment. Upon the establishment of new districts as hereinafter provided such new districts shall be used for the aforesaid purposes; provided, however, that no change in the boundary or location of any district by redistricting as herein provided shall operate to abolish or terminate the term of office of any member of the board of supervisors prior to the expiration of the term of office for which such member was elected or appointed. The eleven supervisorial districts, as established herein, shall be bounded and described as follows:

((FIRST SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT, shall comprise all of that portion of the city and county commencing at the point of intersection of the shoreline of the Pacific Ocean and a straight-line extension of Fulton Street; thence easterly along Fulton Street to Stanyan Street; thence northerly along Stanyan Street to Geary Boulevard; thence westerly along Geary Boulevard to Arguello Boulevard; thence northerly along Arguello Boulevard to its point of intersection with the southern boundary of the Presidio United States Military Reservation; thence westerly and southerly along said shoreline to the point of commencement. Unless specifically designated to the contrary, all references to streets, and boulevards contained in the foregoing description shall refer to the center lines of said streets and boulevards, respectively.

(SECOND SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT, shall comprise all of that portion of the city and county commencing at the point of intersection of the shoreline of San Francisco Bay and the southern and southwestern boundary of the Presidio United States Military Reservation; thence southeasterly and easterly along said boundary to the point of intersection with Arguello Boulevard; thence southerly along Arguello Boulevard to Geary Boulevard; thence easterly along Geary Boulevard to Stanyan Street; thence southerly along Stanyan Street to Fulton Street; thence easterly along Fulton Street to Masonic Avenue; thence northerly along Masonic Avenue to Turk Street; thence easterly along Turk Street to St. Joseph's Avenue; thence northerly and northwesterly along St. Joseph's Avenue to Geary Boulevard; thence westerly along Geary Boulevard to Presidio Avenue; thence northerly along Presidio Avenue to California Street; thence easterly along California Street to Van Ness Avenue; thence northerly along Van Ness Avenue to Filbert Street; thence easterly along Filbert Street to Leavenworth Street; thence northerly along Leavenworth Street and a northerly straight-line extension thereof to the point of intersection with the shoreline of San Francisco Bay; thence generally westerly and southerly along said shoreline to the point of commencement. Unless specifically designated to the contrary, all references to streets, boulevards and avenues contained in the foregoing description shall refer to the center line of said streets, boulevards and avenues, respectively.

(THIRD SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT, shall comprise all of that portion of the city and county commencing at the point of intersection of a northerly straight-line extension of Leavenworth Street and the shoreline of San Francisco Bay; thence easterly and southerly along said shoreline to the point of intersection with Broadway and an easterly straight-line extension thereof and including all piers north of said intersection; thence westerly along Broadway to Front Street; thence southerly along Front Street to Jackson Street; thence westerly along Jackson Street to Battery Street; thence southerly along Battery Street to Market Street; thence southwesterly along Market Street to Sutter Street; thence westerly along Sutter Street to Powell Street; thence southerly along Powell Street to Post Street; thence westerly along Post Street to Leavenworth Street; thence northerly along Leavenworth Street to California Street; thence westerly along California Street to Van Ness Avenue; thence northerly along Van Ness Avenue to Filbert Street;
thence easterly along Filbert Street to Leavenworth Street; thence northerly along Leavenworth Street to the point of commencement. Unless specifically designated to the contrary, all references to streets, avenues, and ways contained in the foregoing description shall refer to the center lines of said streets, avenues and ways, respectively.

(FOURTH SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT) shall comprise all of that portion of the city and county commencing at the center point of the intersection of Fulton Street and Masonic Avenue; thence northerly along Masonic Avenue to Turk Street; thence easterly along Turk Street to St. Joseph's Avenue; thence northerly and northwesterly along St. Joseph's Avenue to Geary Boulevard; thence westerly along Geary Boulevard to Presidio Avenue; thence northerly along Presidio Avenue to California Street; thence easterly along California Street to Leavenworth Street; thence southerly along Leavenworth Street to Ellis Street; thence easterly along Ellis Street to Jones Street; thence southerly along Jones Street to Market Street; thence southwesterly along Market Street to Waller Street; thence westerly along Waller Street to Divisadero Street; thence northerly along Divisadero Street to Oak Street; thence westerly along Oak Street to Baker Street; thence northerly along Baker Street to Fulton Street; thence westerly along Fulton Street to the point of commencement. Unless specifically designated to the contrary, all references to streets, drives, boulevards and avenues contained in the foregoing description shall refer to the center line of said streets, drives, boulevards and avenues, respectively.

