San Francisco
Voter Information Pamphlet and Sample Ballot

June 2, 1992
Consolidated Primary Election

Polls are open from 7 a.m. to 8 p.m.

Prepared by the Office of the Registrar of Voters
Germaine Q’Wong, Registrar of Voters
POLL WORKERS NEEDED

Earn $62 to $79
Meet Your Neighbors
Serve Your Community

Throughout California and the entire United States, there is a shortage of poll workers each election. San Francisco is no exception. The Registrar of Voters office challenges you to become more active in the election process. You are highly encouraged to work during the Primary Election - June 2, 1992 - as a Poll Worker.

People who have flexible schedules and are able to work on election day (Tuesday after the first Monday every November and every other June) for the foreseeable future are especially encouraged to apply.

Inspectors are poll workers who supervise the precinct, review and deliver the precinct supplies. Inspectors earn $79 for the day. Poll workers with slightly less responsibilities are called Clerks and are paid $62 for the day. The day begins at 6:30 a.m. and ends at approximately 9-10:30 p.m. When friends work together, the day passes very quickly. It is a terrific opportunity to re-meet your neighbors while performing an important civic responsibility..

Fill out the application below and bring it to City Hall between 8:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Mondays through Fridays. Come in early to get the precinct of your choice.

REGISTRAR OF VOTERS - POLL WORKER APPLICATION

I am a Resident of San Francisco and a REGISTERED VOTER of San Francisco. I hereby request to work during the Primary Election to be held on June 2, 1992. If I am not currently registered, my Registration form is attached.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of Birth (Mo / Da / Yr)</th>
<th>Your Signature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Print Your First Name</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Print Your Residence Address</td>
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<tr>
<td>Day Phone - -</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Eve. Phone - -</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Circle below any languages you speak in addition to English: 

Cantonese / Mandarin / Spanish / Vietnamese / Russian / Other: 

I HAVE a car: (Please Check)

------------------------------ SPACE BELOW - FOR USE BY REGISTRAR OF VOTERS ------------------------------

Assigned Precinct:                  Home Precinct:  
Affidavit Number:                   Clerk:         Inspector:  
E.O. Bk. 6/2 6/6 Code Reg. Attach. Init's

Bring this form in person to: Registrar of Voters, Room 158 - City Hall, San Francisco, CA 94102
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Consolidated Primary Election, June 2, 1992

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PURPOSE OF THE VOTER INFORMATION PAMPHLET
This Voter Information Pamphlet provides voters with information about the June 2, 1992 Consolidated Primary Election. The Pamphlet includes:

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1. a Sample Ballot (a copy of the ballot you will see at your polling place or when you vote by mail); ............................................. 15-27
2. the location of your polling place ........................................ (see the label on the back cover)
3. an application for an Absentee (Vote-By-Mail) Ballot and for permanent absentee voter status; .......................... back cover
4. Your rights as a voter; ........................................... 6
5. information for disabled voters; ........................................ 5
6. statements from candidates who are running for local office; ........................................ 30-31
7. information about each local ballot measure, including a summary, the Controller’s Statement, arguments for and against the measure, and the legal text; ........................................... 33-86
8. definitions of words you need to know; ........................................ 12
9. a Polling Place Card to mark your choices before voting. ........................................ inside back cover
HOW TO VOTE ON THE VOTOMATIC VOTE RECORDER

SPECIAL NOTE

IF YOU MAKE A MISTAKE, RETURN YOUR CARD AND GET ANOTHER.

STEP 1

Note: Si hace algún error, devuelva su tarjeta de votar y obtenga otra.

USING BOTH HANDS
INSERT THE BALLOT CARD ALL THE WAY INTO THE VOTOMATIC.
Usando las dos manos, meta la tarjeta de votar completamente dentro del "Votomatic."

第一步
請雙手持票向自動機將整張選票插入。

STEP 2

BE SURE THE TWO SLOTS IN THE STUB OF YOUR CARD FIT DOWN OVER THE TWO RED PINS.
Paso 2. Asegúrese de que los dos orificios que hay al final de la tarjeta coinciden con las dos caperucas rojas.

第二步
請切記將選票插入時，票尾之二孔，接合於二紅點之上。

STEP 3

HOLD PUNCH VERTICAL (STRAIGHT UP). PUNCH STRAIGHT DOWN THROUGH THE BALLOT CARD TO INDICATE YOUR CHOICE. DO NOT USE PEN OR PENCIL.
Para votar, sostenga el instrumento de votar y perfore con él la tarjeta de votar en el lugar de los candidatos de su preferencia. No use pluma ni lápiz.

第三步
請把選票之選舉針由小孔內垂直插入打孔投票。

STEP 4

After voting, remove the ballot from the Votomatic, fold the ballot at the perforation and return it to the precinct official.

第四步
投票之後，把選票取出，沿虛線將起選票交給選舉站監選員。

Después de votar, saque la tarjeta del Votomatic, doble la balota a lo largo de las perforaciones y entréguela en el lugar oficial de votacion.
ACCESS FOR THE DISABLED VOTER
by the Ballot Simplification Committee

BEFORE ELECTION DAY:

ABSENTEE VOTING — All voters may request that an absentee ballot be mailed to them, or they may vote in person at Room 158 in City Hall from May 4 through June 2. The office hours are from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, from 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. on May 30 and 31, and from 7:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. on Election Day, June 2. In addition, voters with specified disabilities listed below may apply to become Permanent Absentee Voters. Ballots for all future elections will automatically be mailed to Permanent Absentee Voters.

TAPE RECORDINGS — The San Francisco Public Library’s Branch for the Blind at 3150 Sacramento Street produces and distributes tape-recorded copies of the Voter Information Pamphlet for use by visually impaired voters.

T.D.D. (TELECOMMUNICATIONS DEVICE FOR THE DEAF) — Hearing-impaired or speech-impaired voters who have a TDD may communicate with the San Francisco Registrar of Voters’ office by calling 554-4386.

ON ELECTION DAY:

ASSISTANCE — Persons unable to mark their ballot may bring one or two persons with them into the voting booth to assist them, or they may ask poll workers to provide needed assistance.

CURBSIDE VOTING — If architectural barriers prevent an elderly or disabled voter from entering the polling place, poll workers will bring the necessary voting materials to the voter in front of the polling place.

PARKING — If their polling place is in a residential garage, elderly and handicapped voters may park in the driveway while voting, provided they do not block traffic.

READING TOOLS — Every polling place has large-print instructions on how to vote and special sheets to magnify the type on the ballot.

SEATED VOTING — Every polling place has at least one voting booth which allows voters to vote while sitting in a chair or a wheelchair.

VOTING TOOLS — Every precinct has an easy-grip pen for signing the roster and an easy-grip tool for punching the ballot.

PERMANENT ABSENTEE VOTER (VOTE-BY-MAIL) QUALIFICATIONS

If you are physically disabled you may apply to be a permanent absentee voter. Once you are on our permanent absentee mailing list, we will automatically mail an absentee ballot to you for every election until you move, re-register, or do not vote. If you do not vote in an election, you will no longer be a permanent absentee voter; however, you will remain on the voter roll.

To become a permanent absentee voter, complete the Absentee Ballot Application form on the back cover and return it to the Registrar of Voters, Room 158 City Hall, San Francisco, CA 94102. Check the box that says “I apply to become a PERMANENT ABSENTEE VOTER” and sign your name where it says “Your SIGNATURE.”

If you move, re-register, or do not vote, you will need to apply again to be a Permanent Absentee Voter. In all other cases, you do not need to re-apply.

To be a “Permanent Absentee Voter” you must have at least one of the following conditions:

___ Lost use of one or more limbs;
___ Lost use of both hands;
___ Unable to move about without the aid of an assistance device (e.g., cane, crutches, walker, wheelchair);
___ Suffering from lung disease, blindness or cardiovascular disease;
___ Significant limitation in the use of the lower extremities; or
___ Suffering from a diagnosed disease or disorder which substantially impairs or interferes with mobility.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO PERMANENT ABSENTEE VOTERS

If you have already registered as a permanent absentee voter, your ballot will be mailed by the end of the first week in May. To find out if you are registered as a permanent absentee voter, please look at the label on the back cover of this book. If your affidavit number starts with a “P” then you are a permanent absentee voter. Your affidavit number is the 8 digit number that is printed above the bar code on the label.

If you have not received your absentee ballot by May 14, please call 554-4375.
Q — Who can vote?
A — U.S. citizens 18 years or older who are registered to vote in San Francisco before May 5, 1992

Q — My 18th birthday is after May 4, but before June 2. May I vote in the June 2 election?
A — Yes, but you must register by May 4.

Q — I moved on or before May 4; can I vote in this election?
A — Only if you re-registered at your new address. You must re-register each time you change your address.

Q — I moved after May 4; can I vote in this election?
A — If you moved within the City between May 5 and June 2, you may go to your old precinct to vote.

Q — What offices can I vote for at this election?
A — Only if you are registered as a member of one of the recognized political parties (American Independent, Democrat, Green, Libertarian, Peace and Freedom or Republican) can you vote for your party’s nominees for President, U.S. Senator, U.S. Representative, State Senator, and State Assembly member. You may also vote for County Central Committee members. All voters may vote for judges, and on any State and local ballot measures.

Q — Where do I go to vote?
A — Go to your polling place. The address is on your mailing label on the back cover of this book.

Q — When do I vote?
A — Election Day is Tuesday, June 2, 1992. Your polling place will be open from 7 a.m. to 8 p.m.

Q — What do I do if my polling place is not open?
A — Check the label on the back of this book to make sure you have gone to the right place. Polling places often change. If you are at the right place, call the Registrar’s Office at 554-4375 to let them know the polling place is not open.

Q — If I don’t know what to do when I get to my polling place, is there someone there to help me?
A — Yes, the workers at the polling place will help you.

Q — Can I take my sample ballot or my own written list into the voting booth?
A — Yes. Deciding your votes before you go to the polls will help. You may wish to use the Polling Place Card which is on the inside back cover of this pamphlet.

Q — Can I vote for someone whose name is not on the ballot?
A — Yes, if the person is a qualified write-in candidate. Only “qualified” write-in candidates will be counted. You may ask your poll worker for a list of these candidates. You may vote for these candidates by writing their names on the long stub of the ballot provided for write-in votes. If you don’t know how to do this, you may ask your poll worker for help.

Q — Can a worker at the polling place ask me to take any tests?
A — No.

Q — Is there any way to vote beside going to the polling place on election day?
A — Yes, you can vote before June 2 if you:
   - Fill out and mail the Absentee Ballot application printed on the back cover of this book. Within three days after we receive your request, a vote-by-mail ballot will be sent to you. Your request must be received by the Registrar of Voters no later than May 27, 1992; or
   - Go to the Office of the Registrar of Voters in City Hall – Room 158 from May 4 through June 2. The office hours are from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday; from 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. on May 30 and 31, and from 7:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. on Election Day, June 2.

Q — If I don’t use an application form, can I get an absentee ballot some other way?
A — You can mail a postcard or a letter to the Registrar of Voters asking for a ballot. This letter must include: your home address, the address where you want the ballot mailed, your printed name and your signature. Your request must be received by the Registrar of Voters no later than May 27, 1992.
IMPORTANT NOTICE

You want to vote for someone, but you don't find that name on your ballot?

IN A PRIMARY ELECTION you will only find federal, state and County Central Committee candidates who are members of your political party on your ballot. This is the way members of each political party choose their party's candidates who will run for election in November. Therefore, in this June 2 election, for partisan races, you may vote only for people who are members of the political party in which you are registered. You may also vote for municipal judge candidates, and state and local measures.

People who decline to state their political affiliation (also called independents or non-partisans) may not vote for party candidates for state or federal offices in primary elections. Voters who did not register with a political party may vote only for municipal judges and state and local measures in the June 2, 1992 election.

The Green Party only has candidates for the County Council in this election. Members of this political party do not have candidates for federal or state offices on the ballot. However, as with all other voters, they may vote for municipal judge candidates and state and local measures.

Some people who have registered with the American Independent Party may have thought they registered as "independent" or "non-partisan" voters. People who checked "American Independent" on their registration affidavit will receive an American Independent Party ballot this election.

You may change your political party affiliation at any time. However, for the June 2, 1992 election, the last day to change registration is May 4. Call 554-4398, if you wish to re-register.

BECAUSE OF REAPPORTIONMENT, congressional, state senate and assembly, and BART district lines have changed. Thus, your political representatives may no longer be in your new districts. In those situations, you will not see their names on your ballot, even if you belong to the same political party. (See below.)

POLLING PLACE CHANGES

See your mailing label for the address of your polling place.

Although we try not to change polling places, sometimes we have no choice. Building owners need their spaces for other uses. This is particularly true when ownership of a building changes. As a rule, 60 to 70 polling places are re-located in each election.

The number of changes is higher than usual for this election for three reasons. There were the usual cancellations. We re-located polling places to be accessible to handicapped persons. We changed precinct lines to fit the new State and Federal legislative districts formed after the census and Reapportionment (see below). We have also changed the precinct numbers. Precincts in the 12th Assembly District and 8th State Senate District now have four digit numbers starting with "2." Precinct numbers in the 13th Assembly District and 3rd State Senate District now start with "3."

When we change a polling place, we try to move it to a public building, such as a school, library, church or recreation center. This lessens the need for future changes and gives us more space for voting booths. It also gives voters more space for signing in and waiting.

We apologize for any inconvenience to you because of these changes. If you have suggestions for polling places, please write to the Registrar of Voters, 400 Van Ness Avenue - Room 158, San Francisco, CA 94102.

REAPPORTIONMENT

Reapportionment is the process of re-drawing congressional, state legislative and BART district lines based on changed census (population) numbers. We were given new lines at the end of February. As a result, San Francisco now has two assembly seats. One state senate seat extends north to include Marin County and part of Sonoma County. Another state senate seat includes a major portion of San Mateo County. One congressional district covers all but the southwestern portion of the City, which is included in a San Mateo County district. The three BART district boundaries have been greatly changed.

Maps of the New and Old Districts are on the following pages.
WORDS YOU NEED TO KNOW
by the Ballot Simplification Committee

ABSENTEE BALLOTS (RIGHTS OF VOTERS) — Absentee Ballots are ballots that are mailed to voters, or given to voters in person at the Registrar’s Office in City Hall. Absentee Ballots can be mailed back to the Registrar, deposited at the Registrar’s Office in City Hall, or turned in at any San Francisco polling place.

CHARTER (PROPOSITIONS E, F, G, H) — The Charter is the City’s constitution.

CHARTER AMENDMENT (PROPOSITIONS E, F, G, H) — A Charter amendment changes the Charter, and requires a vote of the people. It cannot be changed again without another vote of the people.

DECLARATION OF POLICY (PROPOSITIONS I, J) — A declaration of policy is an ordinance that does not have the force of law, but is intended to be a goal to guide the Board of Supervisors.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND (PROPOSITIONS A, B, C, D) — If the City needs money to pay for something such as a library, sewer line, or school, the City may borrow the money by selling bonds. The City pays back the money with interest. The money to pay back these bonds comes from property taxes. A two-thirds majority of the voters must approve the decision to sell general obligation bonds.

INVENTORY (PROPOSITION G) — The quantity of materials, supplies and equipment that the City has on hand is its inventory. From time to time the City inspects these items and makes a detailed list of the quantity and condition of the materials, supplies and equipment.

PRIMARY ELECTION — See Page 7.

PROPOSITION — A Proposition is the same as a Ballot Measure.

QUALIFIED WRITE-IN CANDIDATE (RIGHTS OF VOTERS) — A Qualified Write-In Candidate is a person who has turned in required papers and signatures to the Registrar of Voters. Although the name of this person will not be on the ballot, voters can vote for this person by writing the name of the person on the long stub of the ballot provided for write-in votes. The Registrar counts write-in votes only for qualified write-in candidates.

BALLOT SIMPLIFICATION COMMITTEE
Nicholas DeLuca, Committee Chair
National Broadcast Editorial Association
Kay Blalock
League of Women Voters of San Francisco
George Markell
The Northern California Newspaper Guild
Richard Miller
San Francisco Unified School District
John Odell
National Academy of Television Arts and Sciences
Northern California Chapter
Randy Riddle, Ex-officio
Deputy City Attorney

The Ballot Simplification Committee prepares summaries (“The Way It Is Now,” “The Proposal,” “A ‘Yes’ Vote Means,” and “A ‘No’ Vote Means.”) of measures placed on the ballot each election. The Committee prepares the table of contents, an index of candidates and measures, a brief explanation of the ballot pamphlet, definitions of terms in the pamphlet, a summary of voters’ basic rights, and a statement as to the term, compensation and duties of each local elective office.

CITIZENS ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON ELECTIONS
Mayoral appointees: Ernest Llorente, Chair; David Binder, Richard Sevilla, Jim Stevens and Molly Wood.
Board of Supervisors appointees: Martha Gillham, Daniel Kalb, Brian Mavrogeorge, George Mix, Jr., Samson Wong, Richmond Young.
Ex officio members: Randy Riddle, Deputy City Attorney, and Germaine Q Wong, Registrar of Voters.

Members represent political organizations, political parties, labor organizations, neighborhood organizations, business organizations and other citizens groups interested in the political process.

The Committee studies and makes advisory recommendations to the officers of the City and County on all matters relating to voter registration, elections and the administration of the office of the Registrar of Voters; investigates compliance with the requirements of Federal, State and local election and campaign reporting, disclosure laws and other statutes relating to the conduct of elections in San Francisco; promotes citizen participation in the electoral process; studies and reports on all election matters referred to it by various officers of the City and County.
CITY & COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO
ESTIMATED BUDGET FOR 1991-1992
(Does not include S.F. Unified School District or
S.F. Community College District)

1991-92 ESTIMATED REVENUE
$2.4 BILLION

STATE & FEDERAL GRANTS
FOR SPECIFIC PROGRAMS
(E.G., AIDS PREVENTION,
AFDC PAYMENTS)
30 %
$720 MILLION

REVENUES GENERATED BY CITY
DEPARTMENTS AND USED BY SAME
DEPARTMENT
(E.G., LANDING FEES PAID BY AIRLINES TO
S.F. INT'L. AIRPORT)
29 %
$656 MILLION

BUSINESS, SALES & OTHER TAXES
& OTHER INCOME
21 %
$504 MILLION

PROPERTY TAX
20 %
$480 MILLION

1991-92 ESTIMATED BUDGET
$2.4 BILLION

NON-GENERAL FUND REVENUE
46%
$1.1 BILLION

OTHER GENERAL FUND REVENUE
11%
$260 MILLION

GENERAL FUND REGULAR REVENUE
43%
$1.03 BILLION

EXPENDITURES
PAID FROM GENERAL FUND REGULAR REVENUES
$1.03 BILLION

PUBLIC PROTECTION
39 %
$409 MILLION

HEALTH & WELFARE
31 %
$321 MILLION

RECREATION & CULTURE
5 %
$53 MILLION

UTILITIES & TRANSPORTATION
11 %
$114 MILLION

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
14 %
$146 MILLION

This includes only the General Fund
subsidy to the Municipal Railway. The
total budget for the Municipal Railway
is $282 Million, including state and
federal grants.

NOTE: These numbers are estimates based on budget information submitted prior to June 1991.
MAKE YOUR HOUSE A HOME.

■ ADOPT
Fall in love with the companion of your dreams!

■ ALTER
Help us stop the tragic cycle of pet overpopulation - spay and neuter your pets!

■ ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY
Animals are not toys. Responsible pet ownership takes a major commitment.

1200 15th Street at Harrison
San Francisco, CA 94103
(415) 554-6364

Open for Adoptions
11 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Daily

Animal Care & Control
CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO
© 1981 City and County of San Francisco
SAMPLE BALLOT
CONSOLIDATED PRIMARY ELECTION, JUNE 2, 1992, CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

DEMOCRATIC PARTY BALLOT

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS
To vote for delegates pledged to a candidate whose name appears on the ballot, use the blue stylus to punch the hole opposite the name of the candidate preferred.
To vote for a candidate whose name appears on the ballot, use the blue stylus to punch the hole opposite the name of the candidate preferred. Where two or more candidates for the same office are to be elected, use the blue stylus to punch the hole opposite the names of all candidates for office for whom you desire to vote, not to exceed, however, the number of candidates to be elected.
To vote for a qualified write-in candidate, write the person’s name and office in the blank space provided for that purpose on the long stub of the ballot card. If you do not know how to do this, ask a poll worker for help.
To vote for any measure, use the blue stylus to punch the hole opposite “YES” or “NO” for that measure.
All distinguishing marks or erasures are forbidden and make the ballot void.
If you wrongly vote, tear, or deface this ballot, return it to the precinct board member and obtain another.

民主黨

選民須知

投票選舉代表擁護選票上所列的候選人，請用藍色筆尖在你所選擇的候選人姓名旁邊打孔。

投票選舉上所列的候選人，請用藍色筆尖在你所選擇的候選人姓名旁邊打孔。如果要選舉超過兩名競選同一官職的候選人，請用藍色筆尖在你所選擇的所有候選人姓名旁邊打孔，但請勿選舉超過要選的候選人的數目。

投票選舉合格寫入候選人，請在選票卡的長方形票尾的空位上寫上該候選人的姓名和官職。如有不明之處，請向助選員求助。

投票任何一項提案，請用藍色筆尖在提案旁邊的“YES”（贊成）或“NO”（反對）打孔。

如果選票有明顯污跡或擦掉痕迹，選票即作廢。

如果你投票錯了，或者選票撕碎了，應把選票交回選區的選舉委員，再拿一份新選票。

BALOTA DEL PARTIDO DEMOCRATA

INSTRUCCIONES PARA LOS ELECTORES
Para votar para los delegados correspondientes a un candidato cuyo nombre aparece en la balota, utilice el punzón azul para perforar el orificio que se encuentra al lado del nombre del candidato elegido.
Para votar por un candidato cuyo nombre aparece en la balota, utilice el punzón azul para perforar el orificio que se encuentra al lado del nombre del candidato elegido. Cuando deben elegirse dos o más candidatos para el mismo puesto, utilice el punzón azul para perforar los orificios al lado de los nombres de todos los candidatos para este puesto para los cuales usted desea votar, sin exceder la cantidad de candidatos que deben ser elegidos.
Para votar por un candidato calificado que no aparece en la lista, escriba el nombre de la persona y el puesto en el espacio en blanco provisto para este propósito en el talón largo de la tarjeta de la balota. Si no sabe cómo hacer esto, pída que un trabajador del lugar de votación le ayude.
Para votar por cualquier medida, utilice el punzón azul para perforar el orificio al lado de “SÍ” o “NO” para dicha medida.
Se prohíbe todo tipo de marca y borrador; esto anularía la balota.
Si usted se equivoca al votar, o si rompe y daña la balota, devuélvala al miembro del consejo del lugar de votación y obtenga otra.

開始投票，請轉下頁。

PARA COMENZAR A VOTAR, PASE A LA PAGINA SIGUIENTE.

TO START VOTING, GO ON TO NEXT PAGE.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Presidental Preference</th>
<th>Vote for One</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LYNDON H. LAROUCHE, JR.</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAUL TSONGAS</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LARRY AGRAN</td>
<td>32</td>
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<tr>
<td>BILL CLINTON</td>
<td>34</td>
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<tr>
<td>EUGENE J. MC CARTHY</td>
<td>36</td>
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<tr>
<td>BOB KERREY</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDMUND G. BROWN, JR.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Party</td>
<td>Position</td>
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<tr>
<td>Democratic</td>
<td>United States Senator — Full Term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>United States Congressman</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>United States Senator — Short Term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>PARTY</td>
<td>PRIMARY ELECTION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>Partido Demócrata</td>
<td>Elecciones Primarias Consolidadas 2 de Junio de 1992</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Democratic Party</td>
<td>Consolidated Primary Election June 2, 1992</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## SAMPLE BALLOT

**CONSOLIDATED PRIMARY ELECTION, JUNE 2, 1992, CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Member, County Central Committee — 13th District</th>
<th>Vote por no más de 12</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>MIEMBRO, COMITE CENTRAL DEL CONDADO, DISTRITO 13</strong> 縣中央委員會委員，第13區</td>
<td>票選不超過十二人</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATTHEW J. ROTHSCCHILD</td>
<td>105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attorney/City Commissioner / Abogado/Comisionado de la Ciudad</td>
<td>立法助理/活動家</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RICHARD ALLMAN</td>
<td>106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Affordable Housing Advocate / Defensor de Viviendas Económicas</td>
<td>廉價屋倡議者</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MARY JOHNSON</td>
<td>107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Activist / Activista 活動家</td>
<td>立法助理/活動家</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LULU M. CARTER</td>
<td>108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incumbent / Titular 當選者</td>
<td>職業顧問</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RONALD COLTHIRST</td>
<td>109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legislative Aide / Activist / Asistente Legislativo / Activista</td>
<td>社區計劃倡議者</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GREG DAY</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incumbent / Titular 當選者</td>
<td>參議員</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DINO DI DONATO</td>
<td>111</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community Planner Advocate / Defensor de Planificación Comunitaria</td>
<td>社區計劃倡議者</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MARIA MARTINEZ</td>
<td>112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Job Placement Counselor / Consejero de Empleo</td>
<td>職業顧問</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAROLE MIGDEN</td>
<td>113</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incumbent / Titular 當選者</td>
<td>退休法庭行政員</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEORGE MILLBURN</td>
<td>114</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unemployed / Desocupado</td>
<td>失業者</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LESLIE RACHEL KATZ</td>
<td>115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incumbent / Titular 當選者</td>
<td>職業顧問</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PETER GABEL</td>
<td>116</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>College President / Presidente de la Universidad</td>
<td>大學校長</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G. BRUCE WINDREM</td>
<td>117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neighborhood Activist / Activista del Vecindario</td>
<td>街坊活動家</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FELTON JOEL WILLIAMS</td>
<td>118</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retired Court Administrator / Administrador del Tribunal Jubilado</td>
<td>退休法庭行政員</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### CONTEST CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

There are 27 candidates listed on pages 4 and 5.

You may vote for no more than 12 of the candidates listed on the two pages.

### LA CONTIENDE CONTINUA EN LA PAGINA SIGUIENTE

Hay 27 candidatos enumerados en las páginas 4 y 5.

Puede votar por no más de 12 de los candidatos enumerados en estas páginas.

![ chinese text ]

二十七名候選人列在第四、五頁內
請在此兩頁名單內投選十二名候選人
### SAMPLE BALLOT

**CONSOLIDATED PRIMARY ELECTION, JUNE 2, 1992, CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Member, County Central Committee — 13th District</th>
<th>Vote for no more than 12</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JOHN HUNT Musician / Músico 音楽家</td>
<td>131</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RICK HAUPTMAN Commission Vice President / Viceseidente de la comisión 委員会副主席</td>
<td>132</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KATHRYN (KAY) BURKE Administrator / Administradora 行政主任</td>
<td>133</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ROBERT BARNES Incumbent / Titular 現任者</td>
<td>134</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ROBERT J. BOILEAU Union Research Director / Director de investigaciones sindicales 工會研究主任</td>
<td>135</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NATALIE BERG Incumbent / Titular 現任者</td>
<td>136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUSAN J. BIERMAN Incumbent / Titular 現任者</td>
<td>137</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JESSE J. IVY Deputy Sheriff, Bailiff / Sheriff delegado, Alguacil 副縣警長，法警</td>
<td>138</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAMES STEVENS</td>
<td>139</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORELLA LANGSTON Urban Consultant / Consultora urbana 城市問題顧問</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAMES LEGARE</td>
<td>141</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IRFT LEVI R.N. MFCC / Enfermera licenciada, MFCC 註冊護士 MFCC</td>
<td>142</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATTHEW NOAH TUCHOW Attorney-at-Law / Abogado 律師</td>
<td>143</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CONTEST CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE**

There are 27 candidates listed on pages 4 and 5.

You may vote for no more than 12 of the candidates listed on the two pages.

**LA CONTIENDA CONTINUA DE LA PAGINA ANTERIOR**

Hay 27 candidatos enumerados en las páginas anterior.

Puede votar por no más de 12 de los candidatos enumerados en estas páginas.

二十七名候選人列在第四、五頁內

請在此兩頁名單內投選十二名候選人
## SAMPLE BALLOT
CONSOLIDATED PRIMARY ELECTION, JUNE 2, 1992, CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NONPARTISAN BALLOT</th>
<th>BALOTA APARTIDARIA</th>
<th>無黨派選票</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Judge of the Municipal Court, Office #5</strong></td>
<td><strong>JUEZ DEL TRIBUNAL MUNICIPAL, OFICINA NUMERO 5</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ELLEN CHAITIN</td>
<td><strong>Vote for One</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trial Attorney</td>
<td><strong>161</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abogada Litigante</td>
<td><strong>→</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JANET W. FORSYTHE</td>
<td><strong>163</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deputy Public Defender</td>
<td><strong>→</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abogada de Oficio Delegada</td>
<td><strong>助理公共辯護律師</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Judge of the Municipal Court, Office #6** | **JUEZ DEL TRIBUNAL MUNICIPAL, OFICINA NUMERO 6** |
| BARRY MELTON | **Vote for One** |
| Attorney | **169** |
| Abogado | **→** |
| DONNA LITTLE | **171** |
| Judge of the Municipal Court | **→** |
| Juez del Tribunal Municipal | **市法庭法官** |
SAMPLE BALLOT
CONSOLIDATED PRIMARY ELECTION, JUNE 2, 1992, CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

7E
CITY & COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO, CONSOLIDATED PRIMARY ELECTION, JUNE 2, 1992
MEASURES SUBMITTED TO VOTE OF VOTERS — STATE PROPOSITIONS

SCHOOL FACILITIES BOND ACT OF 1992. This act provides for a bond issue of one billion nine hundred million dollars ($1,900,000,000) to provide capital outlay for construction or improvement of public schools.

152
YES 185
NO 186

HIGHER EDUCATION FACILITIES BOND ACT OF JUNE 1992. This act authorizes a bond issue of nine hundred million dollars ($900,000,000) to fund the construction or improvement of California’s public college and university facilities. These construction projects will create jobs, ensure access to higher education for California’s students, and enable public colleges and universities to prepare a well-trained and competitive workforce to strengthen the state’s economy. Authorized projects for the 138 public campuses shall include, but are not necessarily limited to, earthquake and other health safety improvements, modernization of laboratories to keep up with scientific advances, and construction of classrooms and libraries.

153
YES 193
NO 194

PROPERTY TAX POSTPONEMENT LEGISLATIVE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT. Authorizes Legislature to provide that low-income tenants who acquire their principal place of residence may postpone increases in property taxes which occur from reappraisal upon acquisition.

Fiscal Impact: This measure could result in millions of dollars of costs annually to either the state or local governments as homeowners postpone payment of their property taxes. These costs eventually would be recovered as participating homeowners sell their homes.

154
YES 203
NO 204
SAMPLE BALLOT
CONSOLIDATED PRIMARY ELECTION, JUNE 2, 1992, CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

BALOTA APARTIDARIA
CIUDAD Y CONDADO DE SAN FRANCISCO
ELECCIONES PRIMARIAS CONSOLIDADAS, 2 DE JUNIO DE 1992
MEDIDAS SOMETIDAS AL VOTO DE LOS ELECTORES — PROPOSICIONES ESTATUALES

185 SI 贊成
186 NO 反对

ACTA DE BONOS PARA INSTALACIONES ESCOLARES DE 1992. Este acta dispone una emisión de bonos por mil novecientos millones de dólares ($1,900,000,000) para proporcionar desembolso de capital para la construcción o mejoramiento de escuelas públicas.

1992年学校设施公债法案。本提案授权发行公债十九亿元（$1,900,000,000），提供资金作建设或改良公立学校之用。

193 SI 贊成
194 NO 反对

ACTA DE BONOS PARA INSTALACIONES PARA LA EDUCACION SUPERIOR DE JUNIO DE 1992. Este acta autoriza una emisión de bonos por novecientos millones de dólares ($900,000,000) para financiar la construcción o mejoramiento de las instalaciones de los colegios superiores y universidades públicas de California. Estos proyectos de construcción producirán fuentes de trabajo, asegurarán el acceso a la educación superior para los estudiantes de California, y permitirán a los colegios de educación superior y universidades poder preparar competentes y bien entrenados trabajadores que fortalecerán la economía del estado. Los proyectos autorizados para los 138 recintos de educación superior pública deberán incluir, pero no necesariamente limitarse a éstos, mejorías de seguridad contra terremotos y otras medidas de salud, modernización de los laboratorios para mantenerse al día con los avances científicos, y construcción de salones de clase y bibliotecas.

1992年6月高等教育設施公債法案。本提案授權發行公債九億元（$900,000,000），用於興建或改善加州的公立學院和大學設施。

APLAZAMIENTO DEL IMPUESTO A LA PROPIEDAD ENMIENDA CONSTITUCIONAL LEGISLATIVA. Autoriza a la Legislatura a disponer que los inquilinos de bajos recursos económicos que adquieran su principal lugar de residencia puedan aplazar el pago de los aumentos en los impuestos a la propiedad que ocurran del reavaluación durante la compra. Impacto Fiscal: Esta medida podría resultar en costos de millones de dólares al año tanto para los gobiernos locales como estatal cuando los dueños de casa pospongan el pago de sus impuestos a la propiedad. Estos costos serían recabados eventualmente, cuando los dueños participantes vendan sus casas.

203 SI 贊成
204 NO 反对

延期徵收實業稅，立法修憲案。本提案授權州議會對低收入住客購買主要住所時重新估值所增實業稅可延期徵收。

財政影響：這個提案將由於屋主延期徵實業稅而導致州或地方政府損失數以百萬元計。這些損失會在屋主賣出他們的房屋時最終獲得補償。
SAMPLE BALLOT
CONSOLIDATED PRIMARY ELECTION, JUNE 2, 1992, CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

8E
NONPARTISAN BALLOT
CITY & COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO, CONSOLIDATED PRIMARY ELECTION, JUNE 2, 1992
MEASURES SUBMITTED TO VOTE OF VOTERS — CITY & COUNTY PROPOSITIONS

GOLDEN GATE PARK IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1992. To incur a bonded indebtedness of $76,300,000 to pay the cost of the construction or reconstruction of repair, reforestation and rehabilitation of Golden Gate Park including water system supply and irrigation, lakes and water courses, utilities including street and security lighting, repair and rehabilitation of park features, landscaping, rest rooms including disabled access thereto.

A
YES 212
NO 213

CIVIC CENTER IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1992. To incur a bonded indebtedness of $26,700,000 for improvements to the Civic Center Plaza and Fulton Street Mall, landscaping and street lighting surrounding the City Hall and areas adjacent thereto.

B
YES 218
NO 219

CIVIC CENTER PARKING GARAGE IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1992. To incur a bonded indebtedness of $24,000,000 to pay for the enlargement of the Civic Center Parking Garage or construction of a parking garage adjacent thereto, including asbestos abatement and providing access for the disabled.

C
YES 222
NO 223

CIVIC CENTER HEATING SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1992. To incur a bonded indebtedness of $21,220,000 to pay the cost of construction or reconstruction of a heating system within the Civic Center area including pipelines and hot water boiler system.

D
YES 227
NO 228

Shall the City be required to set aside a certain percentage of its General Fund each year for 12 years (1993-2005) to be used solely to pay for certain types of capital projects, such as the construction, maintenance and purchase of City buildings and other public properties?

E
YES 232
NO 233

8E-0-ALL

24
SAMPLE BALLOT
CONSOLIDATED PRIMARY ELECTION, JUNE 2, 1992, CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

BALOTA APARTIDARIA
CIUDAD Y CONDADO DE SAN FRANCISCO
ELECCIONES PRIMARIAS CONSOLIDADAS, 2 DE JUNIO DE 1992
MEDIDAS SOMETIDAS AL VOTO DE LOS ELECTORES — PROPÓSITOS DE LA CIUDAD Y CONDADO

212 SI 赞成
213 NO 反对

BONOS PARA MEJORAR EL PARQUE GOLDEN GATE, 1992. Contraer una deuda en bonos de $76,300,000 para pagar por los costos de construcción o reconstrucción de reparación, reforestación y rehabilitación del Parque Golden Gate, incluyendo el sistema de suministro de agua e irrigación, lagos y cursos de agua, servicios que incluyan la iluminación de las calles y de seguridad, la reparación y rehabilitación de los edificios del parque, la arquitectura paisajista, los baños, incluyendo el acceso a los mismos para las personas incapacitadas.

1992年改良金門公園債務法案。發行公債$76,300,000，用於支付金門公園的興建、重建、修復、再造林和整頓，包括供水系統和灑水，湖和水的流向，公用事業包括街道和保安照明，修復和整頓公園的面貌，自然美化，包括便利殘障人士使用的廁所。

218 SI 赞成
219 NO 反对

BONOS PARA MEJORAR EL CENTRO CIVICO, 1992. Contraer una deuda en bonos de $26,700,000 para mejorar la Plaza del Centro Cívico y el Paseo de la Calle Fulton, la arquitectura paisajista e iluminación de las calles que circundan a la Municipalidad y las zonas adyacentes a la misma.

1992年改良市政中心債務法案。發行公債$26,700,000，用於支付改善市政中心廣場和富爾頓街林藝人行道，自然美化和市政概周圍及鄰近地區的街燈。

222 SI 赞成
223 NO 反对

BONOS PARA MEJORAR LA PLAYA DE ESTACIONAMIENTO DEL CENTRO CIVICO, 1992. Contraer una deuda en bonos de $24,000,000 para pagar por una ampliación de la playa de estacionamiento del Centro Cívico o la construcción de una playa de estacionamiento adyacente a la misma, incluyendo la disminución del asbesto y el acceso para personas incapacitadas.

1992年改良市政中心停車場債務法案。發行公債$24,000,000，用於支付擴建市政中心停車場或在鄰近建築停車場，包括減少石棉和為殘障人士提供方便。

227 SI 赞成
228 NO 反对

BONOS PARA MEJORAR EL SISTEMA DE CALEFACCION DEL CENTRO CIVICO, 1992. Contraer una deuda en bonos de $21,200,000 para pagar por la construcción o reconstrucción de un sistema de calefacción dentro de la zona del Centro Cívico, incluyendo las tuberías y un sistema de caldera de agua caliente.

1992年改良市政中心保暖系統債務法案。發行公債$21,200,000，用於支付興建或重建市政中心地區內的保暖系統，包括管道和熱水系統。

232 SI 赞成
233 NO 反对

¿Deberá la Ciudad separar un cierto porcentaje de sus Fondos Generales cada año durante 12 años (1993-2005) para que sea usado únicamente para pagar por ciertos tipos de proyectos de capital, tales como la construcción, el mantenimiento y la adquisición de los edificios municipales y otra propiedad pública?

應否規定市政府每年撥出一定比例的普通基金，連經名十二年（1993-2005），只用於特定的基礎工程，如興建、保養和購置市府大樓和其他公共物業？
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>YES</th>
<th>NO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Shall the duties and personnel of the County Clerk be transferred from the Clerk of the Superior Court to the Department of Governmental Services, under the supervision of the Chief Administrative Officer?</td>
<td>237</td>
<td>238</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>Shall the Chief Zoo Veterinarian be appointed and hold office at the pleasure of the General Manager of the Recreation and Park Department, subject to the approval of the Recreation and Park Commission, rather than under civil service rules?</td>
<td>241</td>
<td>242</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Shall the Purchaser no longer be required to maintain an inventory of all materials, supplies and equipment for other City departments, leaving the responsibility for maintaining such inventories to individual City departments?</td>
<td>245</td>
<td>246</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Shall it be the policy of the people of the City and County of San Francisco to support dividing California into a northern California state and a southern California state?</td>
<td>248</td>
<td>249</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J</td>
<td>Shall it be the policy of the people of the City and County of San Francisco for San Francisco to be part of the northern California state if California is divided into a northern California state and a southern California state?</td>
<td>252</td>
<td>253</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

END OF BALLOT
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BALOTA APARTIDARIA</th>
<th>CONSOLIDATED PRIMARY ELECTION, JUNE 2, 1992, CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CIUDAD Y CONDADO DE SAN FRANCISCO</td>
<td>ELECCIONES PRIMARIAS CONSOLIDADAS, 2 DE JUNIO DE 1992</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MEDIDAS SOMETIDAS AL VOTO DE LOS ELECTORES — PROPOSICIONES DE LA CIUDAD Y CONDADO</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>237 SI 贊成</td>
<td>無黨派選票 9F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>238 NO 反對</td>
<td>競選初選 一九九二年六月二日</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>¿Se transferirán las tareas y el personal del Escrivano de la Ciudad desde la oficina del Escrivano del Tribunal Superior al Departamento de Servicios Gubernamentales, bajo la supervisión del Funcionario Ejecutivo Principal?</td>
<td>提交選民投票表決的市、縣提案</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>241 SI 贊成</td>
<td>無黨派選票 9F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>242 NO 反對</td>
<td>競選初選 一九九二年六月二日</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>¿Se nombrará al Veterinario Principal del Zoológico, y éste ejecutará sus funciones, según lo desee el Gerente General del Departamento de Recreación y Parques, sujeto a la aprobación de la Comisión de Recreación y Parques, en lugar de hacerlo bajo las reglas del servicio civil?</td>
<td>提交選民投票表決的市、縣提案</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>245 SI 贊成</td>
<td>無黨派選票 9F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>246 NO 反對</td>
<td>競選初選 一九九二年六月二日</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>¿Ya no será necesario que el Comprador mantenga un inventario de todos los materiales, suministros y equipos para otros departamentos de la Ciudad, otorgando, en cambio, la responsabilidad de mantener dichos inventarios a cada departamento individual de la Ciudad?</td>
<td>提交選民投票表決的市、縣提案</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>248 SI 贊成</td>
<td>無黨派選票 9F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>249 NO 反對</td>
<td>競選初選 一九九二年六月二日</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>¿Será la política de las personas del Ciudad y Condado de San Francisco apoyar la división de California en un estado de California del norte y un estado de California del sur?</td>
<td>提交選民投票表決的市、縣提案</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>¿Será la política de las personas de la Ciudad y Condado de San Francisco que San Francisco forme parte del estado de California del norte en caso de que sea dividida California en un estado de California del norte y un estado de California del sur?</td>
<td>提交選民投票表決的市、縣提案</td>
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FIN DE LA BALOTA

票終
OOPS!

Sometimes we make mistakes, but when we do we admit it.

With all the items that go into this pamphlet, it is possible we may have missed something or even made a mistake. If we did, we will publish a correction notice in the three local papers just before election day. Watch for our ad:

May 19, 20 and 21

Look in the Public Notices section of the San Francisco Chronicle, San Francisco Examiner and San Francisco Independent.
LOCAL OFFICES TO BE VOTED ON THIS ELECTION

JUDGE OF THE MUNICIPAL COURT

A Judge of the Municipal Court presides over civil and criminal controversies, hears arguments, evaluates evidence and makes legal rulings, decisions and judgments. Judge of the Municipal Court is a state judicial officer of limited jurisdiction.

Municipal Court Judges are paid $90,679.92 per year.

____________________________________________________

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS
LOCAL CANDIDATES

On the following pages are statements of qualifications from local candidates. They have been printed as submitted. Spelling and grammatical errors have not been corrected.

The statements are submitted by the candidates. They have not been checked for accuracy by any City official or agency.
Candidates for Municipal Court Judge, Office #5

ELLEN CHAITIN

My address is 175 Upper Terrace
My occupation is Trial Attorney
My age is 44
My qualifications for office are:
• 20 years criminal/civil trial experience
• Hastings Law School graduate
• Past Chair, Bar Association Criminal Justice Council
• Delinquency Prevention Commissioner (1985 – 1987)
• Volunteer Attorney, Women’s Health Clinic
• Former Faculty, Hastings Trial Advocacy College
• Married, two children

A judgeship is a serious professional responsibility and sacred public trust. I’m honored that my professional accomplishments and community service have earned the respect of this diverse cross-section of colleagues and community leaders:

SHERIFF Mike Hennessey
DISTRICT ATTORNEY Arlo Smith
JUDGES: Clinton White, Donna Hitchens, Ollie Marie-Victoire, Daniel Hanlon, Laurence Kay, Douglas Munson, Michael Dufficey, Mary Morgan, Herb Donaldson, Philip Moscone, Jerome Benson, Dorothy vonBeroldingen, Joseph Desmond

RETIRED: Claude Perasso, Leland Lazarus, Mary Pajalich, Daniel Weinstein, John Eriola

10 FORMER BAR ASSOCIATION PRESIDENTS
SPEAKER Willie Brown
SENATOR Milton Marks
ASSESSOR Richard Hongisto
SCHOOL BOARD: Libby Denebeim, JoAnne Miller, Fred Rodriguez, Carlota delPortillo, Leland Yee, Dan Kelly
COLLEGE BOARD: Bill Marquis, Chuck Ayala, Tim Wolfred, Rodel Rodis, Robert Varni
BART DIRECTOR Mike Bernick

COMMUNITY LEADERS: Melvin Swig, Yori Wada, Wendy Nelder, Nancy Walker, Jim Mayo, Jose Medina, William Coblentz, Louis Chan, Paul Wotman, Sue Bierman

Ellen Chaitin

JANET W. FORSYTHE

My address is 138 Seventh Avenue
My occupation is Deputy Public Defender
My age is 34
My qualifications for office are:
• Since 1850, judges have presided over California courts in San Francisco.
• In these 142 years since statehood, none have been Black women.
• It's time to make history!
• I offer the highest trial court qualifications:
  • Honors graduate — George Washington University.
  • Dean’s Honor List — Georgetown University Law Center.
  • Principal Attorney — Nine Year Veteran, Public Defender’s Office.
  • “Barristor of the Year” — 1988.
  • Board of Directors — Bar Association of San Francisco.
  • Coro Foundation Fellow.
  • American Fellow — American Association of University Women.
  • Co-founder — Mentors in the Elementary Schools.