(SIXTH SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT) shall comprise all of that portion of the city and county commencing at the center point of the intersection of Church Street and Market Street; thence northeasterly along Market Street to Seventh Street; thence southeasterly along Seventh Street to Townsend Street; thence southwesterly along Townsend Street to Division Street; thence westerly along Division Street to the center line of the James Lick Freeway (State Route 101); thence generally southerly along the center line of the James Lick Freeway (State Route 101) to the point of intersection with a northeasterly straight-line extension of Peralta Avenue; thence southwesterly along said extension and Peralta Avenue to Mullen Avenue; thence westerly along Mullen Avenue to Alabama Street; thence northerly along Alabama Street to Precita Avenue; thence westerly along Precita Avenue to Bessie Street; thence westerly along Bessie Street to Mirabel Avenue; then westerly along Mirabel Avenue to Coso Street; thence northerly along Coso Street to Precita Avenue; thence westerly along Precita Avenue to Mission Street; thence southwesterly along Mission Street to Randall Street; thence westerly along Randall Street to San Jose Avenue; thence northerly along San Jose Avenue to Third Street; thence westerly along Third Street to Church Street; thence northerly along Church Street to the point of commencement. Unless specifically designated to the contrary, all references to streets and avenues in the foregoing description shall refer to the center line of said streets and avenues, respectively.

(SEVENTH SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT) shall comprise all of that portion of the city and county commencing at the center point of intersection of Seventh Street and Market Street; thence northeasterly along Market Street to Jones Street; thence northerly along Jones Street to Ellis Street; thence westerly along Ellis Street to Leavenworth Street; thence northerly along Leavenworth Street to Post Street; thence easterly along Post Street to Powell Street; thence northerly along Powell Street to Sutter Street; thence easterly along Sutter Street to Market Street; thence northeasterly along Market Street to Battery Street; thence northerly along Battery Street to Jackson Street; thence easterly along Jackson Street to Front Street; thence northerly along Front Street to Broad-
way; thence easterly along Broadway and an easterly straight-line extension thereof to the point of intersection with the shoreline of San Francisco Bay; thence generally southerly along said shoreline to the southern boundary of the city and county, and including all piers and crews of vessels; thence along the southern boundary of the city and county to the point of intersection with the center line of the James Lick Freeway (State Route 101); thence generally northerly along the center line of the James Lick Freeway (State Route 101) to the intersection of Division Street; thence easterly along Division Street to Townsend Street; thence northeasterly along Townsend Street to Seventh Street; thence northeasterly along Townsend Street to Seventh Street; thence northerly along Seventh Street to the point of commencement. Unless specifically designated to the contrary, all references to streets and ways contained in the foregoing description shall refer to the center line of said streets and ways, respectively.

(EIGHT SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT, shall comprise all of that portion of the city and county commencing at the intersection of the southern boundary of the city and county and the center line of the James Lick Freeway (State Route 101); thence generally northerly along the center line of the James Lick Freeway (State Route 101) to the interchange with the Southern Freeway (Interstate Route 280) and along the center line thereof to the center line of the Southern Freeway (Interstate Route 280); thence generally westerly and southerly along the center line of the Southern Freeway (Interstate Route 280) to the intersection with the southern boundary of the city and county; thence easterly along said boundary to the point of commencement.

(NINTH SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT, shall comprise all of that portion of the city and county commencing at the intersection of the southern boundary of the city and county and the center line of Junipero Serra Boulevard; thence northerly along Junipero Serra Boulevard to Holloway Avenue; thence easterly along Holloway Avenue to Ashton Avenue; thence northerly along Ashton to Ocean Avenue; thence northerly along Ocean Avenue to Keystone Way; thence northerly along Keystone Way to Kenwood Way; thence northeasterly along Kenwood Way to Upland Drive; thence westerly along Upland Drive to North Gate Drive; thence northerly along North Gate Drive to Monterey Boulevard; thence northerly across Monterey Boulevard to El Verano Way and northerly along El Verano Way to Fernwood Drive; thence northerly along Fernwood Drive to Brentwood Avenue; thence northeasterly along Brentwood Avenue to Yerba Buena Avenue; thence northwesterly along Yerba Buena Avenue to Casitas Avenue; thence northerly along Casitas Avenue to Ludlow Avenue; thence northerly along Ludlow Avenue to Juana Way; thence northeasterly along Juana Way to Evelyn Way; thence easterly along Evelyn Way to O'Shaughnessy Boulevard; thence southeasterly along O'Shaughnessy Boulevard to the center point of the southernmost intersection with Del Valle Avenue; thence following a straight-line extension of Del Valle Avenue northeasterly across Glen Canyon Park to the center point of the intersection of Gold Mine Drive and Diamond Heights Boulevard; thence southeasterly along Diamond Heights Boulevard to Diamond Street; thence northerly along Diamond Street to Twenty-ninth Street; thence easterly along Twenty-ninth Street to Castro Street; thence southerly along Castro Street to Thirtieth Street; thence easterly along Thirtieth Street to San Jose Avenue; thence southwesterly along San Jose Avenue to Randall Street; thence easterly along Randall Street to Mission Street; thence northeasterly along Mission Street to Precita Avenue; thence easterly along Precita Avenue to Coso Street; thence southeasterly along Coso Street to Mirabel Avenue; thence easterly along Mirabel Avenue to Bessie Street; thence easterly along Bessie Street to Precita Avenue; thence easterly along Precita Avenue to Alabama Street; thence southerly along Alabama Street to Mullen Avenue; thence easterly along Mullen Avenue to Peralta Avenue; thence northeasterly along Peralta Avenue and a straight-line extension thereof to the intersection of the center line of the James Lick Freeway (State Route 101); thence generally southerly along the center line of the James Lick Freeway (State Route 101) to the interchange with the Southern Freeway (Interstate Route 280) along the center line thereof to the center line of the Southern Freeway (Interstate Route 280); thence generally westerly and southerly along the center line of the Southern Freeway (Interstate Route 280) to the intersection with the southern boundary of the city and county; thence westerly along said boundary to the point of commencement. Unless specifically designated to the contrary, all references to streets, boulevards, avenues, ways and drives contained in the foregoing description shall refer to the center line of said street, boulevard, avenue, way and drive, respectively.