As an experienced attorney — skilled in one of the toughest trial courts in America — I will bring tough-minded fairness and good judgment to the court.

I will also be a role model for our young men and women.

My supporters include:
Mayor Frank Jordan; Public Defender Jeff Brown; former Mayor Joseph Alioto; Appeals Court Justice Timothy Reardon; Judges: Julie Tang, Lilian Sing, Lee Baxter, Donald Mitchell; Betty Smith — former Chair California Democratic Party; Katherine Feinstein; Doris Thomas; Leroy King; Clothilde Hewlett — Police Commissioner; Harold Hoogasian; Pat Norman; William Terheyden; Larry Martin; Hadie Redd; Melecio Santos; Charles Birenbaum; Michael Brassington.

Please join with me in electing the first African-American woman judge in San Francisco history.

Janet W. Forsythe
Candidates for Municipal Court Judge, Office #6

DONNA LITTLE

My address is 1380 Greenwich Street
My occupation is Judge of the Municipal Court
My age is 39
My qualifications for office are:

As a Municipal Court Judge, I have delivered justice in a fair and impartial manner. I have worked to protect the rights of all citizens. My qualifications include service as Vice-Chair of the California Commission on the Status of Women, Chair of the California State Advisory Committee on Sexual Assault Victim Services and Chairperson of the California Workers’ Compensation Appeals Board. I am a graduate of UCLA Law School and Brown University. My community work includes directing efforts to educate battered women about their rights and conducting a forum on Women and AIDS, co-sponsored by the University of California. I was honored in March 1992 as part of California Women’s History Month Cavalcade of Women.

My sponsors include: City Attorney Louise Renne; Assemblyperson Willie Brown; Supervisor Roberta Achtenberg; Supervisor Angela Alioto; Supervisor Tom Hsieh; Supervisor Kevin Shelley; Supervisor Doris Ward; Judge Jack Berman; Judge John Dearman; Judge Joseph Desmond; Judge Herbert Donaldson; Judge David Garcia; Judge Donna Hitchens; Judge Lenard Louie; Judge Perker Meeks; Judge Mary Morgan; Judge Philip Moscone; Judge Ronald Quinachay; Judge Lillian Sing; Judge Julie Tang; District Attorney Arlo Smith; Larry Mazzola, Secretary-Treasurer, Local 38; Joan-Marie Shelley, President, SF United Educators; Paul Vanculli, Vice-President, SEIU.

Donna Little

BARRY MELTON

My address is 3258 Harrison Street
My occupation is Attorney
My age is 44 years
My qualifications for office are:

Throughout my years as a lawyer and from my early days as a musician, I have donated my legal and musical skills to our community. San Francisco deserves judges committed to democratic principles of fairness and equality. In this spirit, I offer my candidacy:

• Among a handful of self-taught lawyers admitted to the Bar.
• Founding partner, Melton, Duncan & Hirshbein. Extensive criminal trial experience.
• Pro tem Municipal Court Judge. Volunteer civil arbitrator.
• Named an “Outstanding Lawyer in Public Service” by Bar Association.
• Co-chair of Juvenile Justice Section. Trained staff of Bar Association’s referral service in landlord-tenant law.
• Pro-bono work for seniors, juveniles and needy.

My broad support reflects my integrity and impartiality. As a parent, musician and lawyer, I know this community. Now you can choose a San Francisco judge for a San Francisco court.

Supporters include:
Retired Judges: Leland Lazarus, Daniel Weinstein
Sheriff Mike Hennessey
Supervisors: Harry Britt, Jim Gonzalez, Terence Hallinan, Carole Migden
Assistant District Attorney: Richard Hechler
Deputy Public Defender: Kimiko Burton
Police Sergeant Art Tapia
Juvenile Justice Commissioner Arla Escontrias
School Board: JoAnne Miller, Carlotta del Portillo

Art Agnos, Keith Eickman, Katherine Feinstein, David Jenkins, Paul Kantner, Sam Lauter, Enola Maxwell, Ben Tom, Alicia Wang

Barry Melton

Statements are volunteered by the candidates and have not been checked for accuracy by any official agency.
Arguments For and Against Ballot Measures

On the following pages, you will find information about local ballot measures, including arguments for and against the measures. All arguments are strictly the opinions of their respective authors. None have been checked for accuracy by this office or any other City official or agency. Arguments and rebuttals are reproduced as they are submitted, including typographical and grammatical errors.

"Proponent's" and "Opponent's" Arguments

For each measure, one argument in favor of the measure ("Proponent's Argument") and one argument against the measure ("Opponent's Argument") are printed in the Voter Information Pamphlet free of charge.

The designation, "Proponent's Argument" and "Opponent's Argument" indicates only that the arguments were selected in accordance with criteria in Section 5.74.5 of the San Francisco Administrative Code and were printed free of charge. The Registrar does not edit the arguments, and the Registrar makes no claims as to the accuracy of statements in the arguments.

The "Proponent's Argument" and the "Opponent's Argument" are selected according to the following priorities:

"Proponent's Argument":
1. The official proponent of an initiative petition; or
   the Mayor, the Board of Supervisors, or four
   members of the Board, if the measure was
   submitted by same.
2. The Board of Supervisors, or any member or
   members designated by the Board.
3. The Mayor.
4. Any bona fide association of citizens that has
   filed as a campaign committee in support of the
   measure.
5. Any bona fide association of citizens, or combina-
   tion of voters and association of citizens.
6. Any individual voter.

"Opponent's Argument":
1. For a referendum, the person who files the refer-
   endum petition with the Board of Supervisors.
2. The Board of Supervisors, or any member or
   members designated by the Board.
3. The Mayor.
4. Any bona fide association of citizens that has
   filed as a campaign committee opposing the
   measure.
5. Any bona fide association of citizens, or combi-
   nation of voters and association of citizens.
6. Any individual voter.

Rebuttal Arguments

The author of a "Proponent's Argument" or an "Opponent's Argument," may also prepare and submit a rebuttal argument. Rebuttals are also the opinions of the author and are not checked for accuracy by the Registrar of Voters or any other City official or agency. Rebuttal arguments are printed below the corresponding "Proponent's Argument" and "Opponent's Argument."

Paid Arguments

In addition to the "Proponent's Arguments" and "Opponent's Arguments" which are printed without charge, any eligible voter, group of voters, or association may submit paid arguments.

Paid arguments are printed after the direct arguments and rebuttals. All of the arguments in favor of a measure are printed together, followed by the arguments opposed to that measure. Paid arguments for each measure are not printed in any particular order; they are arranged to make the most efficient use of the space on each page.

Arguments and rebuttals are solely the opinions of their authors. Arguments and rebuttals are not checked for accuracy by the Registrar of Voters, or by any other City official or agency.
PROPOSITION A

GOLDEN GATE PARK IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1992. To Incur a bonded indebtedness of $76,300,000 to pay the cost of the construction or reconstruction of repair, reforestation and rehabilitation of Golden Gate Park including water system supply and irrigation, lakes and water courses, utilities including street and security lighting, repair and rehabilitation of park features, landscaping, rest rooms including disabled access thereto.

Analysis
by Ballot Simplification Committee

THE WAY IT IS NOW: Many of the wells, pumps, pipes, filters and other parts of the water systems for Golden Gate Park are old and in need of repair. Large sections of the Park use drinking water for irrigation. The Park also contains a number of artificial lakes that are leaking. The Park’s electrical wiring and lights are old and require frequent repairs. Some of the Park’s public rest rooms are not accessible to handicapped persons. Old or damaged trees must be replaced to preserve the park.

THE PROPOSAL: Proposition A would allow the City to borrow $76,300,000 by issuing general obligation bonds. The money would be used to improve and repair Golden Gate Park facilities. These include the Park’s irrigation and other water systems, lakes, street lighting and security lighting. The money also would be used for landscaping, replacing trees and making Park rest rooms more accessible to disabled persons.

A “YES” VOTE MEANS: If you vote yes, you want to allow the City to borrow $76,300,000 by issuing general obligation bonds to pay for improvements and repairs to Golden Gate Park.

A “NO” VOTE MEANS: If you vote no, you do not want the City to issue general obligation bonds for this purpose.

Controller’s Statement on “A”

City Controller Edward Harrington has issued the following statement on the fiscal impact of Proposition A:

In my opinion, should the proposed bond issue be authorized and bonds issued at current interest rates, I estimate the approximate costs to be:

- Bond redemption: $76,300,000
- Bond interest: $53,791,500
- Debt service requirement: $130,091,500

Based on a single bond sale and level redemption schedules, the average annual debt requirement for twenty (20) years would be approximately $6,504,575 which amount is equivalent to one and twenty-six hundredths cents ($0.0126) in the current tax rate. The increase in annual tax for the owner of a home with a net assessed value of $250,000 would amount to approximately $31.50. It should be noted, however, that the City typically does not issue all authorized bonds at one time; if these bonds are issued over several years, the actual effect on the tax rate may be somewhat less than the maximum amount shown herein.

How Supervisors Voted on “A”

On February 18, 1992 the Board of Supervisors voted 10-0 to place Proposition A on the ballot.

The Supervisors voted as follows:


ABSENT: Supervisor Alloto.

ARGUMENTS FOR AND AGAINST THIS MEASURE IMMEDIATELY FOLLOW THIS PAGE.
THE FULL TEXT OF BOND MEASURES A, B, C & D BEGINS ON PAGE 41.
Golden Gate Park Bonds

PROPONENT’S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION A

VOTE YES ON PROPOSITION A

Golden Gate Park is a treasure for all San Franciscans. The Park provides a respite from the pressures of city life for families, neighbors and communities from all over the City. Within the Park’s one thousand acres are lakes, streams, waterfalls, hiking trails, bike routes, playgrounds, picnic sites, museums, meadows and forests. To the casual observer, the Park appears to be healthy. However, the Park’s infrastructure is old and near collapse. Wells which provide much of the irrigation are failing. Water supply lines are disintegrating. Lakes are leaking. Streams are drying up. Waterfalls are eroding. Electrical utility lines are rotting in the ground. The forest is dying. In addition, many of the Park’s basic facilities, such as public restrooms, are not accessible to disabled persons. Some restrooms are not functional. If these problems are not corrected, the City risks losing the Park to erosion and decay.

Proposition A will fund necessary repairs to keep Golden Gate Park healthy for future generations of San Franciscans. Repairs to the Park’s infrastructure will include replacing the underground utilities which provide the Park’s water supply, drainage system, and electricity. Wells will be restored; pumps will be replaced; lakes will be cleaned and rescaled; waterfalls will be repaired. Also, the replanting of the old and dying forest will be accelerated. In addition, public restrooms throughout the Park will be repaired and made accessible to disabled persons. Proposition A promises to rescue Golden Gate Park from erosion and decay. Help save Golden Gate Park.

Vote YES on Proposition A.

Submitted by the Board of Supervisors and the Mayor

This argument was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on March 16, 1992.

Absent: Supervisors Kennedy and Maher.

REBUTTAL TO PROPONENT’S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION A

Sure, it would be nice to improve Golden Gate Park and to re-build Civic Center in accordance with the original 1912 plan. These things would be nice...

And it would also be nice if each of us taxpayers could afford a new BMW, a new swimming pool, a new yacht, a new stereo system, new jewelry, new clothes...

But we all have to live within our means! This should include the City!

Right now the City is projected to end this fiscal year with a budget deficit of over $150 MILLION!

Since 1986, the City has authorized some ONE HALF BILLION DOLLARS worth of bonds!

To top it off, we’re in the middle of a recession!

Is this any time to approve the over $100 MILLION worth of new bonds proposed in Propositions “A,” “B,” “C,” and “D”?

Let us put the question another way: Would you borrow $15,000 to buy a new car, build a new swimming pool, or purchase jewelry if you were more than $15,000 short of funds to pay your regular monthly bills?

Of course not!

Then why should the City borrow over $100 MILLION to refurbish parks, when it’s $150 MILLION short of funds to pay this year’s bills!

Remember, that’s how New York City spent itself into receivership!

VOTE NO ON THE $100 MILLION WORTH OF BONDS!
VOTE “NO” ON “A”, “B”, “C” AND “D”!

COMMITTEE TO PREVENT MUNICIPAL BANKRUPTCY
Arlo H. Smith, Democratic County Committee member
Alexa Smith, Democratic State Committee member
Robert Silvestri, Republican County Committee member

Arguments printed on this page are the opinion of the authors and have not been checked for accuracy by any official agency.
OPPONENT’S ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION A

VOTE “NO” ON MUNICIPAL BANKRUPTCY!

This year the City has a budget deficit of $100 or more. With a recession, and the free-spending habits of the current Board of Supervisors, we can only expect greater shortfalls in future years!

But does that stop the politicians at City Hall? No way! Despite the $100 million budget shortfall, the spendthrift Supervisors are asking you to add to the City’s debt by passing tens of millions of dollars worth of new bonds.

About twenty years ago the politicians in a place called New York City followed a similar policy of issuing new bonds on top of budget deficits. And, as they say, the rest is history!

San Francisco deserves better! It needs a chance to eliminate staggering budget deficits by cutting out the fat in City government before it incurs more bonded indebtedness.

Improvements to Golden Gate Park, and the Civic Center, might be nice amenities, but it would be foolish fiscal policy to mortgage the City’s future for such luxuries during the middle of a recession.

To pass new bond issues for such items at this time would be the equivalent of a person who had just received a lay-off notice to borrow money to build a new deck and swimming pool! It is a sure ticket to bankruptcy court!

Before they ask the voters to issue new bonds during a recession, the Supervisors should draw straws to decide which one of them will sign the Chapter 9 bankruptcy petition for the City when the bottom falls out of the barrel!

STOP THE BOND SWINDLE! PREVENT MUNICIPAL BANKRUPTCY! VOTE “NO” ON PROPOSITIONS “A”, “B”, “C” AND “D”!!

COMMITTEE TO PREVENT MUNICIPAL BANKRUPTCY

Arlo H. Smith, Democratic County Committeemember
Alexa Smith, Democratic State Committeemember
Robert Silvestri, Republican County Committeemember

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REBUTTAL TO OPPONENT’S ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION A

There is only one statement in the arguments against Propositions A and B which makes sense and with which we can agree. It is that “San Francisco deserves better”.

“San Francisco deserves better” protection against the further deterioration of Golden Gate Park.

“San Francisco deserves better” assurances that public open spaces which have been handed to us from past generations be preserved and enhanced so that we, and future generations, can continue to use and enjoy Golden Gate Park and Civic Center Plaza. That is what Propositions A and B would accomplish.

The opponents’ statement that San Francisco has a “budget deficit” is a fiction. The fact is that the current year’s budget is balanced. Future budgets will also be balanced as provided by law. The fact is that Propositions A and B have nothing to do with balancing budgets.

The opponents are trying to scare you into voting against what they agree are “nice amenities” by a phony comparison to New York which issued bonds for operating deficits. We are proposing bonds for long term capital improvements.

Propositions A and B are necessary investments in our future, investments which will not increase annual operating costs but may decrease them. Propositions A and B are prudent proposals which will protect our heritage open spaces and assure their continued use and enjoyment by all San Franciscans.

VOTE YES ON PROPOSITIONS A AND B.

Submitted by the Board of Supervisors

This argument was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on March 23, 1992.

Absent: Supervisors Alioto, Kennedy and Maher.

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PAID ARGUMENTS IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION A

Golden Gate Park is a critical link in the Bay Area’s open space system. It serves the recreational needs of hundreds of thousands of city residents every year and is renowned as a unique jewel among urban parks in the nation. We must protect our investment in this invaluable park and preserve it in good condition for future generations.

Beryl Magilavy, Chair, San Francisco Group Sierra Club
Andrew Nash, President, San Francisco Tomorrow
David Strain, President, San Francisco Friends of Urban Forest
Zack Cowan, Vice President, Greenbelt Alliance
Richard and Rhoda Goldman, Goldman Environmental Prize
Isabel Wade, Urban Resource Systems
Dan Hodapp, Robert Dutra, Co-Chairs, Park and Open Space Advisory Committee
Bradford Benson, President, San Francisco League of Conservation Voters
Betty Traylor, San Francisco Greens
Martin Rosen, President, Trust for Public Land*
Jacob Sigg, President, Yerba Buena Chapter, California Native Plant Society*
Edward Dierauf, San Francisco League of Urban Gardeners*
Donna Gouse, Green Party*

*Affiliation listed for identification purposes only.

Golden Gate Park is the heart of San Francisco’s Open Space and Recreational System. It has truly served all the City’s neighborhoods. To keep this vital resource healthy, it’s necessary to repair and upgrade its infrastructure. Proposition A will do this. The Coalition for San Francisco Neighborhoods, which represents 54 neighborhood groups throughout the City, strongly urges the passage of Proposition A.

Coalition for San Francisco Neighborhoods

Golden Gate Park is a special place for all San Franciscans. The Park now needs your help. Its wells are near collapse; its lakes are full of silt; its waterfalls and streams are in decline; its irrigation systems are broken; its forests are dying. We, the Commissioners and former Commissioners of the Recreation and Park Department urge you to help save Golden Gate Park by voting YES on Proposition A.

Trent W. Orr, President, Recreation and Park Commission
Richard J. Guggenheim, Vice President, Recreation and Park Commission
Sidney Chan, Member, Recreation and Park Commission
Keith Eickman, Member, Recreation and Park Commission
Sue Sommers Loos, Member, Recreation and Park Commission
Connie O’Connor, Member, Recreation and Park Commission
Santiago Ruiz, Member, Recreation and Park Commission
Luisa Esquerro, Former Member, Recreation and Park Commission
Eugene L. Friend, Former Member, Recreation and Park Commission
Frances McAteer, Former Member, Recreation and Park Commission
Amy Meyer, Former Member, Recreation and Park Commission
Jeffrey K. Mori, Former Member, Recreation and Park Commission
Gladys G. Moore, Former Member, Recreation and Park Commission
Fred A. Rodriguez, Former Member, Recreation and Park Commission
Samantha Yruegas, Former Member, Recreation and Park Commission

Golden Gate Park is one of San Francisco’s most valued resources. Unfortunately, this beautiful area is falling into disrepair. Leaking pipes, old lighting systems, dilapidated public restrooms and other facilities need immediate work.

Proposition A will help repair and upgrade Golden Gate Park’s infrastructure, preserving the park’s safety, accessibility and beauty. Please join me in voting yes on Proposition A. Thank you.

Supervisor Roberta Achtenberg

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PAID ARGUMENTS IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION A

A YES vote on Proposition A will directly benefit visitors to the de Young and Asian Art museums. Improved lighting will significantly increase the security of visitors to evening programs and events. Park reforestation will protect and enhance the museums beautiful surroundings. New electrical service will ensure the safety and continuity of power to the museums. Please vote YES on A.

The Museum Society
David Jamison, Chair
Alice Lowe
Richard W. Goss II
Alexandra Phillips
Gail Merriam
Genevieve Spiegel
Audrey Rice Oliver

San Francisco’s elected officials urge you to help save Golden Gate Park. Vote YES on Proposition A.

Leo McCarthy, Lieutenant Governor
Willie Brown, Jr., California State Assembly Speaker
John Burton, California State Assembly
Milton Marks, California State Senate
Louise Renne, City Attorney
Jeff Brown, Public Defender
Arlo Smith, District Attorney
Michael Hennessey, Sheriff
Carlota del Portillo, Member, Board of Education
Libby Denebeim, Member, Board of Education
Tom Ammiano, Member, Board of Education
Dr. Leland Y. Lee, Member, Board of Education
JoAnne Miller, Member, Board of Education
Dr. Dan Kelly, Member, Board of Education
Ernest Chuck Ayala, Member, Community College Governing Board
Robert Burton, Member, Community College Governing Board
Rodel Rodis, Member, Community College Governing Board
Tim Wolfred, Member, Community College Governing Board

Golden Gate Park is dying and needs our help. This fragile environment in the heart of the City is crumbling. For the preservation of the Park’s forests, streams, lakes and meadows vote YES on Proposition A.

James C. Kelley, President, California Academy of Sciences
Jean McClatchy, President, Friends of Recreation and Parks
Leslie Schemel, Executive Director, Friends of Recreation and Parks
Tripp Diedricks, President, Golden Gate Angling and Casting Club
Betty Silverman, Golden Gate Park Equestrians
Polly Dingman, Golden Gate Park Stables, Inc.
Mary L. Gregory, President, Randall Museum Society
John Spring, San Francisco Conservatory of Flowers Auxiliary
Bobby Winston, San Francisco Shakespeare Festival
Margaret Burke, San Francisco Zoological Society
Calvin B. Tilden, Stow Lake Corporation
Susan Addison, President, Strybing Arboretum Society
Edith Fried, Volunteer Collectors of Golden Gate Park

Golden Gate Park did not just happen. Hard working men and women dedicated their lives to create it. Now it is broken and we must fix it. Let’s bring back the Golden Gate Park we remember, the one we want our children to remember. Vote YES on Proposition A.

Walter Johnson, San Francisco Labor Council, AFL-CIO
Stan Smith, San Francisco Building Trades Council
Robert McDonnell, Laborers, Local 261
Thomas Harrison, Laborers, Local 261
Sal Rosselli, Healthcare Workers Union Local 250
J. B. Martin, Automotive Machinists Lodge 1305
Larry Martin, Transport Workers Union
Larry Mazzola, Plumbers Local 38

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Golden Gate Park Bonds

PAID ARGUMENTS IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION A

Golden Gate Park improves the quality of life for all San Franciscans. The Park is a major factor in our City's economic well being. It makes good sense to support the restoration of the basic systems that give it life. Vote YES on Proposition A.

Leland M. Gustafson, Vice President, Golden Gate Region Pacific Gas and Electric Company*
Grant N. Horne, Vice President, Pacific Gas and Electric Company*
Robert F. Begley, Executive Director, Hotel Council of San Francisco
Alexander Zubak, President, Northern California Concierge Association*
Edward J. Phipps, Executive Director, Downtown Association of San Francisco*
Marie Brooks, President, Downtown Association of San Francisco*
Rudolf Nothenberg, Chief Administrative Officer
Lois Lehrman, Nob Hill Gazette*
Anne C. Lawrence, Diet Dynamics*
G. M. Bowles, President, Bowles Farming Company*
Kenneth B. Moore, Manager, Cartier*
Parker A. Maddux, Pillsbury Madison and Sutro*
Ann Brown, Ann Brown Interiors*
Albert E. Schlesinger, Retired, S & C Motors*
Melvin M. Swig, Swig Weiler Dinner Development Co.*
Angelo Quaranta, Restaurant Owner
Pamela Berman
Kile Osier, The Names Project*
Richard H. Peterson
R. Stevens Gilley, President, Swig Weiler Dinner Development Co.*
Charles Dishman, GUMP'S, Group Vice President*
J.L. Bricker, President, John L. Bricker Co.*
Bruce W. Lilienthal, President, San Francisco Small Business Institute*
James G. Fussell, Jr., Executive Director, San Francisco Planning & Urban Research Association (SPUR)*

*Affiliation listed for identification purposes only.

Golden Gate Park serves every community in San Francisco. It is a special place for neighborhood events, family gatherings and personal reflection. Unfortunately, Golden Gate Park is deteriorating. Its lakes are leaking, its pathways are crumbling and its aging forest is dying. Proposition A will provide funds to restore Golden Gate Park for the enjoyment of future generations. Vote YES on Proposition A.

Sherry Agnos
Louis J. Amoroso
Ruth Asawa
Barbara Bagot
Vikki Bay
Hilda Bernstein
Susan Bierman
Shirley Black
Jamie Nicol Bowles
Sharon Bretz
Thad Brown
Linda Cannon
Gwen Craig
Kelly Cullen
Susanne L. Danielson
Ina Dearman
Henry Der
Dino Di Donato
Steven J. Doi
Mrs. Morris Doyle
Doug Engmann
Rotea Gifford
Louis J. Giraud
Richard Grossboll
Anne Halsted
Rev. Monsignor John P. Heany
Ricardo Hernandez
Roberto Hernandez
Claudine Huey
Agar Jaicks
Maurice James
Cameo F. Jones
Shirley Jones
Jean Kall
Tony Kilroy
Jean Kortum
Reverend John and Donneter E. Lane
Pat Lynch
Victor Makras
Kenneth Maley
Esther Marks
Robert J. McCarthy
Pamela Minarik
Gina Moscone
Steven M. Neuberger
George Newkirk
Jane Otto
Terry O'Wing
Sulalagi Palega
Lois Pavlov
Marianne H. Peterson
David Piplil
Gee Gee Platt
Alice Russell-Shapiro
Ana Sanchez
Richard Sanchez
Sharyn Saslofsky
Gail Schlesinger
Thomatra P. Scott
Barbara H. Stevens
Charlotte Mailliard Swig
Benjamin Tom
John Turnbull
Yori Wada
Minnie and Lovie Ward
Daniel Y. Weinstein
Gerald Whitehead
Midge Wilson
Doug Wong
Harold Tee
Robert W. Zinkhon

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PAID ARGUMENTS IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION A

The De Laveaga Dell in Golden Gate Park is the future site of the AIDS Memorial Grove. This bond will assist with essential restoration of the Dell’s drainage system and is strongly supported by the community combating AIDS.

Isabel Wade, AIDS Memorial Grove
John E. Yarling, Executive Director, AIDS Benefit Counselors
Wayne April, Dignity AIDS Support Group
David Jonson, Coming Home Organization
Rick Salinas, AIDS Emergency Fund

San Francisco’s former Mayors understand the critical needs of Golden Gate Park. Golden Gate Park is treasured by all San Franciscans. We urge your support in preserving and sustaining it for future generations. Vote YES on Proposition A.

Art Agnos
Dianne Feinstein
Joseph L. Alioto
George Christopher

You can run, skate, walk, bicycle, meander or simply sit in it. Golden Gate Park is an oasis of serenity and loneliness from the hustle and bustle of urban life.

What San Franciscan does not have at least one deep-seated, loving memory of this urban jewel? May all of us who have partaken of Golden Gate Park’s delights take action to ensure its future.

Vote YES on PROPOSITION A.

Impala Women’s Racing Team

Golden Gate Park is the centerpiece of San Francisco’s park system. The fragile environment of Golden Gate Park is nearing collapse. The loss of our Park would be a tragedy. San Francisco’s neighborhood organizations urge you to help preserve Golden Gate Park. Vote YES on Proposition A.

Jim Rhoads
Haight Ashbury Neighborhood Council
Carole Isaacs, President
Buena Vista Neighborhood Association
Carol Glossenger
Cole Valley Improvement Association
Jim Lazarus
Planning Association for the Richmond
Richard Millet, President
Potrero Hill Boosters Club
Midge Wilson
Tenderloin Network of Family Services
Kelly Cullen
Tenderloin Youth Advocates
Edward Spivak
Haight Ashbury Improvement Association
Carol Kocivar, President
West of Twin Peaks Central Council

Golden Gate Park is a city treasure. Your Yes vote on Proposition A will insure that the park’s trees, plants, lakes, fields and buildings are maintained.

If Golden Gate Park is to remain a beautiful place for the eleven million people who enjoy it each year, please vote Yes on Proposition A.

Donald D. Doyle
President
San Francisco Chamber of Commerce
Golden Gate Park Bonds

PAID ARGUMENTS AGAINST PROPOSITION A

Vote NO on Proposition A

The Supreme Court is expected to rule on the constitutionality of Proposition 13 in July. If Proposition 13 is invalidated, some owners of real property in California could be required to pay substantially higher property taxes. With the uncertainty surrounding the Supreme Court’s decision, San Francisco is proposing $150 million in bond measures (Propositions A, B, C and D) which, if approved by a two-thirds majority of the voters, will increase property taxes whether Proposition 13 is invalidated or not. The amount of the increase will be $22 for every $1,000 of assessed value (or $77 for a home with an assessed value of $350,000). If Proposition 13 is invalidated, property assessments could be increased and the effect of passage of these bond measures could be even greater for individual property owners.

Under one of the above-mentioned bond measures, Proposition A, the city would issue $76.3 million in general obligation bonds to repair Golden Gate Park’s aging infrastructure. But monies to maintain the city’s infrastructure are supposed to come from the city’s general fund, not general obligation bonds. Why is the city using this financing vehicle for infrastructure maintenance? Because the Board of Supervisors has not done its job and must now turn to property owners to bail the city out.

Golden Gate Park is one of the premiere public parks in the United States and must be preserved. But the responsibility for maintaining it should not be foisted by the supervisors onto property owners through the issuance of general obligation bonds. This Election Day, send a message to City Hall. Vote NO on Proposition A.

San Francisco Home Owners Council

Of course everyone wants our city’s infrastructure improved. City Hall has neglected it for too long. But who pays the bill? Voters may think it’s free. NOT TRUE!

If all four bond measures on this ballot pass, the cost for each rental unit will be approximately $22. Add this to the $24 increase already approved with former Proposition B, and you’ll see that these things aren’t free. It’s City Hall on a credit card spree!

The politicians haven’t been taking care of business. Now the people have to pay the price.

There is no free lunch.

Vote NO on Propositions A, B, C, and D!

Thomas Garber
Vice-President, San Francisco Apartment Association.

Only in San Francisco would our big spending politicians want to raise taxes in the midst of a recession when the city is facing a $150 million dollar budget deficit and potential lay-offs.

It’s telling that every presidential candidate — Republican and Democrat alike — is saying what our new mayor said in his campaign last year — “No New Taxes.” But that is exactly what Propositions A, B, C, and D do — they raise taxes.

Proposition A calls for a $76.3 million dollar bond for improvements to Golden Gate Park. The big spenders don’t tell you about the $53,791,500 dollars in interest. They conveniently forget to mention the real cost of this bond which is $130,091,500.

A little here, a little there. The politicians also forget to tell you about their proposed $100 million dollar bond measure for repairs at Laguna Honda which you’ll read about in the November Voter handbook. Or how about the proposed $100 million dollar bond for a new juvenile hall. You’ll see that one in the November Voter handbook too.

And how are all these bonds paid for? They are paid for by increasing property taxes. That means an increase in your tax bill if you own property. It means higher rents if you are a renter.

According to a recent report the City can still legally incur in excess of $900 million dollars in new debt. You can be sure of two things: first they will find a way of spending every nickel of it, and secondly, you’ll pay for it.

Vote No on Proposition A.

James Slaughter
Treasurer, Property Owners Against Excessive Taxation

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TEXT OF ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING BOND ELECTION
PROPOSITION A, PROPOSITION B, PROPOSITION C AND PROPOSITION D

(Special Election)
CALLING AND PROVIDING FOR A SPECIAL ELECTION TO BE HELD IN THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO ON TUESDAY, JUNE 2, 1992, FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUBMITTING TO THE VOTERS OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO PROPOSITIONS TO INCUR THE FOLLOWING BONDED DEBTS OF THE CITY AND COUNTY FOR THE ACQUISITION, CONSTRUCTION OR COMPLETION BY THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO OF THE FOLLOWING MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS, TO WIT: TWENTY-SIX MILLION SEVEN HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS ($26,700,000) FOR IMPROVEMENTS TO THE CIVIC CENTER PLAZA AND FULTON STREET MALL; TWENTY-ONE MILLION TWO HUNDRED TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS ($21,220,000) TO IMPROVE THE HEATING SYSTEM WITHIN THE CIVIC CENTER AREA; TWENTY-FOUR MILLION DOLLARS ($24,000,000) FOR THE ENLARGEMENT, RECONSTRUCTION OR CONSTRUCTION OF A PARKING GARAGE ADJACENT THERETO; SEVENTY-SIX MILLION THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS ($76,300,000) FOR CONSTRUCTION OR RECONSTRUCTION OF IMPROVEMENTS TO GOLDEN GATE PARK; AND THAT THE ESTIMATED COST OF SAID MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS IS AND WILL BE TOO GREAT TO BE PAID OUT OF THE ORDINARY ANNUAL INCOME AND REVENUE OF THE CITY AND COUNTY AND WILL REQUIRE EXPENDITURES GREATER THAN THE AMOUNT ALLOWED THEREFOR BY THE ANNUAL TAX LEVY; REJECTING THE ESTIMATED COST OF SUCH MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS; FIXING THE DATE OF ELECTION AND THE MANNER OF HOLDING SUCH ELECTION AND THE PROCEDURE FOR VOTING FOR OR AGAINST THE PROPOSITIONS; FIXING THE MAXIMUM RATE OF INTEREST ON SAID BONDS AND PROVIDING FOR THE LEVY AND COLLECTION OF TAXES TO PAY BOTH PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST THEREOF; PRESCRIBING NOTICE TO BE GIVEN OF SUCH ELECTION; PROVIDING THE DATE OF THE SPECIAL ELECTION WITH THE GENERAL ELECTION; AND PROVIDING THAT THE ELECTION PRECINCTS, VOTING PLACES AND OFFICERS FOR ELECTION SHALL BE THE SAME AS FOR SUCH GENERAL ELECTION.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

Section 1. A special election is hereby called and ordered to be held in the City and County of San Francisco on Tuesday, the 2nd day of June, 1992, for the purpose of submitting to the electors of said city and county propositions to incur bonded indebtedness of the City and County of San Francisco for the acquisition, construction or completion by the City and County of the hereinafter described municipal improvements in the amounts and for the purposes stated:

CIVIC CENTER IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1992, $26,700,000 for improvements to the Civic Center Plaza and Fulton Street Mall, landscaping and street lighting surrounding the City Hall and areas adjacent thereto, including construction and reconstruction necessary or convenient to improve Civic Center Plaza and Fulton Street Mall, City Hall landscaping and properties adjacent thereto and all other works, property and structures necessary or convenient for such additions and improvements to the Civic Center Plaza and Fulton Street Mall of the City and County of San Francisco.

CIVIC CENTER HEATING SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1992, $21,220,000 to pay the cost of construction or reconstruction of a heating system within the Civic Center area including pipelines and hot water boiler system together with all of the work, property and structures necessary or convenient for such additions and improvements to the heating system within the Civic Center area of the City and County of San Francisco.

CIVIC CENTER PARKING GARAGE IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1992, $24,000,000 to pay for the enlargement of the existing Civic Center Garage or construction of a parking garage adjacent thereto, including asbestos abatement and access for the disabled and providing for all other works, property and structures necessary or convenient for such additions and improvements to the expansion of the parking garage at the Civic Center in the City and County of San Francisco.

GOLDEN GATE PARK IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1992, $76,300,000 to pay the cost of the construction or reconstruction of repair, reforestation and rehabilitation of Golden Gate Park including water system supply and irrigation, lakes and water courses, utilities including street and security lighting, repair and rehabilitation of park features, landscaping, restrooms including disabled access thereto and all other works, property and structures necessary or convenient for such additions and improvements to Golden Gate Park in the City and County of San Francisco.

Section 2. The estimated costs of each of the municipal improvements described in Section 1 hereof were fixed by the Board of Supervisors by the following resolutions and in the amount specified:

Civic Center Improvement Bonds, 1992, Resolution No. 71-92, $26,700,000; Civic Center Heating System Improvement Bonds, 1992, Resolution No. 70-92, $21,220,000; Civic Center Parking Garage Improvement Bonds, 1992, Resolution No. 95-92, $24,000,000; Golden Gate Park Improvement Bonds, 1992, Resolution No. 72-92, $76,300,000.

That said resolutions were passed by two-thirds or more of the Board of Supervisors and approved by the Mayor, and in each said resolution it was recited and found that the sums of money specified were too great to be paid out of the ordinary annual income and revenue of the City and County in addition to the other annual expenses thereof or other funds derived from taxes levied for those purposes and will require expenditures greater than the amounts allowed therefor by the annual tax levy.

The method and manner of payment of the estimated costs of the municipal improvements described herein are by the issuance of bonds of the City and County of San Francisco in the principal amounts not to exceed the principal amounts specified.

Said estimates of cost as set forth in said resolutions are hereby adopted and determined to be the estimated costs of said improvements.

Section 3. The special election hereby called and ordered to be held shall be held and conducted and the votes thereof received and canvassed, and the returns thereof made and the results thereof ascertained, determined and declared as herein provided and in all particulars not herein recited said election shall be held according to the laws of the State of California and the Charter of the City and County of San Francisco providing for and governing elections in the City and County of San Francisco, and the polls for such election shall be and remain open during the time required by said laws.

Section 4. The said special election hereby called shall be and hereby is consolidated with the General Election of the City and County of San Francisco to be held Tuesday, June 2, 1992, and the voting precincts, polling places and officers of election for said General Election be and the same are hereby adopted, established, designated and named, respectively, as the voting precincts, polling places and officers of elections for such special election hereby called, and as specifically set forth, in the official publication, by the Registrar of Voters of precincts, polling places and election officers for the said General Election.

The ballots to be used at said special election shall be the ballots to be used at said General Election and reference is hereby made to the notice of election setting forth the voting precincts, polling places and officers of election by the Registrar of Voters for the General Election to be published in the San Francisco Examiner on or no later than May 12, 1992.

Section 5. On the ballots to be used at such special election and on the punch card ballots used at said special election, in addition to any other matter required by law to be printed thereon, shall appear thereon the following, to be separately stated, and appear upon the ballot as a separate proposition:

"CIVIC CENTER IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1992.

To incur a bonded indebtedness of $26,700,000 for improvements to the Civic Center Plaza and Fulton Street Mall, landscaping and street lighting.

(Continued on next page)"
surrounding the City Hall and areas adjacent thereto."

"CIVIC CENTER HEATING SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1992.
To incur a bonded indebtedness of $21,220,000 to pay the cost of construction or reconstruction of a heating system within the Civic Center area including pipelines and hot water boiler system."

To incur a bonded indebtedness of $24,000,000 to pay for the enlargement of the Civic Center Parking Garage or construction of a parking garage adjacent thereto, including asbestos abatement and providing access for the disabled."

"GOLDEN GATE PARK IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1992.
To incur a bonded indebtedness of $76,300,000 to pay the cost of the construction or reconstruction of repair, reforestation and rehabilitation of Golden Gate Park including water system supply and irrigation, lakes and water courses, utilities including street and security lighting, repair and rehabilitation of park features, landscaping, restrooms including disabled access thereto."

Each voter to vote for any said propositions hereby submitted and in favor of the issuance of the Bonds, shall stamp a cross (X) in the blank space opposite the word "YES" on the ballot to the right of said proposition, and to vote against said proposition and against the issuance of the Bonds shall stamp a cross (X) in the blank space opposite the word "NO" on the ballot to the right of said proposition. On absent voters ballots, the cross (X) may be marked with pen or pencil.

If and to the extent that punch card ballot cards are used at said special election, each voter to vote for any said proposition shall punch the ballot card in the hole after the word "YES" to the right of said proposition, and to vote against said proposition shall punch the ballot card in the hole after the word "NO" to the right of said proposition.

Section 6. If at such special election it shall appear that two-thirds of all the voters voting on the proposition voted in favor of and authorized the incurring of a bonded indebtedness for the purposes set forth in said proposition, then such proposition shall have been accepted by the electors, and bonds shall be issued to defray the cost of the municipal improvements described herein. Such bonds shall be of the form and character known as "serials," and shall bear interest at a rate not to exceed 12 per centum per annum, payable semiannually, provided, that interest for the first year after the date of any of said bonds may be payable at or before the end of that year.

The votes cast for and against said respective propositions shall be counted separately and when two-thirds of the qualified electors, voting on such propositions, vote in favor thereof, such proposition shall be deemed adopted.

Section 7. For the purpose of paying the principal and interest on said bonds, the Board of Supervisors shall, at the time of fixing the general tax levy and in the manner for such general tax levy provided, levy and collect annually each year until such bonds are paid, or until there is a sum in the Treasury of said City and County set apart for that purpose to meet all sums coming due for the principal and interest on said bonds, a tax sufficient to pay the annual interest on such bonds as the same becomes due and also such part of the principal thereof as shall become due before the proceeds of a tax levied at the time for making the next general tax levy can be made available for the payment of such principal.

Section 8. This ordinance shall be published once a day for at least seven (7) days in the San Francisco Examiner, a newspaper published daily in the City and County of San Francisco, being the official newspaper of said city and county and such publication shall constitute notice of said election and no other notice of the election hereby called need be given.

Section 9. The appropriate officers, employees, representatives and agents of the City and County of San Francisco are hereby authorized and directed to do everything necessary or desirable to the calling and holding of said special election, and to otherwise carry out the provisions of this ordinance.
Civic Center Plaza Bonds

PROPOSITION B

CIVIC CENTER IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1992. To incur a bonded indebtedness of $26,700,000 for improvements to the Civic Center Plaza and Fulton Street Mall, landscaping and street lighting surrounding the City Hall and areas adjacent thereto.

YES  NO

Analysis

by Ballot Simplification Committee

THE WAY IT IS NOW: The Civic Center is made up of Civic Center Plaza and the surrounding area. This includes the block of Fulton Street that joins Civic Center Plaza and United Nations Plaza. About 30 years ago, the Plaza was changed from the original 1912 design to include the present reflecting pool and trees instead of a wide, open area. A planned pedestrian mall on Fulton Street was never built.

THE PROPOSAL: Proposition B would allow the City to borrow $26,700,000 by issuing general obligation bonds. The money would be used to pay for changes to the Civic Center Plaza, the Fulton Street Mall, and surrounding areas, including landscaping and street lighting. The City’s current plans include redesigning the Civic Center based on the 1912 design and building a pedestrian mall. These plans also include a special street lighting system for the entire Civic Center area.

A “YES” VOTE MEANS: If you vote yes, you want to allow the City to borrow $26,700,000 by issuing general obligation bonds to pay for changes to Civic Center Plaza and the Fulton Street Mall.

A “NO” VOTE MEANS: If you vote no, you do not want the City to issue general obligation bonds for this purpose.

Controller's Statement on “B”

City Controller Edward Harrington has issued the following statement on the fiscal impact of Proposition B:

In my opinion, should the proposed bond issue be authorized and bonds issued at current interest rates, I estimate the approximate costs to be:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bond redemption</th>
<th>$26,700,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bond interest</td>
<td>18,823,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt service requirement</td>
<td>45,523,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Based on a single bond sale and level redemption schedules, the average annual debt requirement for twenty (20) years would be approximately $2,276,175 which amount is equivalent to forty-four hundredths cents ($0.0044) in the current tax rate. The increase in annual tax for the owner of a home with a net assessed value of $250,000 would amount to approximately $11.00. It should be noted, however, that the City typically does not issue all authorized bonds at one time; if these bonds are issued over several years, the actual effect on the tax rate may be somewhat less than the maximum amount shown herein.

How Supervisors Voted on “B”

On February 18, 1992 the Board of Supervisors voted 10-0 to place Proposition B on the ballot.

The Supervisors voted as follows:


ABSENT: Supervisor Alioto.

ARGUMENTS FOR AND AGAINST THIS MEASURE IMMEDIATELY FOLLOW THIS PAGE.
THE FULL TEXT OF BOND MEASURES A, B, C & D BEGINS ON PAGE 41.
Civic Center Plaza Bonds

PROONENT’S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION B

VOTE YES ON PROPOSITION B

San Franciscans deserve a Civic Center we can be proud of. Earlier generations of San Franciscans began the Civic Center plan and gave this City a magnificent set of civic buildings: City Hall, Civic Auditorium, the Veterans Building and the Opera House. More recently, Davies Symphony Hall was added and a superb new Main Library will soon be built as part of the Civic Center. YOUR YES ON B vote will take one more vital step towards the completion of the Civic Center.