(TENTH SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT, shall comprise all of that portion of the city and county commencing at the intersection of the southern boundary of the city and county and the center line of Junipero Serra Boulevard; thence northerly along Junipero Serra Boulevard to Holloway Avenue; thence easterly along Holloway Avenue to Ashton Avenue; thence northerly along Ashton to Ocean Avenue; thence northwesterly along Ocean Avenue to Keystone Way; thence northerly along Keystone Way to Kenwood Way; thence northeasterly along Kenwood Way to Upland Drive; thence westerly along Upland Drive to North Gate Drive; thence northerly along North Gate Drive to Monterey Boulevard; thence northerly across Monterey Boulevard to El Verano Way and northerly along El Verano Way to Fernwood Drive; thence northerly along Fernwood Drive to Brentwood Avenue; thence northeasterly along Brentwood Avenue to Yerba Buena Avenue; thence northwesterly along Yerba Buena Avenue to Casitas Avenue; thence northerly along Casitas Avenue to Ludlow Avenue; thence northerly along Ludlow Avenue to Juana Way; thence northeasterly along Juana Way to Evelyn Way; thence easterly along Evelyn Way to O'Shaughnessy Boulevard; thence southeasterly along O'Shaughnessy Boulevard to the center point of the southernmost intersection with Del Valle Avenue; thence following a straight-line extension of Del Valle Avenue northeasterly across Glen Canyon Park to the center point of the intersection of Gold Mine Drive and Diamond Heights Boulevard; thence southeasterly along Diamond Heights Boulevard to Diamond Street; thence northerly along Diamond Street to Twenty-ninth Street; thence easterly along Twenty-ninth Street to Castro Street; thence southerly along Castro Street to Thirtieth Street; thence easterly along Thirtieth Street to San Jose Avenue; thence southwesterly along San Jose Avenue to Randall Street; thence easterly along Randall Street to Mission Street; thence northeasterly along Mission Street to Precita Avenue; thence easterly along Precita Avenue to Coso Street; thence southeasterly along Coso Street to Mirabel Avenue; thence easterly along Mirabel Avenue to Bessie Street; thence easterly along Bessie Street to Precita Avenue; thence easterly along Precita Avenue to Alabama Street; thence southerly along Alabama Street to Mullen Avenue; thence easterly along Mullen Avenue to Peralta Avenue; thence northeasterly along Peralta Avenue and a straight-line extension thereof to the intersection of the center line of the James Lick Freeway (State Route 101); thence generally southerly along the center line of the James Lick Freeway (State Route 101) to the interchange with the Southern Freeway (Interstate Route 280) along the center line thereof to the center line of the Southern Freeway (Interstate Route 280); thence generally westerly and southerly along the center line of the Southern Freeway (Interstate Route 280) to the intersection with the southern boundary of the city and county; thence westerly along said boundary to the point of commencement. Unless specifically designated to the contrary, all references to streets, boulevards, avenues, ways and drives contained in the foregoing description shall refer to the center line of said street, boulevard, avenue, way and drive, respectively.
northerly along El Verano Way to Fernwood Drive, thence northerly along Fernwood Drive to Brentwood Avenue; thence northeasterly along Brentwood Avenue to Yerba Buena Avenue; thence northwesterly along Yerba Buena Avenue to Casitas Avenue; thence northerly along Casitas Avenue to Ludlow Avenue; thence northerly along Ludlow Avenue to Juanita Way; thence northerly along Juanita Way to Evelyn Way; thence easterly along Evelyn Way to O'Shaughnessy Boulevard; thence northwesterly along O'Shaughnessy Boulevard to the center point of the intersection of Portola Drive, O'Shaughnessy Boulevard and Woodside Avenue; thence westerly along Woodside Avenue to Laguna Honda Boulevard; thence northwesterly along Laguna Honda Boulevard; thence northwesterly along Laguna Honda Boulevard to the intersection of an easterly straight-line extension of Ortega Street; thence westerly along said extension of Ortega Street to Eighth Avenue; thence southerly along Eighth Avenue to Pacheco Street; thence northwesterly along Pacheco Street to Aerial Way; thence southwesterly along Aerial Way to Fourthteenth Avenue; thence northerly along Fourthteenth Avenue to Ortega Way; thence westerly along Ortega Way to Ortega Street; thence westerly along Ortega Street to Forty-first Avenue; thence southerly along Forty-first Avenue to Pacheco Street; thence westerly along Pacheco Street and a straight-line extension thereof to the point of intersection with the Pacific Ocean shoreline; thence southerly along said shoreline to the southern boundary of the city and county; thence easterly along said boundary to the point of commencement. Unless specifically designated to the contrary, all references to streets, boulevards, avenues, ways and drives contained in the foregoing description shall refer to the center line of said streets, boulevards, avenues, ways and drives, respectively.

((ELEVENTH SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT, shall comprise that portion of the city and county not otherwise described as constituting the first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth or tenth supervisorial districts.

((The board of supervisors shall by ordinance, adjust the boundaries of the supervisorial districts herein set forth in the year following the year in which each decennial federal census is taken, commencing with the 1980 census, as provided in the Constitution and statutes of the State of California, and subject to all the requirements therein, provided, however, that the redistricting provided for herein shall conform to the rule of one person-one vote and shall reflect communities of interest within the city and county.