Your Yes on B vote will help build a new, block-long landscaped pedestrian mall on Fulton Street between the old Main Library and our new Main Library building, and it will restore the Civic Center Plaza to an appearance as close as possible to its beautiful, original historic design of 1912. Proposition B also will provide improved street lighting for pedestrian safety in the Civic Center Plaza area and improve Van Ness Avenue between City Hall, the Opera House and Veterans Building.

Proposition B will provide us with a great new pedestrian space to go along with the great new library, will restore beauty and history to what was once the central jewel of our Civic Center and bring lighting and improved safety for everybody who uses our Civic Center facilities after dark.

Please join us in voting Yes on B.

Submitted by the Board of Supervisors and the Mayor

This argument was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on March 16, 1992.


Absent: Supervisors Kennedy and Maher.

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REBUTTAL TO PROONENT’S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION B

Sure, it would be nice to improve Golden Gate Park and to re-build Civic Center in accordance with the original 1912 plan. These things would be nice . . .

And it would also be nice if each of us taxpayers could afford a new BMW, a new swimming pool, a new yacht, a new stereo system, new jewelry, new clothes . . .

But we all have to live within our means! This should include the City!

Right now the City is projected to end this fiscal year with a budget deficit of over $150 MILLION!

Since 1986, the City has authorized some ONE HALF BILLION DOLLARS worth of bonds!

To top it off, we’re in the middle of a recession!

Is this any time to approve the over $100 MILLION worth of new bonds proposed in Propositions “A,” “B,” “C,” and “D”?

Let us put the question another way: Would you borrow $15,000 to buy a new car, build a new swimming pool, or purchase jewelry if you were more than $15,000 short of funds to pay your regular monthly bills?

Of course not!

Then why should the City borrow over $100 MILLION to refurbish parks, when it’s $150 MILLION short of funds to pay this year’s bills!

Remember, that’s how New York City spent itself into receivership!

VOTE NO ON THE $100 MILLION WORTH OF BONDS!

VOTE “NO” ON “A”, “B”, “C” AND “D”!

COMMITTEE TO PREVENT MUNICIPAL BANKRUPTCY

Arlo H. Smith, Democratic County Committeemember
Alexa Smith, Democratic State Committeemember
Robert Silvestri, Republican County Committeemember

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Civic Center Plaza Bonds B

OPPONENT'S ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION B

VOTE "NO" ON MUNICIPAL BANKRUPTCY!
This year the City has a budget deficit of $100 million or more. With a recession, and the free-spending habits of the current Board of Supervisors, we can only expect greater shortfalls in future years!
But does that stop the politicians at City Hall? No way! Despite the $100 million budget shortfall, the spendthrift Supervisors are asking you to add to the City's debt by passing tens of millions of dollars worth of new bonds.
About twenty years ago the politicians in a place called New York City followed a similar policy of issuing new bonds on top of budget deficits. And, as they say, the rest is history!
San Francisco deserves better! It needs a chance to eliminate staggering budget deficits by cutting out the fat in City government before it incurs more bonded indebtedness.
Improvements to Golden Gate Park, and the Civic Center, might be nice amenities, but it would be foolish fiscal policy to mortgage the City's future for such luxuries during the middle of a recession.

To pass new bond issues for such items at this time would be the equivalent of a person who had just received a lay-off notice to borrow money to build a new deck and swimming pool! It is a sure ticket to bankruptcy court!
Before they ask the voters to issue new bonds during a recession, the Supervisors should draw straws to decide which one of them will sign the Chapter 9 bankruptcy petition for the City when the bottom falls out of the barrel!
STOP THE BOND SWINDLE! PREVENT MUNICIPAL BANKRUPTCY! VOTE "NO" ON PROPOSITIONS "A", "B", "C" AND "D"!!!

COMMITTEE TO PREVENT MUNICIPAL BANKRUPTCY
Arlo H. Smith, Democratic County Committee member
Alexa Smith, Democratic State Committee member
Robert Silvestri, Republican County Committee member

REBUTTAL TO OPPONENT'S ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION B

There is only one statement in the arguments against Propositions A and B which makes sense and with which we can agree. It is that "San Francisco deserves better".
"San Francisco deserves better" protection against the further deterioration of Golden Gate Park.
"San Francisco deserves better" assurances that public open spaces which have been handed to us from past generations be preserved and enhanced so that we, and future generations, can continue to use and enjoy Golden Gate Park and Civic Center Plaza. That is what Propositions A and B would accomplish.
The opponents' statement that San Francisco has a "budget deficit" is a fiction. The fact is that the current year's budget is balanced. Future budgets will also be balanced as provided by law. The fact is that Propositions A and B have nothing to do with balancing budgets.
The opponents are trying to scare you into voting against what they agree are "nice amenities" by a phony comparison to New York which issued bonds for operating deficits. We are proposing bonds for long term capital improvements.
Propositions A and B are necessary investments in our future, investments which will not increase annual operating costs but may decrease them. Propositions A and B are prudent proposals which will protect our heritage open spaces and assure their continued use and enjoyment by all San Franciscans.
VOTE YES ON PROPOSITIONS A AND B.

Submitted by the Board of Supervisors

This argument was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on March 23, 1992.
Absent: Supervisors Alioto, Britt, Kennedy and Maher.
Civic Center Plaza Bonds

PAID ARGUMENTS IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION B

The North Of Market neighborhood supports the Civic Center Bonds.

The proposed Civic Center Plaza would be a more usable and friendly park for all San Franciscans. The Fulton Street pedestrian mall will add needed open space. New landscaping and improved lighting throughout the Civic Center area will greatly improve safety. The 4,000 children of the Tenderloin as well as children citywide need access to the children’s play structures that are part of these plans.

The Civic Center Farmer’s Market is a critical resource for our neighborhood, serving thousands of seniors, children, families and other residents. Yet parking for the market has rapidly disappeared to new developments. The expanded Civic Center garage will replace some of what we lost and provide needed replacement parking for the farmers’ trucks. Without this parking, the future of the Farmer’s Market is in jeopardy.

Please vote Yes on B, C and D! Make San Francisco and the Civic Center a better place to live!

Tenderloin Youth Advocates
Bay Area Women’s Resource Center
North of Market Planning Coalition
Center for Southeast Asian Refugee Resettlement
Reality House West
Tenderloin Network of Family Services

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VOTE YES ON PROPOSITION B!

Proposition B will revitalized the “heart of the City”, increase citizen safety, and demonstrate San Franciscan’s civic pride!

VOTE YES FOR SAN FRANCISCO’S FUTURE!

Proposition B provides for better lighting and a friendlier environment in which everyone can use and enjoy this great public space!

SPUR (San Francisco Planning and Urban Research Association)
James Fussell, Executive Director

---

Please join me in voting YES on Proposition B.

As Mayor, I am committed to improving public safety, ensuring proper maintenance of our civic facilities and enhancing opportunities for open space. Proposition B will help us accomplish these goals in the Civic Center area.

Proposition B is a modest investment that will pay back rich rewards in increased public safety and civic pride.

VOTE YES ON B.

Mayor Frank Jordan

---

Proposition B is key to the plans for the new Main Library that will be built in the Civic Center.

Proposition B will improve landscaping, pedestrian access and lighting to make the new library safer and more accessible.

Vote YES on Propositions B, C and D.

Steve Coulter
President, Library Commission
Marjorie Stern
President, Library Foundation
Mary Louise Song
Board Member, Friends of the Library
Dale Carlson
Library Commissioner
Lonnie Chin
Library Commissioner
Jean Kalil
Library Commissioner
Ellen Ramsey Sanger
Library Commissioner

---

Your Yes vote on Proposition B will restore the Civic Center Plaza and City Hall area to its original design. New fountains, malls, lighting and landscaping will compliment construction of the new main library and Asian Art Museum.

Propositions C and D also deserve your support. A new heating system for Civic Center buildings will save taxpayers $750,000 a year in operating expenses. The expanded garage will relieve parking congestion in adjacent neighborhoods.

Please vote Yes on Propositions B, C and D. Restore our Civic Center.

Donald D. Doyle
President, San Francisco Chamber of Commerce

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PAID ARGUMENTS IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION B

San Francisco’s Civic Center, which should symbolize our city’s beauty and vibrancy, is suffering from poor design and neglect.

Proposition B will restore the Civic Center to its original magnificent design, with enhanced landscaping and more useable open space.

Proposition B will also upgrade lighting throughout the Civic Center, helping to create a safer neighborhood for patrons of performing arts companies and nearby businesses.

Please join us in voting YES ON B, C and D for a Civic Center we all can be proud of again.

Charlotte Mailliard Swig  
President, War Memorial Board

Thomas Horn  
Vice President, War Memorial Board

Thelma Shelley  
Managing Director, War Memorial

Nancy Bechtle  
President, San Francisco Symphony

Joyce Moffatt  
Vice President and General Manager, San Francisco Ballet

John Lane  
Director, Museum of Modern Art

Reid Dennis  
Chairman of the Board, San Francisco Opera

San Francisco’s Civic Center, which should symbolize our city’s beauty and vibrancy, is suffering from poor design and neglect.

Proposition B will restore the Civic Center to its original magnificent design, with enhanced landscaping and more useable open space.

Proposition B will also upgrade lighting throughout the Civic Center, helping to create a safer neighborhood for patrons of performing arts companies and nearby businesses.

Please join us in voting YES ON B, C and D for a Civic Center we all can be proud of again.

James Haas  
Chair, Civic Pride

Carolyn Diamond  
Executive Director, Greater Market Street Development Association

Robert Freise  
President, San Francisco Beautiful

Proposition B will make San Francisco’s Civic Center greener, safer and more attractive. With Proposition B, the Civic Center will finally have a plaza that reflects our city’s traditions and quality of life.

Join us in voting YES on Proposition B.

Louise Renne  
City Attorney

Arlo Smith  
District Attorney

Milton Marks  
State Senator

Willie L. Brown, Jr.  
Assembly Speaker

As Mayor, I decided that we needed to bring together diverse interests to create a plan for Civic Center. This plan was approved by the Board of Supervisors in 1987. The plan proposes to complete a vision for Civic Center and, in the process, solve a number of needs in the heart of The City. The plan for Civic Center recommended the construction of a new Main Library, to move the Asian Art Museum into the present Main Library, to solve our office space and court house needs in a cost saving manner and to restore our grand Civic Center in keeping with the great vision of our civic leaders in the early years of the century. San Franciscans have consistently supported the plan since I proposed it in 1987. The first stage — the new Main Library — was overwhelming approved by the voters and is now underway. Realizing the dream for Civic Center will take many years, but we are on track.

The next critical stage is before us on this ballot. Proposition B restores part of the greatness of San Francisco’s heritage and our status as a world class city. Restoring Civic Center plaza and expanding its role in our cultural life is an important legacy to leave to future generations.

We have the chance to keep the dream alive by voting for Proposition B — the restoration of Civic Center. The entire ballot package of Propositions B, C and D are vital for the future of the Civic Center. To save money, we must pass these propositions now. I urge you to vote for all three on June 2.

Dianne Feinstein  
Mayor of San Francisco (1978-1988)
Civic Center Plaza Bonds

PAID ARGUMENTS IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION B

Proposition B will restore the Civic Center to the beauty of its original design, providing an appropriate environment for our grand public buildings.

Proposition B will enhance open space and will improve public safety by upgrading lighting throughout the neighborhood.

Along with Propositions C and D, Proposition B will provide a Civic Center that meets our city's needs and reflects its spirit.

We urge you to vote YES on Proposition B.

Genevieve Spiegel, Chair, Asian Art Museum Foundation
Alice Lowe, Chair, Asian Art Commission
Rand Castile, Director, Asian Art Museum

The working men and women of the San Francisco Labor Council support Proposition B.

Proposition B will provide needed construction jobs while creating a safer, more functional and more attractive Civic Center for all San Franciscans.

Vote YES on B.

SAN FRANCISCO LABOR COUNCIL
Walter Johnson, Secretary-Treasurer

PAID ARGUMENTS AGAINST PROPOSITION B

Vote no on Proposition B. While all four bond Propositions, A, B, C, and D, should be defeated, Proposition B is the stupidest one of all.

According to the Controller’s statement of cost, Prop B is a $26,700,000 bond measure with $18,823,500 in bond interest for a whopping total of $45,523,500.

For what? To redesign Civic Center Plaza in accordance with the original 1912 designs. GIVE US A BREAK.

Only in San Francisco would our big spending politicians want to raise taxes in the midst of a recession when the city is facing a $150 million dollar budget deficit and potential lay-offs.

Prop B is obscene.

Send the Board of Supervisors your message and remind the Mayor of his campaign pledge not to raise taxes.

Prop B is an unbelievable Bummer that you are going to pay for. It will be paid for by increasing property taxes. That means an increase in your tax bill if you own property. It means higher rents if you are a renter.

If you are tired of higher taxes Vote No on Propositions A, B, C, and D. Beware of this one.

James Slaughter
Treasurer, Property Owners Against Excessive Taxation

Vote NO on Proposition B

Have you spent any time walking around Civic Center Plaza lately? Probably not. The area is filthy and overrun with drunks and panhandlers. Yet the city wants property owners to finance a $26.7 million bond measure (Proposition B) for a redesign of the plaza. For whose benefit? Certainly not yours or ours.

Let’s get our priorities straight. Clean up Civic Center Plaza first, then give consideration to redesigning it. This Election Day, send a message to City Hall. Vote NO on Proposition B.

San Francisco Home Owners Council

There is no Civic Center Plan, so why should we sign a blank check.

A pretty picture is not a guarantee.

Without a plan, we have no guarantee that the Farmer’s Market will be allowed to remain in Civic Center, much less expand. We have no guarantee that real needs such as a children’s playground, and a safe pedestrian environment will be provided. We are being asked to spend 26.7 million dollars, asked to give up 90 convenient parking spaces asked to share Hyde Street with Brooks Hall’s delivery trucks.

What are we getting in exchange, and why the big rush? Let’s see a plan before we spend the money, Vote NO on B.

San Francisco Tomorrow

Arguments printed on this page are the opinion of the authors and have not been checked for accuracy by any official agency.
Civic Center Garage Bonds

PROPOSITION C
CIVIC CENTER PARKING GARAGE IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1992. To incur a bonded indebtedness of $24,000,000 to pay for the enlargement of the Civic Center Parking Garage or construction of a parking garage adjacent thereto, including asbestos abatement and providing access for the disabled.

Analysis
by Ballot Simplification Committee

THE WAY IT IS NOW: There is a parking garage located under Civic Center Plaza. This garage is used by persons working in or visiting City Hall, the Main Library and other nearby facilities. A new Main Library will be built in Civic Center during the next 5 years, which will eliminate more than 100 parking spaces. The building where the old Main Library is now located will be used for another purpose. Because of these changes, the City expects that the demand for parking spaces will increase.

THE PROPOSAL: Proposition C would allow the City to borrow $24,000,000 by issuing general obligation bonds. The money would be used to increase the size of the Civic Center Plaza parking garage or to build an adjoining parking garage. Some of the money would be used to provide better access for disabled persons and to remove or reduce the danger of asbestos in the parking garage.

A "YES" VOTE MEANS: If you vote yes, you want to allow the City to borrow $24,000,000 by issuing general obligation bonds to pay for these changes to the Civic Center Plaza parking garage.

A "NO" VOTE MEANS: If you vote no, you do not want the City to issue general obligation bonds for this purpose.

Controller’s Statement on “C”
City Controller Edward Harrington has issued the following statement on the fiscal impact of Proposition C:
In my opinion, should the proposed bond issue be authorized and bonds issued at current interest rates, I estimate the approximate costs to be:
- Bond redemption $24,000,000
- Bond interest 16,920,500
- Debt service requirement 40,920,500

Based on a single bond sale and level redemption schedules, the average annual debt requirement for twenty (20) years would be approximately $2,046,000 which amount is equivalent to forty hundredths cents ($0.0040) in the current tax rate. The increase in annual tax for the owner of a home with a net assessed value of $250,000 would amount to approximately $10.00. It should be noted, however, that the City typically does not issue all authorized bonds at one time; if these bonds are issued over several years, the actual effect on the tax rate may be somewhat less than the maximum amount shown herein.

How Supervisors Voted on “C”
On February 18, 1992 the Board of Supervisors voted 10-0 to place Proposition C on the ballot.
The Supervisors voted as follows:
ABSENT: Supervisor Alioto.

ARGUMENTS FOR AND AGAINST THIS MEASURE IMMEDIATELY FOLLOW THIS PAGE.
THE FULL TEXT OF BOND MEASURES A, B, C & D BEGINS ON PAGE 41.
Civic Center Garage Bonds

PROONENT'S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION C

VOTE YES ON PROPOSITION C

Proposition C will cure parking headaches in the Civic Center area.
- Presently, parking is totally inadequate for San Franciscans who use the Library, City Hall, the Health Department, Federal and State offices, the Performing Arts complex, or the Farmers Market. Conditions could get worse in the years ahead.
- Proposition C will alleviate this dire situation. It will replace approximately 300 parking spaces which will be lost when the great new library is built on an existing parking lot at Marshall Square. It will also provide additional parking to accommodate the increased patronage expected from the new library and the anticipated reuse of the old library building.
- Proposition C will significantly benefit the adjacent residential and shopping areas by keeping large numbers of motorists from circling around in a vain search for temporary parking.
- Building parking underground, as provided by Proposition C, is more expensive than building surface lots; but there is no surface location available in Civic Center. Significant cost savings can be realized by building the parking underground at the same time as surface construction of the new library and Civic Center beautification. Such savings will occur only if we act now.
- The need for the parking is indisputable, the time to build the garage in now.
- Please vote YES on Proposition C.

Submitted by the Board of Supervisors and the Mayor

This argument was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on March 16, 1992.
Ayes: Supervisors Achenberg, Alioto, Gonzalez, Hallinan, Hsieh, Kennedy, Migden and Shelley.
Absent: Supervisors Britt, Maher and Ward.

REBUTTAL TO PROONENT'S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION C

Proposition C will NOT “cure parking headaches” in the Civic Center area. It will create more parking, and facilitate more driving when regional and state air quality plans call for less. It does go counter to the City’s Transit First policy.
- Civic Center is not a remote location and already has excellent transit access. Muni service should be maintained and expanded, so that more Main Library and Civic Center users could avoid driving and take transit there.
- It is false to argue that you can build your way out of congestion — when more parking exists, more people have an incentive to drive and search for spaces. Demand then multiplies. Instead, sensible alternatives must be pursued.
- What’s more, parking garages make money. That money should cover construction costs, and if they can’t, the garage shouldn’t be built. We believe the City’s General Fund is at risk — with shrinking revenues and increasing needs, this project would further divert funds from libraries, parks, and other services to build more parking. Parking shouldn’t be subsidized by all taxpayers — it should be paid for by users. Vote NO on Proposition C.

Citizens Against Civic Center Garage Bonds
Civic Center Garage Bonds

OPPONENT’S ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION C

VOTE NO ON PROPOSITION C

The proposed expansion of the Civic Center Parking Garage is unnecessary and the proposed financing scheme is inappropriate. Civic Center has excellent pedestrian, bicycle, and transit access, and already has excess parking, including several privately-owned garages within 2 blocks of the new Library. Reducing monthly parking in the Civic Center and nearby Performing Arts Garages should make sufficient short-term parking available. Increasing parking in the Civic Center area would go counter to San Francisco’s Transit First policy, attract more cars, congest the roads, and worsen air pollution. Finally, General Obligation Bonds risk the City’s general fund. Other garages have used revenue bonds paid off with parking revenues. Passage of this Bond Act would set a dangerous precedent and is unnecessary. We urge you to vote NO on Proposition C.

Citizens Against Civic Center Garage Bonds

REBUTTAL TO OPPONENT’S ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION C

We wish that we could agree with the opponent’s statement that the Civic Center area “has excess parking”. Any San Franciscan who has to drive to do business in the Civic Center by day or to attend Civic Center area events in the evening knows that there is no such thing as “excess parking”. Parking is very difficult to find at any time of the day or night.

The Environmental Impact Report adopted by the Planning Commission for the new Main Library confirms the shortage of parking as will the residents of the adjacent residential neighborhoods who are tired of being the victims of our failure to provide adequate parking in the Civic Center area itself.

The opponents are sadly confused about the proposed method of financing because General Obligation Bonds do not in any way “risk the City’s General Fund”. There is no “risk” because the debt service for these bonds does not impact other City revenues.

If we are ever going to provide more underground parking to help Civic Center and the adjacent neighborhoods the time is NOW — in conjunction with the other hoped for improvements in the area.

This project is needed for San Franciscans who will need to use the Federal, State, and Municipal Office Buildings in Civic Center or want to use the Main Library, Civic Auditorium, Museums, Performing Arts spaces or open spaces in the area.

VOTE YES ON PROPOSITION C.

Submitted by the Board of Supervisors

This argument was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on March 23, 1992.


Absent: Supervisors Alioto, Kennedy and Maher.

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Civic Center Garage Bonds

PAID ARGUMENTS IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION C

Proposition C will construct replacement parking for some 300 spaces lost when the New Library is built and Fulton Street is transformed into a pedestrian Mall. Civic Center upgrading shouldn’t be at the expense of the Farmer’s Market, the Tenderloin neighborhood or cultural activities.

Farmer’s trucks need to be parked during the day. This garage provides parking for them. Unless the garage is expanded, there will be a dramatic drop in available parking at the same time that we are building a new library and adding a new museum. People coming to the Civic Center auditorium or the Orpheum Theatre will look for parking in nearby neighborhoods. Or, civic center cultural attendance will drop off.

This is a realistic solution for the real world. People DO drive to evening activities. Farmer’s trucks NEED parking.

Please vote YES ON PROP C.

Sue Bierman
Doug Engmann
Jim Morales
Sue Hestor
Kelly Cullen

This bond offers San Francisco voters an opportunity to share in the vision for a great civic place at the heart of a great city! Parking has and always will be an important ingredient to the quality of life in cities. This bond provides for replacement parking in an area that needs it most. Allow the City to properly plan for and complete the Civic Center!

VOTE YES ON PROPOSITIONS B, C AND D!

Approval of the Civic Center bond package is a positive civic step toward the next century! Keep San Francisco great, make Civic Center a viable public place!

SPUR (San Francisco Planning and Urban Research Association)
James Fussell, Executive Director

The Farmer’s Market at Civic Center brings nutritious affordable produce to thousands of San Franciscans. The expanded Civic Center garage will provide needed parking for the public and for the farmers’ trucks, allowing the market to continue. Open every Wednesday and Sunday, we are a vital part of the life in the “Heart of the City”.

Please vote Yes on Prop C.

Heart of the City Farmer’s Market

The Civic Center Farmer’s Market is a much needed source of fresh produce for thousands of low-income San Franciscans in the central city. The expanded Civic Center garage insures the future of this market by providing nearby replacement parking for the farmers’ trucks which bring food to the market.

PLEASE VOTE YES ON PROPOSITION C.

St. Anthony Foundation

Proposition C is vital to our plans for a world class new Main Library.

Proposition C will not only replace parking that will be lost by construction of the new library, but it will also provide needed parking for patrons of other public buildings and neighborhood businesses.

Vote YES on Propositions B, C and D.

Steve Coulter
President, Library Commission
Marjorie Stern
President, Library Foundation
Mary Louise Strong
Board Member, Friends of the Library
Ellen Ramsey Sanger
Library Commissioner
Jean Kail
Library Commissioner
Dale Carlson
Library Commissioner
Lonnie Chin
Library Commissioner
Civic Center Garage Bonds

PAID ARGUMENTS IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION C

Everyone who lives, works or plays in the Civic Center neighborhood knows the frustration of trying to find a parking space almost any time of the day or night.

Unless we act now, parking will get even scarcer when the new Library is built, the Asian Art Museum moves to the old library building and the State Building re-opens.

Proposition C is a cost-effective, environmentally-sensitive solution to the parking nightmare in the Civic Center.

Proposition C will expand the Civic Center Garage — underground and out of sight of the renovated Civic Center Plaza. By building the garage now, we can take advantage of significant cost savings by coordinating construction with other Civic Center building.

Vote YES on Propositions B, C and D.

Chip Conley  
Hotel Owner

David Hurd  
General Manager, George Coates Performance Works

Gary Cooke  
Restaurant Manager

Larry Broughton  
Hotel Director of Operations

The working men and women of the San Francisco Labor Council support Proposition C.

Proposition C will provide needed construction jobs while improving parking for everyone who uses the Civic Center.

Vote YES on C.

SAN FRANCISCO LABOR COUNCIL  
Walter Johnson, Secretary-Treasurer

Proposition C will provide the additional parking that is desperately needed in the Civic Center neighborhood — at a cost we can afford.

Approving Proposition C now will save taxpayers’ funds by allowing the city to coordinate construction of underground parking with the construction of the new library and Civic Center improvements.

Join us in voting YES on Proposition C.

Milton Marks  
State Senator

Louise Renne  
City Attorney

Michael Hennessey  
Sheriff

Arlo Smith  
District Attorney

Willie L. Brown, Jr.  
Assembly Speaker

Please join me in voting YES on Proposition C.  
Proposition C will provide parking that is vitally needed by all San Franciscans who patronize the public facilities, performing arts groups and neighborhood businesses in the Civic Center.

It makes good economic sense to expand the underground Civic Center Garage now in conjunction with above-ground construction of the new Main Library and Civic Center Plaza. We can only achieve cost savings if we approve Proposition C in this election.

VOTE YES ON C.

Mayor Frank Jordan

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Civic Center Garage Bonds

PAID ARGUMENTS AGAINST PROPOSITION C

Vote NO on Proposition C

How much is a parking stall worth? The city says about $65,000. That’s why it wants property owners to pay $24 million to expand Civic Center Garage by 370 stalls.

Can’t you think of a better way to spend $24 million than by providing more parking at Civic Center? This Election Day, send a message to City Hall. Vote NO on Proposition C.

San Francisco Home Owners Council

This measure, together with Propositions A, B and D, contains enormous fiscal implications for San Franciscans who pay property taxes.

We’re here asked to “incur a bonded indebtedness of $24,000,000, the estimated cost of construction, to pay for the enlargement of the Civic Center Parking Garage” to accommodate 370 additional spaces or the construction of an adjacent garage. In addition, San Franciscans will be obligated to repay bondholders $16,920,500 in interest over a 20-year period.

Since 1986 San Francisco voters have approved the sale of $753,300,000 in bonds for numerous projects. But city administrators have sold less than half, $362,700,000. With four additional bond issues on this ballot, voters are beseeched to approve another $148,220,000 in indebtedness. The interest on $510,920,000, the total outstanding, is truly staggering. Some members of the Board of Supervisors are either naive or purposely deceptive to proclaim that we can afford to finance any additional debt. The proponents of the measure are not shy about putting us further in debt.

Neither are they shy about Proposition C’s high cost. The Board of Supervisors budget analyst calculates that each parking space will cost $53,076.00. The cost will be borne by property owners whose average tax bill will increase by $9.96 each year for 20 years. And that’s just for the garage — it doesn’t include the costs of the other three projects.

THE BOARD OF SUPERVISOR’S BUDGET ANALYST RECOMMENDED AGAINST THE GARAGE ADDITION. VOTE NO ON THIS BOONDOGGLE!

Kopp’s Good Government Committee
Quentin L. Kopp
Dan Dunnigan
Cheryl Arenson

PROPOSITION C IS AN UNNECESSARY AND COSTLY BOONDOGGLE

At the last possible moment, The Board of Supervisors hastily approved the placement on the ballot of Proposition C, a $24,000,000 Civic Center garage expansion. With an additional $16,920,500 in interest, the proposal totals a whopping $40,920,000.

Yet none of the Board’s esteemed members can state that such construction is necessary or even desirable. In fact, the Board’s decision was made without considering the effect of increased Muni service, transit incentives or a parking fee hike on current patronage at the garage.

Don’t we deserve better than hasty decisions formulated at the last possible moment? Why should San Franciscans pay more than $53,000 per space for a “white elephant”? Why should our property taxes be increased almost $10.00 per year for the next 20 years to pay for a garage. Even the Board’s budget analyst advised that he could not recommend the approval of $40,920,000 in bonded indebtedness because proponents failed to even cursorily evaluate alternatives to expensive construction.

What happened to San Francisco’s Transit First policy? Without much thought, the Board abandoned the clear preference of the city’s residents and voted in favor of raw expediency and fiscal irresponsibility.

Let’s not be hasty. If Propositions B and D pass, the Board, after performing a scrupulously rigorous analysis, can still place Proposition C on the November 1992 ballot. Let’s logically decide if we really need 370 more parking spaces and if the city can afford to increase its indebtedness by more than $40,000,000.

VOTE NO ON THIS FISCALLY IRRESPONSIBLE PROPOSAL

State Senator Quentin L. Kopp
Vice-President
San Francisco Taxpayers Association

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Civic Center Garage Bonds

PAID ARGUMENTS AGAINST PROPOSITION C

San Francisco's revenues are decreasing because of the recession and new revenue sources appear unlikely. Why squander scarce General Fund money on a questionable project like this? Vote NO on Proposition C.

David Pittel
Norman Rolfe

Civic Center Garage Expansion is undesirable and unnecessary. The area is well served by public transportation. We should not encourage people to increase congestion and pollution by driving there.

VOTE NO ON PROPOSITION C!

San Francisco Tomorrow

You can vote absentee in person at Room 158 in City Hall starting Monday, May 4, through Tuesday, June 2, during regular working hours — 8 a.m. – 5 p.m. Take advantage of this option if you will not be able to go to your polling place on election day.

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TURN YOUR GARBAGE INTO GOLD

Compost your coffee grounds, banana peels, other kitchen scraps and yard wastes into a rich soil amendment for your plants!

Free Hands-on Composting Workshops by SF League of Urban Gardeners (SLUG)
Where: Garden for the Environment (Sunset District, 7th & Lawton)
Cost: Free
Time: Following Saturday Mornings 10 am to 12 noon

Mar 7 Basic  June 13 Advanced  Sept 12 Basic
Mar 28 Basic  June 27 Worm  Sept 26 Basic
Apr 11 Advanced  July 18 Basic  Oct 10 Worm
Apr 25 Worm  July 25 Basic  Oct 24 Basic
May 9 Basic  Aug 1 Advanced  Nov 7 Advanced
May 23 Basic  Aug 22 Worm

SLUG Compost Rottline—468-0262  •  Recycling Hotline—554-6193
Sponsored by a grant from The San Francisco Recycling Program.

Find Yourself a Best Friend

The San Francisco Animal Care and Control Department has a wide variety of animals that need good homes. Come down and see us and find yourself a best friend.

Open seven days a week for adoptions, 11:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., 1200 15th Street at Harrison.

554-6364
PROPOSITION D

CIVIC CENTER HEATING SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1992. To incur a bonded indebtedness of $21,220,000 to pay the cost of construction or reconstruction of a heating system within the Civic Center area including pipelines and hot water boiler system.

Analysis

by Ballot Simplification Committee

THE WAY IT IS NOW: The central steam heating system for City Hall and six other buildings in the Civic Center area was built in 1915. This system often breaks down and needs major repairs.

THE PROPOSAL: Proposition D would allow the City to borrow $21,220,000 by issuing general obligation bonds. The money would be used to replace the steam heating system with a hot water system. The new system would be more efficient and less costly to operate. Under the current plans, the new system would provide heat to three more buildings.

A "YES" VOTE MEANS: If you vote yes, you want to allow the City to borrow $21,220,000 by issuing general obligation bonds to pay for replacing the Civic Center heating system.

A "NO" VOTE MEANS: If you vote no, you do not want the City to issue general obligation bonds for this purpose.

Controller's Statement on "D"

City Controller Edward Harrington has issued the following statement on the fiscal impact of Proposition D:

In my opinion, should the proposed bond issue be authorized and bonds issued at current interest rates I estimate the approximate costs to be:

- Bond redemption: $21,220,000
- Bond interest: $14,980,100
- Debt service requirement: $36,190,100

Based on a single bond sale and level redemption schedules, the average annual debt requirement for twenty (20) years would be approximately $1,809,005 which amount is equivalent to thirty-five hundredths cents ($0.0035) in the current tax rate. The increase in annual tax for the owner of a home with a net assessed value of $250,000 would amount to approximately $8.75. It should be noted, however, that the City typically does not issue all authorized bonds at one time; if these bonds are issued over several years, the actual effect on the tax rate may be somewhat less than the maximum amount shown herein.

How Supervisors Voted on "D"

On February 18, 1992 the Board of Supervisors voted 10-0 to place Proposition D on the ballot.

The Supervisors voted as follows:


ABSENT: Supervisor Alioto.
Civic Center Heating System Bonds

PROONENT’S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION D

PLEASE VOTE YES ON PROPOSITION D
A YES ON D VOTE IS A VOTE FOR ECONOMY
AND FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY.
Proposition D will replace our now 80 year old Civic Center heating system with a new, energy efficient heating system. The old system installed in 1912 was supposed to last for forty years. Eighty years later it is still in place, but it is completely worn out and no longer economically feasible to operate or maintain. This old system requires constant oversight when in operation and requires continuous repair. On top of that, it uses far more energy than it should for precious little result.
Your Yes on D vote will allow us to replace this expensive and inefficient system with a new heating system for the old Main Library, new Main Library, Civic Auditorium, Health Department, City Hall, Opera House and Veterans Building.
Best of all, it will save $750,000 annually in operating and maintenance costs and will be environmentally more desirable.
Vote Yes on D to save money and to save energy.

Submitted by the Board of Supervisors and the Mayor

This argument was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on March 16, 1992.
Absent: Supervisors Kennedy and Maher.

REBUTTAL TO PROONENT’S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION D

In his argument in favor of Prop D, the Mayor would have you believe that taxing and spending $36,180,100 should be an expected and accepted way for the City to fund a new boiler system for Civic Center buildings. He goes on to argue that by approving this bond measure tax payers will save $750,000 annually in operating and maintenance costs.
No where in the ballot argument or Voter Information Handbook does it specify exactly what the public is purchasing or breaks down the costs associated with this proposal. No bids are presented. No descriptive language other than “a hot water system.”
For years the City has neglected to do basic maintenance work on its heating system and now when the situation is beyond salvaging, they expect the taxpayers to commit more than $36 million dollars as some act of faith. The public deserves better.
At some point in time the Mayor and the Board of Supervisors have to be accountable for the money they appropriate from taxpayers. You can be sure that if Proposition D is approved every dime of the more than $36 million dollars will be spent. That is the way governmental bureaucracies work.
Taxpayers have a right to know what they are buying and the real cost associated with the purchase. Prop D is a Dumb and insulting way of doing business.
Vote No on Prop D.

James Slaughter
Treasurer, Property Owners Against Excessive Taxation

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Civic Center Heating System Bonds

OPPONENT'S ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION D

$21,220,000 for a new boiler for City Hall? You gotta be kidding! This bond — increase in property taxes — was placed on the ballot by our Board of Supervisors. If truth be known, they generate enough hot air to heat any of our City's great neighborhoods with no increase in taxes.

Prop D stands for Dumb. The City Controller estimates the approximate cost of this new heating system to be $21,220,000 in bonds, $14,960,100 in bond interest for a grand total of $36,180,100.

This is one for The Guinness Book of World Records. Perhaps the most expensive heating system in the world which could join sourdough bread as a true San Francisco original.

Enough hot air out of City Hall. Don't raise your property taxes or rents for this boondoggle.

Only in San Francisco would our big spending politicians want to raise taxes in the midst of a recession when the city is facing a $150 million dollar budget deficit and potential lay-offs.

Vote no on Propositions A, B, C, and D.

James Slaughter
Treasurer, Property Owners Against Excessive Taxation

REBUTTAL TO OPPONENT'S ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION D

The opponents of Proposition D have got it wrong.

Proposition D will save the City significant annual operating costs (estimated at $750,000 per year) by replacing an 80 year old, energy inefficient, manually operated and expensive to maintain heating system for all the various Civic Center Municipal Buildings with a modern, energy efficient, operationally cheaper system.

Proposition D will decrease the City operating budget for energy, not worsen the City's budget problems as the opponents claim.

The opponents would have you believe that now is not the "right" time for Proposition D. They are wrong. It is precisely when one needs to save money on day to day costs that one has to make the long term capital investments which will reduce the cost of doing business. Any prudent business owner will know that. Government is no different.

What is "dumb" is not Proposition D. What's dumb is to be penny wise and pound foolish. Don't fall into that trap.

VOTE YES ON PROPOSITION D.

Submitted by the Board of Supervisors

This argument was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on March 23, 1992.


Absent: Supervisors Alioto, Kennedy and Maher.

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PAID ARGUMENTS IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION D

VOTE YES ON PROPOSITION D!
The existing steam plant and heating system is beyond repair.
Replacement will save San Francisco $750,000 annually.

ELIMINATE COSTLY MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS!
Vote YES! to avoid inevitable and costly emergency repairs of
the worn out existing system!

SPUR (San Francisco Planning and Urban Research
Association)
James Fussell, Executive Director

Please join me in voting YES on Proposition D.
Proposition D is a wise investment that will allow the City to save
an estimated $750,000 a year in energy costs.
VOTE YES on Proposition D.

Mayor Frank Jordan

PAID ARGUMENTS AGAINST PROPOSITION D

The issue with Prop D is whether $36,180,100 is the best price
for purchasing a new boiler to heat our Civic Center buildings.
San Francisco’s Taxpayers Association believes the old and
inefficient current system should be replaced. It must, however, be
replaced with a cost and energy efficient system that’s consistent
with financial and ecological responsibility.
The public, which will pay for this purchase by increasing
property taxes, has the right to know exactly what it is buying. The
public also has a right to be certain that the price of the system is
the most competitive price available. San Francisco Taxpayers
Association consulted a recognized boiler contractor. His opinion
is that the price should be considerably less. This bond amount is
exorbitant and inflated.

VOTE NO ON D.
For too long politicians have asked for blank checks or enormous
commitments of public money for projects like this which could
have been done less expensively and more efficiently.
Prop D is more than a lot of hot air. It is the wrong way to conduct
public business.

Send the spenders your message. Vote No on Proposition D.

San Francisco Taxpayers Association
State Senator Quenin L. Kopp, Vice-President

Vote NO on Proposition D
The city has a plan to reduce its operating expenses. Spend
money! Proposition D provides for the issuance of a $21.22 million
bond measure for a “new” hot water heating system at Civic Center.
Other bond measures on the June ballot total $128.7 million. And
the city is planning a $500 million bond measure for the November
ballot. All to be financed by increased property taxes. When is it
going to end?
This Election Day, send a message to City Hall. Vote NO on
Proposition D.

San Francisco Home Owners Council

Arguments printed on this page are the opinion of the authors and have not been checked for accuracy by any official agency.
PROPOSITION E

Shall the City be required to set aside a certain percentage of its General Fund each year for 12 years (1993-2005) to be used solely to pay for certain types of capital projects, such as the construction, maintenance and purchase of City buildings and other public properties?

Analysis
by Ballot Simplification Committee

THE WAY IT IS NOW: City spending for capital projects is set each year through the budget process. As used here, "capital projects" includes the construction, maintenance and purchase of City buildings and other public properties such as playgrounds and parks. The City is not required to set aside a particular amount of money for capital projects.

THE PROPOSAL: Proposition E is a charter amendment. For 12 years the City would be required to set aside a certain amount of its General Fund for capital projects. In the first year (1993-94), the amount would be 1.5% of the General Fund. The next year, the amount would be 2.0%. For the next nine years, the amount would be 2.5% of the General Fund. For the last year (2004-05), the amount would be 1.5%. The City could spend the money set aside under this measure only for capital projects.

In 1993-94, at least 62% of the capital projects money would have to be used for maintaining City facilities. In fiscal year 1994-95, this amount would be 41%, and in 1995-96, 31%. The Board of Supervisors could change these spending requirements by a 2/3 vote. In the following years, there would be no required minimum percentage for maintenance.

A "YES" VOTE MEANS: If you vote yes, you want to require that a certain amount of the General Fund be set aside to pay for capital projects.

A "NO" VOTE MEANS: If you vote no, you do not want to set aside money for this purpose.

Controller's Statement on "E"

City Controller Edward Harrington has issued the following statement on the fiscal impact of Proposition E:

Should the proposed Charter amendment be adopted, in my opinion, it would reallocate funds from current City services to expand funding for facilities maintenance and capital improvement projects.

To the extent general fund regular revenues would be shifted to the infrastructure program, other current City spending would have to be curtailed or new revenues found to support these continuing expenditures.

For the period 1993-94 through 2004-05, I estimate funds in the following amounts would be allocated to the infrastructure program by this measure: approximately $17.2 million in 1993-94, $24.0 million in 1994-95, and $31.3 million in 1995-96, increasing thereafter at the rate general fund revenues increase until 2004-05.

How Supervisors Voted on "E"

On February 18, 1992 the Board of Supervisors voted 6-4 to place Proposition E on the ballot.

The Supervisors voted as follows:

YES: Supervisors Gonzalez, Hallinan, Hsieh, Kennedy, Maher and Shelley.

NO: Achtenberg, Britt, Migden and Ward.

ABSENT: Supervisor Alioto.

ARGUMENTS FOR AND AGAINST THIS MEASURE AND ITS FULL TEXT IMMEDIATELY FOLLOW THIS PAGE.
PROPONEHT'S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION E

VOTE YES ON PROPOSITION E

Proposition E makes sense because it protects your investment in the parks, libraries, police stations, fire stations, health centers and other facilities which we, the citizens of San Francisco, own.

Proposition E makes sense because it sets aside up to 2.5 percent of the City’s General Fund each year specifically to maintain and to make safe the buildings and facilities that serve San Francisco.

Proposition E makes sense because it is cheaper to properly maintain, repair and keep these buildings in good operating order rather than let them to deteriorate and have to replace them later at a much greater cost.

Proposition E makes sense because the services you pay for — when you use a branch library, a recreation facility, a health center — are not properly provided in a building that is falling apart.

Proposition E makes sense because those upon whom you may need to depend, the firefighters, the police officers, the health workers or librarians can only serve you properly if the buildings in which they work are maintained and in good repair.

Proposition E makes sense because it does not cost any more money. No new money is involved. Proposition E guarantees that enough of our current general fund revenue is set aside each year to keep the City’s buildings and parks in good repair and to catch up with the deferred maintenance which we have allowed to occur in past years.

Proposition E makes sense. It is prudent, it is wise and, in the long run, will save the people of San Francisco big money.

Vote Yes on Proposition E

Submitted by the Board of Supervisors and the Mayor

This argument was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on March 16, 1992.


Noes: Supervisors Achtenberg, Britt, Migden and Ward.

Absent: Supervisor Maher.

REBUTTAL TO PROPOINEHT'S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION E

Some members of the Board of Supervisors and the Mayor state with ponderous certitude that our libraries, health centers and parks will fall apart if Proposition E fails. That’s clearly an an egregious exaggeration, if not outright hyperbole.

If voters wisely defeat Proposition E, funds for capital improvements will be allocated the same way that money for services to AIDS patients, breast cancer victims, senior services, police and fire and library hours are currently distributed: funds are appropriated every year through the budget process. As a matter of fact, our Charter, while forbidding the Board of Supervisors from increasing the Mayor’s recommended budget for operational expenses, expressly allows the Board to increase the Mayor’s recommended expenditures for capital improvements. Thus, funds for capital improvements already enjoy an advantage not allowed operating expenses. What’s wrong with a level playing field for all of our city programs?

Proposition E requires a fixed percentage of general fund revenues for one purpose. Certainly, maintenance of public facilities is necessary, but E is yet another straightjacketing of our elected officials’ power to respond annually to priorities in city services. Reserving one portion of revenues for just one purpose means that San Francisco’s other critical projects must compete for an even smaller pot of money. That’s not good government.

VOTE NO ON PROPOSITION E!

Kopp’s Good Government Committee
By Cheryl Arenson
OPPONENT’S ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION E

To earmark or not to earmark was the critical question voters debated respecting Proposition J, the so-called Children’s Amendment. As many San Franciscans predicted, Proposition J continued an unfortunate trend in budgeting for San Franciscans’ needs.

This time we’re asked to approve a Charter Amendment reserving from 1.5% to 2.5% of General Fund revenues for capital projects. The amendment would become effective in FY 1993-1994 and conclude in 2004-2005.

How can we tell seniors, patients at San Francisco General and Laguna Honda Hospitals, and library users we can no longer fund these critical programs because we have chosen, instead, to purchase lawn mowers?

As you can see, Proposition E ensures a funding source for capital improvements but leaves the financing of health care, public libraries and senior services to the vagaries of the annual appropriations process of the Mayor and Board of Supervisors.

How can the present Board of Supervisors predict 12 years into the future to determine what San Franciscans will need or desire? Their crystal ball must certainly be cloudless and, unbeknownst to most other San Franciscans, the supervisors must be all-knowing. Do you believe that? We don’t!