((Each member of the board of supervisors, commencing with the general municipal election in November, 1977, shall be elected by the electors within a supervisorial district, and must have resided in the district in which he or she is elected for a period of not less than thirty days immediately preceding the date he or she files a declaration of candidacy for the office of supervisor, and must continue to reside therein during his or her incumbency, and upon ceasing to be such resident shall be removed from office.

((Should any provision of the amendment to this section be held invalid, the remainder of the amendment shall not be affected thereby. Should the amendments to this section not be approved by the legislature of the State of California or fail for any other reason, so that the offices of the eleven supervisors are not elected by districts at the general municipal election to be held in November, 1977, as in this section provided, then in that event the election of eleven supervisors by districts shall commence with and at the general municipal election to be held in November, 1979.))

9,100 Elective Officers and Terms

The mayor, an assessor, a district attorney, a city attorney, a sheriff, a treasurer, a public defender, ((and commencing with a special municipal election to be consolidated with direct primary in 1972.), the members of the board of education, and commencing with the general election in 1980, the members of the board of supervisors, shall be elected at large by the voters of the city and county. ((The members of the board of supervisors shall be elected by districts, as provided for in Section 2.100 of the charter.))

At the general municipal election in 1943, and at the general municipal election in every fourth year thereafter, there shall be elected a mayor, ((six supervisors),) a district attorney and a sheriff, and at the general municipal election in 1945, and at the general municipal election in every four year thereafter, there shall be elected ((five supervisors),) a city attorney and a treasurer, and at the general election in 1942, and at the general election in every fourth year thereafter, there shall be elected an assessor and a public defender. At a special municipal election to be consolidated with the direct primary in 1972 seven members of the board of education shall be elected at large. At the general election in 1980, eleven members of the board of supervisors shall be elected at large. All of the aforesaid officials, except as set forth herein, shall be elected for a term of four years, from the commencement of their respective terms as herein specified.

Notwithstanding any provisions of this section or any other section of the charter to the contrary, the respective terms of office of the members of the board of supervisors who shall hold office on the 8th day of January, 1981, shall expire at twelve o'clock noon on said date and the eleven persons elected as members of the board of supervisors at the general election in 1980 shall succeed to said offices on said 8th day of January, 1981. The respective terms of office of the members of the board of supervisors elected at the general election in 1980 shall be as follows: the six members receiving the highest number of votes respec-
tively at said election shall hold office for a term of four years; the five members receiving the next highest number of votes respectively at said election shall hold office for a term of two years. Thereafter, the term of each member elected to the board of supervisors shall be four years from the commencement of his term as herein specified.

At the general election in 1982 there shall be elected five members of the board of supervisors to succeed those members thereof whose respective terms of office expire on the 8th day of January, 1983, and at the general election in each fourth year after 1982, the successors to said five members of the board of supervisors shall be elected, and at the general election in 1984, there shall be elected six members of the board of supervisors to succeed those members thereof whose respective terms of office expire on the 8th day of January, 1985, and at the general election in each fourth year after 1984, the successors to said six members of the board of supervisors shall be elected.

The respective terms of the members of the board of education who shall hold office on the 8th day of August, 1972, shall expire at twelve o'clock noon on said day, and the persons elected as members of the board of education at a special municipal election to be consolidated with the direct primary in 1972 shall succeed to said offices at twelve o'clock noon on said 8th day of August, 1972. The respective terms of office of the members of the board of education elected at a special municipal election to be consolidated with the direct primary in 1972, shall be as follows: The four members receiving the highest number of votes respectively at said election shall hold office for a term consisting of the period of time until the 8th day of January, 1975. Thereafter, the term of each member elected to the board of education shall be four years from the commencement of his term as herein specified.

At the general election in 1974 there shall be elected three members of the board of education to succeed those members thereof whose respective terms of office expire on the 8th day of January, 1975, and at the general election in each fourth year after 1974, the successors to said three members of the board of education shall be elected, and at the general election in 1976 there shall be elected four members of the board of education to succeed those members thereof whose respective terms of office expire on the 8th day of January, 1977, and at the general election in each fourth year after 1976, the successors to said four members of the board of education shall be elected. Except as set forth herein, all terms of office of elective officials shall commence at twelve o'clock noon on the 8th day of January following the date of their election.

(Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, the respective terms of office of the members of the board of supervisors who shall hold office on the 8th day of January, 1978, shall expire at twelve o'clock noon on said date, and shall be for a term of two years rather than four years, and the eleven persons elected as members of the board of supervisors at the general municipal election in November, 1977, shall succeed to said offices on said 8th day of January, 1978. At the next regular meeting of the board of supervisors, the board shall determine, by lot, whether the supervisors elected from the even- or odd-numbered supervisory districts at the general municipal election in 1977 shall have terms of office expiring at noon on the 8th day of January, 1980, and which shall have terms of office expiring at noon on the 8th day of January, 1982; commencing, however, with the general municipal election in November, 1979, the terms of office of the supervisors elected from the even- or odd-numbered supervisory districts, as the case may be, shall be for a term of four years and shall continue as such thereafter.

((The provisions of Section 9.104 of this charter, relating to the manner of placing name of candidates for office on the ballots; the provisions of Section 9.105 of this charter, relating to the mailing of a copy of the qualification statement of each candidate for elective office to each registered voter; and the provisions of Sections 9.108 and 9.111 of this charter, relating to recall of elective officials, shall not apply to the election or recall of members of the board of supervisors, but provision for the foregoing shall be set forth in an ordinance which shall be adopted by the board of supervisors pursuant hereto; provided, however, that adoption of such ordinance by the board of supervisors shall be solely for the purpose of applying the provisions of Sections 9.104, 9.105, 9.108 and 9.111 of this charter to the election or recall of supervisors by districts, and shall not otherwise alter or diminish the provisions of said sections as to election or recall of supervisors.))

No person elected mayor or supervisor shall be eligible, for a period of one year after his last day of said service as mayor or supervisor, for appointment to any full-time position carrying compensation in the city and county service.

((Should any provision of the amendment to this section be held invalid, the remainder of the amendment shall not be affected thereby. Should the amendments to this section not be approved by the legislature of the State of California or fail for any other reason, so that the offices of the eleven supervisors are not elected by districts at the general municipal election to be held in November, 1977, as in this section provided, then in that event the election of eleven supervisors by districts shall commence with and at the general municipal election to be held in November, 1979, and all of the provision of these amendments regarding terms of office of supervisors shall be applicable thereto modified only with regard to calendar dates.))
9.104 Nomination of Elective Officers

The name of a candidate for an elective office shall be printed upon the ballot when a declaration of candidacy and certificates of not less than twenty nor more than thirty sponsors shall have been filed on his behalf and when the nominations shall have been made in the following manner: The candidate not more than seventy-five days before the municipal election in November shall file with the registrar a declaration of his candidacy in the form prescribed by the registrar for all candidates including statements of his qualifications not to exceed one hundred words subscribed by him before the registrar. The registrar shall forthwith certify to the said subscription and its date and retain and file the declaration. The candidate shall pay to the registrar at the time of filing his declaration of candidacy a sum equal to two percent (2%) of the current annual salary for the office for which he is a candidate. In lieu of such filing fee a candidate may submit to the registrar signatures of voters registered in San Francisco as provided in the general laws of this state. After said declaration shall have been signed, certified and filed, and not later than sixty days before the election each candidate shall file with the registrar, on forms published by him, not less than twenty nor more than thirty sponsors, who are electors qualified to vote at the said municipal election and who shall sign and certify under the penalty of perjury to the qualifications of said candidate.

In the event the registrar shall refuse to file such declaration of candidacy, petition in lieu of filing fee or certificate of a sponsor thereof, he shall forthwith designate in writing on the declaration, petition or certificate the defect thereof, or other reason for refusing to file the same and shall return the same to party tendering it. No defect in any declaration, petition or certificate presented to the registrar shall prevent the filing of another declaration, petition or certificate within the period allowed for presenting the declaration, petition or certificate. The name of every candidate who has been duly and regularly nominated shall be placed on the ballot under the title of the office for which he is a candidate, provided that a candidate whose nomination has been completed, may, not less than fifty days before a municipal election, withdraw as a candidate by filing with the registrar his withdrawal naming the office: such withdrawal must be signed and sworn to by the person withdrawing.