VOTE NO ON PROPOSITION E — IT’S A BUDGETING SHAM AND BAD GOVERNMENT AT ITS WORST!

Kopp’s Good Government Committee
By Cheryl Arenson

REBUTTAL TO OPPONENT’S ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION E

Most of us properly maintain our cars and homes. We replace major components when they are worn out. We know that if we do not do so promptly, a much more expensive major repair or replacement will come along later. We call that being smart, being prudent.

Yet, San Francisco has long been deferring maintenance of public facilities and postponed dealing with failing components such as roofs, plumbing or electrical systems in need of replacement or repair. Proposition “E” requires that for ten years, a small percentage, never exceeding 2.5%, of the general fund budget be provided to maintain and catch up on the deferred maintenance of our public buildings and parks. We believe that re-investing 2.5% of our taxes for the maintenance and repair of taxpayer’s assets is being smart and being prudent. It is no less than what each of you would do.

The opponents have not done their homework. Otherwise they would know that Proposition “E” deals not with “lawnmowers” as they claim but with infrastructure. They claim that Proposition “E” would compete with health care, libraries or senior services. We believe voters are smarter than to fall for that. San Franciscans know that they cannot be served in a health center which is closed because the roof leaks, in a library without working bathrooms or a senior center with a nonworking electrical system. Proposition “E” is designed to make sure that this will no longer be a real threat.

Vote Yes on Proposition E

Submitted by the Board of Supervisors

This argument was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on March 23, 1992.

Noes: Supervisors Achtenberg, Britt, Migden and Ward.

Arguments printed on this page are the opinion of the authors and have not been checked for accuracy by any official agency.
PAYED ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION E

The nirvana of special interests is grabbing a chunk of our City's General Fund. Inflexibility doesn't matter; as long as your special interest seizes a percentage of our treasury, what the heck! All is fair in special interest politics. First (1974) we had the Open Space Fund ripping off millions annually from the treasury of San Francisco; last year the "Children's Fund" which diverted more millions from the treasury. (And did you observe how the voracious beneficiaries of Proposition J fought over the division of these millions? It was human greed at its "best".) Now enter Proposition E.

If passed by San Francisco voters, Proposition E amends the Charter to require the City to segregate its General Fund for capital projects. A bare majority of the Board of Supervisors has decided the City's general fund for that purpose, at the expense of other programs, will best serve the City's objectives, regardless of varying annual conditions or the vicissitudes of changing circumstances.

All of the City's other programs such as libraries, health care and senior services will compete for the drastically reduced remainder of General Fund resources leaving less for these critical programs. In more easily understandable terms, Proposition E robs Peter to pay Paul.

In the 1991-1992 budget, $7,400,000 was allocated for capital improvements. If this charter amendment is approved, and 1.5% of the General Fund is set aside for capital improvement projects, the Controller estimates that this amount will be $17,900,000. That means funding for other critical city programs will be reduced by $10,500,000. And the deficit is only exacerbated for 1993-1994 and 11 subsequent years.

PROPOSITION E USES A RAPACIOUS MEAT AXE APPROACH. WE DESERVE BETTER FROM THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS. VOTE NO ON E.

SAN FRANCISCO TAXPAYERS ASSOCIATION
State Senator Quentin L. Kopp
Vice-President
TEXT OF PROPOSED CHARTER AMENDMENT
PROPOSITION E

Charter Amendment Adding Section 6.209

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the Charter of said city and county by adding Section 6.209 relating to annual mandated levels of funds for protection and maintenance of the City’s infrastructure.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said city and county at an election to be held therein on June 2, 1992 a proposal to amend the Charter of said city and county of adding Section 6.209 to read as follows:

NOTE: This entire section is new.

6.209 Capital Fund Appropriation

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Charter to the contrary, the Mayor shall place and the Board of Supervisors shall approve in each budget and annual appropriation ordinance, through Fiscal Year 2004-2005 only, an amount (CAPITAL FUNDS) equal to the percentages specified below for the identified years of General Fund Regular Revenue sources.

A. The percentages allocated each year shall be:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1993/1994</td>
<td>1.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1994/1995</td>
<td>2.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1995/1996</td>
<td>2.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003/2004</td>
<td>1.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004/2005</td>
<td>2.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For the purpose of this section the term “general fund revenue sources” shall be defined to include all revenues, however they may subsequently be identified or classified, of the type that are treated in the Annual Appropriation Ordinance for fiscal year 1991/1992 as Regular Revenue appropriations of the general fund. Not later than September 1, 1992, and each year thereafter, the controller shall make available for public distribution a list of all general fund revenue sources and the amounts derived from those sources in the Annual Appropriation Ordinance for fiscal year 1991/1992.

Capital funds appropriated pursuant to this section shall be expended solely for the acquisition, maintenance, and construction of real property and improvements thereon belonging to the City and County of San Francisco (CAPITAL PROJECTS) in accordance with the following criteria:

1. In Fiscal Year 1993/1994, 62% of the capital funds must be used for maintenance. In Fiscal Year 1994/1995, 41% of the capital funds must be used for maintenance. In Fiscal Years 1995/1996, 31% of capital funds must be used for maintenance. The allocation percentages specified in this paragraph (A) may be changed in any given year by the Board of Supervisors if such change is approved by resolution of the board approved by 2/3 vote addressing solely the question of the change in allocation percentage.

2. In subsequent years, capital funds may be expended for any capital project selected by the Mayor and the Board of Supervisors pursuant to the budgetary and fiscal provisions of this Charter.

The requirements of this section do not limit the authority of the City to appropriate additional funds for capital projects.

Any amounts appropriated pursuant to this section and not expended during the fiscal year shall be carried forward and expended in subsequent fiscal years in accordance with the allocation criteria specified in this section for the year in which the appropriation of the unexpended funds was mandated. Such carried forward funds will not meet any of the City’s then current annual general fund capital funding obligation.

The voters intend that capital funds appropriated pursuant to this section shall not supplant or replace the maintenance components of existing departmental operating budgets.
Amending Charter Sections 3.510 and 4.103

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the Charter of said city and county by amending Sections 3.510 and 4.103 to transfer functions and personnel of County Clerk to the Department of Governmental Services, City and County of San Francisco.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said city and county at an election to be held therein on June 2, 1992 a proposal to amend the Charter of said city and county by amending Sections 3.510 and 4.103 to read as follows:

NOTE: Additions or substitutions are indicated by bold face type; deletions are indicated by strike-out type.

3.510 Governmental Services. Purchasing, Real Estate, Public Works, Electricity, County Agricultural Department; Coroner’s Office and Convention Facilities Management

The functions, activities and affairs of the city and county that are hereby placed under the direction of the chief administrative officer by the provisions of this charter, and the powers and duties of officers and employees charged with specific jurisdiction thereof, shall, subject to the provisions of Section 11.102 and Section 3.501 of this charter, be allocated by the chief administrative officer, among the following departments:

Department of Governmental Services, which shall include the functions and personnel of the offices of registrar of voters, recorder, public administrator and such other functions as may be assigned by the chief administrative officer, and shall be administered by the chief administrative officer. Effective July 1, 1992, the functions and personnel of the office of County Clerk shall be transferred to the Department of Governmental Services. The Mayor, Board of Supervisors, Controller, and other City officers and agencies are authorized and directed to effectuate the transfer of the functions and personnel authorized by this Charter.

The public administrator shall appoint and at his pleasure may remove an attorney. He may also appoint such assistant attorneys as may be provided by the budget and annual appropriation ordinance.

Purchasing Department, which shall include the functions and personnel of the bureau of supplies, the operation of central stores and warehouses, and the operation of central garages and shops, and shall be administered by the purchaser of supplies who shall be appointed by the chief administrative officer and shall hold office at his pleasure.

Real Estate Department, which shall include the functions and personnel of the office of the right-of-way agent.

Department of Public Works, which shall include the functions and personnel of the telephone exchange and which shall be in charge of and administered by the director of public works, who shall be appointed by the chief administrative officer and shall hold office at his pleasure.

The director of public works shall appoint a deputy director of public works for operations, a deputy director of public works for engineering, and a deputy director of public works for financial management and administration, and an assistant to the director of public works, each of whom shall hold office at the pleasure of said director.

The director of public works shall designate a deputy of other employee to perform the duties of city engineer. Said deputy or employee shall possess the same power in the city and county in making surveys, plats and certificates as is or may from time to time be given by law to city engineers and to county surveyors, and his official acts and all plats, surveys and certificates made by him shall have the same validity and be of the same force and effect as are or may be given by law to those of city engineers and county surveyors.

All examinations, plans and estimates required by the supervisors in connection with any public improvements, exclusive of those to be made by the public utilities commission, shall be made by the director of public works, and he shall, when requested to do so, furnish information and data for the use of the supervisors.

The department of public works shall semi-annually notify the tax collector of the amount of each assessment that becomes delinquent and the lot and block number against which such assessment is levied, and it shall be the duty of the tax collector to note such delinquency on each annual tax bill.

Department of Electricity, which shall be administered by a chief of department. The premises of any person, firm or corporation may, for the purpose of police or fire protection, be connected with the police or fire signal or telephone system of the city and county without a fair compensation for such connection and the use of the same, provided that any such connection shall require the approval of the chief of the department of electricity and shall not in any way overload or interfere with the proper and efficient operation of the circuit to which it is connected. The conditions upon which such connection shall be made and the compensation to be paid therefor shall be fixed by the board of supervisors by ordinance upon the recommendations of the chief of the department.

Coroner’s office, which shall include the functions and personnel of the existing office of coroner as established at the time this charter shall go into effect.

County Agricultural Department, which shall be administered by a county agricultural commissioner and shall include functions established by state law and those assigned to it by or in accordance with provisions of this charter.

Department of Weights and Measures, which shall include the functions and personnel of the office of sealer of weights and measures as established at the time this charter shall go into effect.

Convention Facilities Management Department, which shall include the city and county’s convention facilities, including but not limited to Brooks Hall, Civic Auditorium and Moscone Center, and shall consist of a general manager and such employees as may be necessary to carry out the functions and duties of said department.

The chief administrative officer shall have charge of the department of convention facilities management.

The chief administrative officer shall appoint a general manager of the convention facilities management department who shall hold office at his pleasure. The general manager shall be the administrative head and appointing officer of the department of convention facilities management. Subject to the approval of the chief administrative officer, the general manager shall have power to alter, repair, manage, operate and maintain all of the city and county convention facilities, including but not limited to Brooks Hall, Civic Auditorium and Moscone Center, All contracts or orders for work to be performed on convention facilities shall be awarded and executed by the general manager with the approval of the chief administrative officer and shall be administered by the general manager.

It shall be the function and duty of the department of convention facilities management to manage, operate and maintain all of the city and county convention facilities, including, but not limited to, Brooks Hall, Civic Auditorium and Moscone Center. If in the election of November 6, 1984 two or more propositions amending Section 3.510 of this charter receive the number of votes necessary for their adoption, notwithstanding any other provisions of this charter, the city attorney shall incorporate their provisions into one section.

4.103 Superior Court Appointments

The powers and duties of the superior court are prescribed by state law. The board of supervisors shall provide for the maintenance of the superior court in accordance with the fiscal provisions of this charter.

Effective July 1, 1979, the functions and personnel of the office of county clerk shall be and are hereby placed under the direction of the superior court.

The county clerk shall be appointed by and shall hold office at the pleasure of the superior court. Provided, however, that any person who holds civil service status in the position of county clerk on the date of adoption of the charter by the electorate of the amendment adds this paragraph to the charter shall continue to have civil service status in said position under the civil service provisions of the charter.

66
PROPOSITION F
Shall the duties and personnel of the County Clerk be transferred from the Clerk of the Superior Court to the Department of Governmental Services, under the supervision of the Chief Administrative Officer?

Analysis
by Ballot Simplification Committee

THE WAY IT IS NOW: The Office of the Clerk of the Superior Court also performs the duties of the County Clerk in San Francisco. These duties include registering business names and issuing marriage licenses, among other responsibilities. Six employees within the Superior Court Clerk's office now perform County Clerk duties.

The Department of Governmental Services includes the offices of the Recorder, the Public Administrator and the Registrar of Voters. The Chief Administrative Officer supervises this department.

THE PROPOSAL: Proposition F is a charter amendment. It would transfer the duties and personnel of the County Clerk from the Superior Court to the Department of Governmental Services.

A “YES” VOTE MEANS: If you vote yes, you want to transfer the duties of the County Clerk from the Superior Court to the Department of Governmental Services.

A “NO” VOTE MEANS: If you vote no, you want the Clerk of the Superior Court to continue to perform these duties.

Controller’s Statement on “F”
City Controller Edward Harrington has issued the following statement on the fiscal impact of Proposition F:

Should the proposed Charter amendment be adopted, in my opinion, it should not affect the cost of government, assuming that the organization and structure of the Chief Administrator's Office is not modified.

How Supervisors Voted on “F”
On February 10, 1992 the Board of Supervisors voted 11-0 to place Proposition F on the ballot.

The Supervisors voted as follows:
YES: Supervisors Achtenberg, Alioto, Britt, Gonzalez, Hallinan, Hilseh, Kennedy, Maher, Mgden, Shelley and Ward.

ARGUMENTS FOR AND AGAINST THIS MEASURE IMMEDIATELY FOLLOW THIS PAGE.
TEXT FOR PROPOSITION F IS ON PAGE 68.
PROPOSENT'S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION F

VOTE YES ON PROPOSITION "F"

Proposition "F" makes sense because: A combined Clerk-Recorder's Office is consistent with the practices of the rest of the State when the Courts separate Clerk of the Court and County Clerk functions.

The Proposition will place both the Clerk's and Recorder's Offices with their related duties under a single authority, the Chief Administrative Officer. This change will transfer six employees from the County Clerk's Office to the County Recorder's Office.

The Proposition will consolidate the offices of County Clerk and County Recorder which will align related duties without an increase in cost to the City and County of San Francisco.

The Proposition is consistent with the Superior Court Resolution asking the City and County of San Francisco to take over the County Clerk functions from the Courts.

Submitted by the Board of Supervisors and the Mayor

This argument was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on March 16, 1992.


Absent: Supervisor Maher.

No Opponent's Argument Was Submitted Against Proposition F
No Rebuttals Were Submitted On Proposition F
No Paid Arguments Were Submitted In Favor Of Proposition F
No Paid Arguments Were Submitted Against Proposition F
Chief Zoo Veterinarian

PROPOSITION G
Shall the Chief Zoo Veterinarian be appointed and hold office at the pleasure of the General Manager of the Recreation and Park Department, subject to the approval of the Recreation and Park Commission, rather than under civil service rules?

Analysis
by Ballot Simplification Committee

THE WAY IT IS NOW: The Recreation and Park Commission appoints a General Manager to oversee and manage the Recreation and Park Department. With the approval of the Commission, the General Manager can hire and fire five upper management employees at his/her discretion. All other Recreation and Park employees, including the Chief Zoo Veterinarian, are hired and fired under the civil service system.

THE PROPOSAL: Proposition G is a charter amendment. Under Proposition G, the Chief Zoo Veterinarian would no longer be hired or fired under the civil service system. Instead, the Chief Zoo Veterinarian would serve at the discretion of the General Manager, with the approval of the Recreation and Parks Commission.

A "YES" VOTE MEANS: If you vote yes, you want the Chief Zoo Veterinarian to serve at the discretion of the General Manager of the Recreation and Park Department.

A "NO" VOTE MEANS: If you vote no, you want the Chief Zoo Veterinarian to continue to be hired and fired under the civil service system.

Controller’s Statement on “G”
City Controller Edward Harrington has issued the following statement on the fiscal impact of Proposition G:
Should the proposed Charter amendment be adopted, in my opinion, it should not increase the cost of government.

How Supervisors Voted on “G”
On February 10, 1992 the Board of Supervisors voted 11-0 to place Proposition G on the ballot.
The Supervisors voted as follows:

ARGUMENTS FOR AND AGAINST THIS MEASURE AND ITS FULL TEXT IMMEDIATELY FOLLOW THIS PAGE.
Chief Zoo Veterinarian

PROONENT'S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION G

Proposition G would make the Chief Veterinary position at the zoo civil service exempt. This would allow the zoo staff to select the very best candidate nationally.

Presently this position requires a degree in veterinary medicine from an accredited veterinary school; a license to practice veterinary medicine in California and placement in the top 3 levels of the civil service examination.

This proposition would remove only the civil service requirements. This is a professional position requiring not just minimal schooling but the highest level and quality of education. This would allow the zoo to consider advanced degrees and specializations aimed towards an exotic animal population. Research of positions in the City requiring similar professional degrees indicates that appointments to these positions are traditionally exempt from the civil service provisions and are not subject to the civil service examination process.

Under the present procedure, all candidates are placed on a list. The candidate must be chosen from the top three eligibles on the list. In fact, the best person for the job, on the basis of quality of education, experience and know-how, could be number four and unreachable by the zoo. Proposition G would eliminate this danger and allow the zoo to select the best person to care for our animals.

Proposition G would allow the zoo to monitor, evaluate and, if necessary, remove the veterinarian more efficiently and rapidly.

The Recreation and Park Commission endorses Proposition G. The Zoo Advisory Committee, a panel of citizens that investigated and recommended changes for the zoo, also recommended this position be exempt from Civil Service.

We want the very best person to care for our animals. We need the authority to choose that person through the passage of Proposition G.

Submitted by the Board of Supervisors and the Mayor

This argument was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on March 16, 1992.
Absent: Supervisor Maher.

REBUTTAL TO PROONENT'S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION G

The proponents of “G” miss the point: This measure isn’t about health care for zoo animals, IT’S ABOUT PATRONAGE HIRING!

In order to create “flexibility” in filling one City position, the Supervisors ask you to “exempt” that position from Civil Service so that a politically-appointed body which serves at pleasure of politicians can pick whoever it wants for the job.

That’s patronage hiring no matter how you sugar coat it!

Civil service was mandated for most City positions in our Charter to end the patronage hiring abuses that had characterized City employment during the days of Boss Reuf and Mayor Eugene Schmitz (who left office after conviction for bribery!).

But the Supervisors would have us turn the clock backwards.

If the politicians really were just worried that they need flexibility to consider the fourth or fifth person on the Civil Service List for employment as a zoo veterinarian, they could draft a charter amendment which says that.

Instead, we are asked to exempt the position from Civil Service, so the politicians’ appointed commissioners can fill this slot on the basis of political criteria (such as who did you support for Mayor last time). Do you really think a person who had actively campaigned against the incumbent mayor or supervisors would have a chance to be hired, even if he or she were by far the most qualified?

VOTE “NO” ON “G”!

CITIZENS AGAINST CORRUPTION
Arlo H. Smith, Democratic County Committeemember
Alexa Smith, Democratic State Committeemember

Arguments printed on this page are the opinion of the authors and have not been checked for accuracy by any official agency.
OPPONENT’S ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION G

"G" is "GREEDY"!
Here they go again! This year, like nearly every election, the grabby group down at City Hall has decided to clutter our ballot with yet another measure to give the politicians opportunities to get their friends patronage jobs by exempting City positions from civil service.
And that’s what "G" is about: Political Patronage!
Every time a position is "exempted" from civil service the politicians get a chance to hire their friends.
Surprised?
You shouldn’t be!
"G" was put on the ballot by the same Supervisors who have tried to con you into doubling their salaries and quadrupling the amount of campaign contributions they are legally able to collect from wealthy special interests. The same Supervisors who gave a $9 million City street away to the Rockefellers for free. The same Supervisors who have given us dirty streets, rising crime rates, and a $100 million City deficit, while philosophizing about foreign policy!
Say "NO" to patronage hiring!
Say "No" To "G"!

COMMITTEE AGAINST PATRONAGE HIRING
Arlo H. Smith, Democratic County Committeemember
Alexa Smith, Democratic State Committeemember

REBUTTAL TO OPPONENT’S ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION G

Proposition G actually means GREAT animal health care!
Zoo animal medicine is a very small specialty of veterinary medicine practiced by veterinarians either working at or associated with zoos throughout the nation. Exempting this position from Civil Service will allow the Recreation and Park Department to conduct a national recruitment and hire the best available candidate in a timely manner. This ensures a strong well guided medical program at the Zoo. Our animals need a person that has this specialization, not just a degree from an accredited veterinary school and a license to practice veterinary medicine in California.
This is no giveaway of public funds and the "friends" that will benefit will be our animal friends who have waited long enough!

Submitted by the Board of Supervisors
This argument was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on March 23, 1992.
Absent: Supervisors Alioto and Maher.

Arguments printed on this page are the opinion of the authors and have not been checked for accuracy by any official agency.
TEXT OF PROPOSED CHARTER AMENDMENT
PROPOSITION G

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the Charter of said city and county by amending Section 3.551 thereof, relating to the appointment and removal of civil service exempt executives of the Recreation and Park Department.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said city and county at an election to be held therein on June 2, 1992, a proposal to amend the Charter of said city and county by amending Section 3.551 thereof, to read as follows:

NOTE: Additions or substitutions are indicated by bold face type; deletions are indicated by strike-out type.

3.551 General Manager; Other Executives
The recreation and park commission shall appoint a general manager, who shall hold office at the pleasure of the commission. The commission shall also appoint a secretary, subject to the civil service provisions of this charter.

The general manager shall be the chief executive officer of the department. Subject to the approval of the commission, he shall have power to appoint and to remove a superintendent of recreation, a superintendent of parks, a director of the zoo, an executive secretary to the general manager, a chief veterinarian of the zoo, and a director of the Strybing Arboretum and Botanical Gardens, all of whom shall be exempt from the civil service provisions of this charter, and shall hold office subject to such power of removal on approval of the commission. The position of director of Strybing Arboretum and Botanical Gardens shall be held only by a person who possesses the educational and administrative qualifications and experience necessary to direct and administer a complete program for the development, operation and maintenance of an arboretum and botanical garden.

Out of town on June 2, 1992? Apply for an Absentee Ballot. Just complete the form on the back cover, put a 29¢ stamp where indicated and mail it in. You will be sent absentee voting materials, including a ballot.
PROPOSITION H

Shall the Purchaser no longer be required to maintain an inventory of all materials, supplies and equipment for other City departments, leaving the responsibility for maintaining such inventories to individual City departments?

Analysis
by Ballot Simplification Committee

THE WAY IT IS NOW: The Purchasing Department, under the supervision of the Controller, is responsible for ordering and keeping track of the inventory of supplies and equipment for other City departments. As part of this duty, Purchasing Department employees operate the City's many supply storerooms.