The name of every municipal candidate (except supervisiorial candidates) who has been nominated for an office to be elected throughout the city and county as hereinbefore provided shall be placed on the ballot in accordance with the general laws of the state under the heading of the office for which said candidate has been nominated in the following manner: ((In elections to be held when there are no supervisiorial elections)) the name of the candidate highest on the list of candidates for any particular office shall be printed last on the ballot under the proper heading for said office in the lowest numbered assembly district in the city and county. Thereafter, in each succeeding assembly district the name of the candidate appearing first for said office in the last preceding assembly district shall be placed last and the order of the names of the other candidates for said office shall remain unchanged. ((In elections to be held when there are supervisiorial elections, the name of the candidate highest on the list of candidates for any particular office shall be printed first on the ballot under the proper heading for said office in the lowest numbered supervisiorial district in the city and county. Thereafter in each succeeding district, the name of the candidate appearing first for said office in the last preceding supervisiorial district shall be placed last and the order of the names of the other candidates for said office shall remain unchanged.))

In the event that the number of candidates in any group shall exceed the number of assembly districts ((or supervisiorial districts)) in the city and county then the total number of candidates in such group shall be divided by the number of assembly districts ((or supervisiorial districts)) and the quotient of said division if an integral number, or, if it be a fractional number, then the next highest integral number shall be the number of candidates to be taken from the beginning of the list of said candidates and placed at the end of said list of candidates in each succeeding assembly district ((or supervisiorial district)).

Immediately under the name of each candidate and not separated therefrom by any line may appear at the option of the candidate one of the following designations:

(a) Words designating the city, county, district or state office which the candidate then holds. Such designations shall not include a party affiliation of the candidate.

(b) If the candidate be a candidate for the same office which he then holds and only in that event the word "incumbent."

(c) The profession, vocation or occupation of the candidate in not more than nine words.

In all cases words so used shall be printed in eight-point roman boldface capitals and lower-case type.

No incumbent shall have any further preference in the location of his name on said ballot unless the same is permitted by this section.

The registrar shall preserve in his office for a period of four years all candidates declarations, petitions and all sponsors certificates filed in accordance with this section.
APPLICATION FOR ABSENT VOTER'S BALLOT
APLICACIÓN PARA BALOTA DE VOTANTE AUSENTE
缺席選票申請表

1. PRINTED NAME
LETRAS DE IMPRENTA* Application MUST ALSO be signed below by Applicant.
正楷寫席姓名

2. ELECTION DATE AUGUST 19, 1980
我得以缺席投票為選舉所指示。

3. BALLOT TO BE MAILED TO ME AT:
ENVIÉME LA BALOTA A:
請將選票寄給本人下址:

4. SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT IN FULL
FIRMA COMPLETA DEL SOLICITANTE
申請人簽名

MAIL TO:
ENVIAR A:
ABSENT VOTING SECTION
REGISTRAR OF VOTERS OFFICE
ROOM 155, CITY HALL
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102

APPLICATION MUST BE RECEIVED IN REGISTRAR'S OFFICE BY 5:00 P.M.,
TUESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1980,
7 DAYS BEFORE ELECTION DAY.

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

* Signature will be compared with affidavit on file in this office.
Application for absentee ballot appears on Page 23
Aplicacion para papeleta de votante ausente aparece en la Pagina 23

WHEELCHAIR ACCESSIBILITY: The letter in parenthesis on the second line of your address label indicates degree of wheelchair accessibility at the precinct:
(A) Easily accessible
(B) Accessible with assistance
(C) Very difficult or impossible
These evaluations take into account architectural barriers only. Geographical barriers you may encounter en route to the polls have not been considered.
Your rights as a handicapped voter appear elsewhere in this pamphlet; see index.