THE PROPOSAL: Proposition H is a charter amendment. Under Proposition H, the Purchaser would no longer be responsible for keeping track of inventories of supplies and equipment for other City departments. Instead, those departments would keep track of their own inventories.

A “YES” VOTE MEANS: If you vote yes, you want to make City departments responsible for keeping track of their own inventories.

A “NO” VOTE MEANS: If you vote no, you want the Purchasing Department to continue to perform this duty.

Controller’s Statement on “H”
City Controller Edward Harrington has issued the following statement on the fiscal impact of Proposition H:

Should the proposed Charter amendment be adopted, in my opinion, it should not affect the cost of government, assuming that operating departments can oversee their storerooms with existing staff resources.

How Supervisors Voted on “H”
On February 10, 1992 the Board of Supervisors voted 11-0 to place Proposition H on the ballot.
The Supervisors voted as follows:

ARGUMENTS FOR AND AGAINST THIS MEASURE AND ITS FULL TEXT IMMEDIATELY FOLLOW THIS PAGE.
PROPOSED'S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION H

We are asking for your approval of a technical change to the Charter. With this change, City departments will account for their own storeroom inventories and report to the Controller, instead of having the Purchasing Department do so for them. The departments' operations should improve and accountability for City property will be improved.

The Public Utilities Commission, the Airport, the Department of Public Works, and the Recreation and Park Department have storerooms which historically have been operated by employees of the Purchasing Department. These employees will be transferred to the departments where they work and which "own" the storerooms and the inventories. The goal is to make the operation of the storerooms more responsive to the departments they serve, with no increase in staff.

The proposed Charter change deletes Purchasing's inventory and reporting requirements. This means that the separate departments assume these responsibilities as owners of the supplies and equipment involved. Under new internal procedures, the departments will make periodic reports on their property to the Controller, so accountability will be maintained.

We ask you to vote Yes on Prop. H.

Submitted by the Board of Supervisors and the Mayor

This argument was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on March 16, 1992.
Absent: Supervisor Maher.

REBUTTAL TO PROPOSED'S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION H

The argument in favor of "H" is about what one would expect from a Board of Supervisors that specializes in philosophizing about foreign policy; it makes no sense.

Permitting each City Department to keep track of its inventory without any central controls will not effect "savings" like the Supervisors claim, but will open the door for rampant waste and corruption.

If you were a crooked contractor, "H" would give you carte blanche to arrange kick-backs and gratuities with unscrupulous employees in individual departments who will be freed from oversight by the Purchaser's office.

But do you expect the folks under the dome at City Hall to figure this out!

Of course not! They're too busy running U.S. foreign policy and running for higher office!

Tell our City officials you want them working for cleaner streets, less crime, and affordable housing, rather than cluttering our ballot up with ill-conceived measures that will encourage corruption such as "H".

Send City Hall a message that you're tired of fiscal irresponsibility, patronage politics and corruption.

VOTE "NO" ON "A", "B", "C", "D", "G", "H", "I" and "J"!

CITIZENS AGAINST CORRUPTION
Arlo H. Smith, Democratic County Committeemember
Alexa Smith, Democratic State Committeemember

Arguments printed on this page are the opinion of the authors and have not been checked for accuracy by any official agency.


OPPONENT’S ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION H

“H” is Hilarious!

Hilarious, that is, if you are an unscrupulous City vendor or
city employee “on the take.”

“H” would eliminate central inventory controls over City sup-
plies and equipment now maintained by the City Purchaser, and,
instead, allow each City department to keep track of its own
inventory!

Sound like the fox guarding the chicken coop?

That’s right!

But, after all, what kind of sound government policies do you
expect to emanate from a Board of Supervisors that specializes in
passing foreign policy resolutions and giving away public land to
well-connected developers?

What do you expect from a City government that has managed
to run up a $100 million budget deficit?

The same people who brought us Metergate now want you to
pass a ballot measure that will create an opportunity for new
Metergates in every City department!

Tell the Supervisors that you want them working for cleaner
streets, less crime, and affordable housing rather than cluttering
our ballot up with ridiculous measures such as Proposition “H”.

VOTE “NO” ON “H”!

CITIZENS AGAINST CORRUPTION

Arlo H. Smith, Democratic County Committeemember
Alexa Smith, Democratic State Committeemember

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REBUTTAL TO OPPONENT’S ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION H

Proposition H will streamline government by eliminating dupli-
cation of effort. Proposition H’s opponents want City government
to be cumbersome.

In City storerooms, storekeepers are being transferred from Pur-
chesing to the individual departments. They will cease to be Pur-
chasing employees and become employees of PUC, the Airport,
Public Works, the Port, and Rec and Park. This reorganization is
being done to improve operations. Proposition H does not affect
this transfer — Proposition H makes a technical change to the
Charter necessitated by the transfer.

If Proposition H is passed, departments will report inventory
information directly to the Controller. If Proposition H is not
passed, then departments could have to report the data to Purchas-
ing, which in turn would report it to the Controller. This extra step
is a waste of time and money, and adds nothing but delays to the
process.

The Controller’s Office will continue to monitor inventory in-
formation. It makes no sense, but costs money, for data to bounce
off Purchasing on its way to the Controller.

The amendment removes wasted effort, not control, from gov-
ernment.

Please save money by voting Yes on Proposition H.

Submitted by the Board of Supervisors

This argument was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on

Ayes: Supervisors Achtenberg, Britt, Gonzalez, Hallinan, Hsieh,
Kennedy, Migden, Shelley and Ward.

Absent: Supervisors Alioto and Maher.

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No Paid Arguments Were Submitted In Favor Of Proposition H
No Paid Arguments Were Submitted Against Proposition H

Arguments printed on this page are the opinion of the authors and have not been checked for accuracy by any official agency.
Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the Charter of said City and County by amending Section 7.100 thereof, relating to maintenance of inventories of materials, supplies, and equipment.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said City and County at an election to be held thereon on June 2, 1992, a proposal to amend the Charter of said City and County by amending Section 7.100 thereof, to read as follows:

NOTE: Additions or substitutions are indicated by bold face type; deletions are indicated by strike-out type.

7.100. Material, Supplies, Equipment and Services

The purchaser of supplies shall purchase all materials, supplies and equipment of every kind and nature, and enter into agreement for all contractual services required by the several departments and offices of the city and county, except as in this section otherwise provided. Purchases of books, magazines and periodicals for the library departments, works of art for museums and other articles or things of unusual character as to the purchasing thereof, may, on the recommendation of a department head and the approval of the purchasing department, be purchased directly by said department head.

Purchases for construction operations, or for any operations conducted outside the boundaries of the city and county may, on the recommendation of the department head in charge thereof, and the approval of the purchaser of supplies, be made by the department head. All such purchases made by officials of departments other than the purchasing department shall be made in accordance with regulations established by the purchaser of supplies. The purchaser of supplies shall have authority to exchange used materials, supplies, and equipment to the advantage of the city and county, advertise for bids, and to sell personal property belonging to the city and county on the recommendation of a department head that such articles are unfit for use.

All purchases shall be by written purchase order or written contract except in case of emergency. All purchases in excess of $1,000 shall be by written contract; provided, however, that on the recommendation of the department head, in case of an emergency actually existing, the purchaser of supplies, with the approval of the chief administrative officer, may make such purchases in the open market on the basis of informal bids. At least three bids or quotations shall be secured on open market purchases. All contracts and purchase orders in excess of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) of materials, supplies or equipment and all agreements for contractual services in excess of fifty thousand dollars shall require the signature of the chief administrative officer in addition to the signature of the purchaser of supplies. Beginning with fiscal year 1987-88, the board of supervisors shall be authorized to increase or decrease by ordinance the dollar amount of contracts requiring approval of the chief administrative officer under this section.

The purchaser of supplies shall not enter into any contract or issue any purchase order unless the controller shall certify thereon that sufficient unencumbered balances are available in the proper fund to meet the payments under such purchase order or contract as these become due.

The purchaser of supplies shall establish specifications and tests to cover all recurring purchases of material supplies and equipment. He shall, as far as is practicable, standardize materials, supplies and equipment according to the use to which they are to be put, when two more types, brands or kinds are specified or requested by individual departments.

Purchases of equipment shall be made in accordance with specifications furnished by the department requiring such equipment in case the use of such equipment is peculiar to such department. For patented or proprietary articles sold by brand name, the purchaser may require each department requisitioning same by such brand name, to furnish specifications of the article requisitioned, and may advertise for bids on the basis of such specifications, under conditions permitting manufacturers of, or dealers in other articles made and sold for the same purpose, to bid on such specifications or on the specifications of their own product. If the purchaser of supplies recommends the acceptance of the lowest or best bid, stating his reasons in writing therefor, and if the department head concerned recommends the acceptance of any other bid on such proprietary articles, stating his reasons in writing therefor, the award shall be determined by the controller.

The purchaser of supplies shall require departments to make adequate inspection of all purchases, and shall make such other inspections as he deems necessary. He shall develop standards for determining when articles or services may be below standards, specifications of samples furnished should be rejected.

He shall have charge of central storerooms and warehouses of the city and county. He shall have charge of a central garage and shop for the repair of city and county equipment. All garages and shops heretofore maintained by departments for the construction, maintenance, and repair of departmental supplies and equipment, and the personnel assigned thereto, except the shop and personnel for fire alarm, police telegraph and traffic signal manufacture and repair operated by the department of electricity, are hereby transferred to said central garage and shop.

He shall, under the supervision of the controller, maintain an inventory for all materials, supplies and equipment purchased for, and in use in, all departments and offices of the city and county. He shall be immediately to call the periodic check of such property, and in case of loss or damage deemed by him to be due to negligence, shall report the same to the mayor, the chief administrative officer and the controller. He shall have authority to require the transfer of surplus property in any department to stores or to other departments.
Dividing California into Two States

PROPOSITION I
Shall it be the policy of the people of the City and County of San Francisco to support dividing California into a northern California state and a southern California state?

YES ☐ NO ☐

Analysis
by Ballot Simplification Committee

THE WAY IT IS NOW: The United States is made up of 50 states. California is one of those states. It has been proposed that California be divided into two states, a northern California state and a southern California state.

THE PROPOSAL: Proposition I would make it City policy to support the idea of dividing California into two states, a northern California state and a southern California state.

A “YES” VOTE MEANS: If you vote yes, you want to make it City policy to support the idea of dividing California into a northern California state and a southern California state.

A “NO” VOTE MEANS: If you vote no, you do not want to adopt this policy.

Controller’s Statement on “I”
City Controller Edward Harrington has issued the following statement on the fiscal impact of Proposition I:

...Should the proposed declaration of policy be adopted and implemented, in my opinion, it would affect the cost of government in possibly substantial but presently indeterminable amounts.

How Supervisors Voted on “I”
On February 18, 1992 the Board of Supervisors voted 10-0 to place Proposition I on the ballot.
The Supervisors voted as follows:
ABSENT: Supervisor Alito.
PROPOSER’S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION I

California’s government is in a coma. Can it be revived? That’s the only question you really need to answer before voting to create a new state out of Northern California.

An unusual proposal, but that doesn’t make it either new or bad. The Dakotas, Carolinas and Virginias have all split and so should the Californias.

Our state is over 30 million people. In twenty years, we will be bigger than Italy or France. The question is not how big can we get, but rather how big should we get?

State government should be localized, closer to the people. It provides local roads, schools, parks etc. It should interact personally with its citizenry, yet our state senator now has more constituents than our congressman, and soon our assemblyman will also. That’s not local government!

A smaller state would be more representative. Congress is already remote and Sacramento is getting there.

In reality, there are already two Californias. Historically, climatically, environmentally, economically and culturally, there are two separate and distinct Californias.

Culturally, San Franciscans and other Northern Californians are closer to Oregon and Washington than to Los Angeles and Orange County.

It is time to admit that bureaucracies will never shrink themselves. Our only hope is to start over: A brand new government designed by Northern Californians to serve Northern Californians.

Splitting our state will allow San Francisco and Los Angeles to pursue our separate destinies as neighbors and friends.

Residents of the 51st State will have similar values, better representation and greater control over their own destiny. Your “YES” vote will not make all of our problems disappear. We’ll just finally get to deal with them our own way.

Voting YES on I commits us to nothing. It simply allows us to explore the possibilities.

Vote YES on I.

Submitted by Supervisor Bill Maher

REBUTTAL TO PROPOSER’S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION I

Split California? GET REAL! There are no compelling arguments for dividing the state.

The Dakotas and Carolinas were never split as states. They were admitted as separate states, North and South. It took the Civil War to divide Virginia.

Sacramento won’t move any closer if the state is split. Local roads, parks, and schools have always been the primary responsibility of local government. If California is divided, the new state would still have a very large population — maybe 15 million. We still couldn’t get to know our representatives personally.

Splitting the state would not reduce the bureaucracy or cut costs. The bureaucracy would double. We would have to build a new state capitol and hundreds of other new facilities.

The proponents argue that a smaller state would be more representative — but of what? A smaller state would be dominated by rural areas where interests such as lumber and mining hold inordinate power. It could be disastrous for our urban communities and our environment. If Southern California is allowed to develop the coastline unchecked, our beautiful coast could be destroyed.

California is already Number One. We already have the biggest voice in Washington. Our state’s economy is one of the largest, most diversified, and most technologically advanced in the world. We share 200 years of history and culture. Why change a good thing?

Vote NO on I (splitting the state) and J (policy favoring state splitting).

Committee Against Splitting the State
Alexa Smith
Arlo H. Smith
Andrew de la Rosa

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OPPONENT’S ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION I

The Golden State is often depicted as a state full of freeways, fast cars, valley girls, yuppies, guppies and spaced-out hippies. However, these stereotypes belittle an aspect of California we should be proud of. California is enriched by its great diversity — culturally, economically, and politically.

The Golden State has shared a common history and culture since the early Spanish missionaries settled in the 1700s. California was admitted to the Union in 1850. There are numerous state symbols — the poppy, the redwood, the grizzly bear, the real California cheese.

A state assemblyman from a rural district proposes in Proposition I to divide California into two states (Northern and Southern California). Get a life! There are much more pressing issues — the recession, education, and the environment, for example — that we should be concerned with. Proposals like Proposition I make outsiders think Californians are wacky.

California, besides sharing a common history and culture, is one of the leading industrial, agricultural, and technological powers of the world. With over 50 electoral votes, we are politically the most powerful state in the nation.

Dividing the state would hamper our ability to protect the environment. California’s ecological concerns are better addressed by one unified state policy. Northern California’s voice in legislation is vital in preserving our whole state’s beautiful coastline. Pollution and other environmental problems directly affect California as a whole.

Putting Proposition I on the ballot has cost the city over $25,000 of our tax money. Voting a unified NO on Proposition I will send a strong message: DON’T WASTE OUR TAX DOLLARS ON FRIVOLOUS BALLOT MEASURES!

Committee Against Splitting the State
Alexa Smith
Arlo H. Smith
Andrew de la Rosa

REBUTTAL TO OPPONENT’S ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION I

ALL THAT THE PASSAGE OF PROPOSITION I WOULD DO IS TO ALLOW SAN FRANCISCANS THE RIGHT TO EXPLORE THE CONCEPT OF A SEPARATE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA STATE.

The opponents of Proposition I have totally closed minds. They aren’t interested in discussing creative ways of making our legislative system work better for us. Don’t they trust the voters?

The opponents of Proposition I would have you believe that any discussion of splitting the state is wacky. With that kind of reasoning, do they think that North and South Dakota, North and South Carolina, Virginia and West Virginia are wacky too?

Over 30 of California’s counties have placed this measure on their June ballots. Are San Franciscans going to sit on the sidelines and let other counties set the agenda on this discussion? Shouldn’t San Franciscans have the same right to express themselves as the rest of the counties?

Opponents of Proposition I argue that we should be proud of our diversity. We are and we will continue to be diverse. Have the opponents looked around and seen who lives in the Bay Area these days? The issue of diversity has nothing to do with exploring the alternatives to a 30,000,000 person mega-state that is unresponsive to its citizens needs.

Lastly, the only costs involved in presenting this measure to the voters is the cost of printing the page in a voter handbook that would be mailed out anyway.

Isn’t our right to express our opinion worth that much?

Vote YES on PROPOSITION I.

Submitted by Supervisor Bill Maher

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Dividing California into Two States

No Paid Arguments Were Submitted In Favor Of Proposition I

PAID ARGUMENTS AGAINST PROPOSITION I

There’s no legitimate reason why this measure is on the ballot. A fatuous Board of Supervisors, the sponsor of Proposition I, is so embarrassed by its fiscal foolhardiness, that it wouldn’t even submit a ballot argument in support of Proposition I. This is irresponsibility at its zenith. Severing California in two pieces won’t solve any problem facing California. Even if San Franciscans voted unanimously, the effect on the State Legislature, which holds the power to determine such a measure, would be negligible at best.

Think of all the extra expenses of hundreds of politicians on the payroll and perquisites of a Northern California. It’s enough to make Jimmy Gonzales’ mouth water.

Yet once again, San Francisco officials have taken it upon themselves to offer voters a meaningless ballot measure on a frivolous issue, which, according to the City Controller, will cost San Francisco taxpayers a “substantial, but presently indeterminable amount”.

The proponent of the measure argues that State government should be more personalized, that State government should “interact” in a more personal way with citizens, and that state senators represent more constituents than representatives in the US Congress. He fails to point out, however, that members of the Board of Supervisors have as many constituents as state representatives and about 100,000 more than congressional representatives. If supervisors are serious about personal interaction, perhaps they mean implementation of district elections for the Board of Supervisors.

There’s no reason to believe that two governors and two more Assemblies and Senates will be any better than one. It’s sad that some people feel the answer to California’s problems lie in the creation of more government. Perhaps proponents of Proposition I see it as a way to get a job in state government.

VOTE NO ON I!

Save the spotted owl!
Don’t let timber interests chop off Northern California.

Dave Wall
John Riordan
Candidates for Democratic Central Committee

City and County of San Francisco heros Fremont, Stanford, and General Sherman wouldn’t support California’s breakup.

John Riordan
Democratic Committee Candidate
Past College Board President
Terence Faulkner
Republican Committeeman

Vote No on Proposition I. California’s problems will not be solved by dividing the state. Dividing California will not create more jobs, end the drought or reduce taxes.
Don’t double the size of state government. Vote No on Proposition I.

Donald D. Doyle
President
San Francisco Chamber of Commerce

SAN FRANCISCO TAXPAYERS ASSOCIATION
VICE PRESIDENT QUENTIN L. KOPP

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PAID ARGUMENTS AGAINST PROPOSITION 1

Kopp’s Good Government Committee opposes the Board of Supervisors’ proposal to divide California and is indignant that irresponsible supervisors would encumber the Municipal ballot with a meaningless “advisory” trick. So pathetic is the Board of Supervisors that it didn’t even have the nerve to submit a ballot argument in support of Propositions I or J. Anyone who abhors the foolishness of Board of Supervisors resolutions on foreign affairs should likewise oppose this wasteful proposition. The Registrar of Voters estimates Propositions I and J will cost San Francisco taxpayers $50,000 in ballot expenses. What sloth — at our expense.

The argument espousing the division of California is as old as the state itself, and the idea has been good for nothing more than “hype” or publicity for the instigator of the proposal. So is the case with Proposition I, which proposes to divide California into Northern California and Southern California. Similar measures have been rejected in 1859, 1909, 1941, 1964, 1965, 1967, 1968, 1970, 1974 and 1978.

This measure supposedly creates “city policy”. Even however, if a majority of San Francisco voters supported the measure, only the Legislature is empowered to enact the proposition. Therefore, it’s an egregious, baleful waste of taxpayers’ time and money. There are an endless number of serious issues facing San Francisco, but dividing the State of California is not among them. When will our supervisors get serious. Send them a message — we are fed up and insulted by their vaudevillian antics.

VOTE NO ON PROPOSITION I!

KOPP’S GOOD GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE
Cheryl Arenson
Dan Dunnigan

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TEXT OF PROPOSED DECLARATION OF POLICY
PROPOSITION I

DESCRIPTING AND SETTING FORTH A DECLARATION OF POLICY TO THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO AT AN ELECTION TO BE HELD THEREIN ON JUNE 2, 1992, RELATING TO THE QUESTION OF DIVIDING THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA INTO TWO STATES, NORTH CALIFORNIA AND SOUTH CALIFORNIA

BE IT MOVED, The San Francisco Board of Supervisors, pursuant to Charter Section 9.108, sets forth the following declaration of policy to be submitted to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco at an election to be held on June 2, 1992:

Shall it be the policy of the City and County of San Francisco to support dividing the State of California into two states, consisting of a northern California state and a southern California state?

TEXT OF PROPOSED DECLARATION OF POLICY
PROPOSITION J

DESCRIPTING AND SETTING FORTH A DECLARATION OF POLICY TO THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO AT AN ELECTION TO BE HELD THEREIN ON JUNE 2, 1992, RELATING TO THE QUESTION OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO BEING A PART OF THE STATE OF NORTH CALIFORNIA, IN THE EVENT THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA IS DIVIDED INTO TWO STATES.

BE IT MOVED, The San Francisco Board of Supervisors, pursuant to Charter Section 9.108, sets forth the following declaration of policy to be submitted to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco at an election to be held on June 2, 1992:

Shall it be the policy of the City and County of San Francisco, in the event the State of California were divided into a northern California state and a southern California state, for San Francisco to be part of the northern California state?
San Francisco in Northern California

PROPOSITION J
Shall it be the policy of the people of the City and County of San Francisco for San Francisco to be part of the northern California state if California is divided into a northern California state and a southern California state?

Analysis
by Ballot Simplification Committee

THE WAY IT IS NOW: The United States is made up of 50 states. California is one of those states. It has been proposed that California be divided into two states, a northern California state and a southern California state.

THE PROPOSAL: Proposition J would make it City policy for San Francisco to be part of the northern California state if California were divided into two states.

A "YES" VOTE MEANS: If you vote yes, you want to make it City policy for San Francisco to be part of the northern California state if California were divided into two states.

A "NO" VOTE MEANS: If you vote no, you do not want to adopt this policy.

Controller’s Statement on “J”
City Controller Edward Harrington has issued the following statement on the fiscal impact of Proposition J:

Should the proposed declaration of policy be adopted and implemented, in my opinion, it would affect the cost of government in possibly substantial but presently indeterminable amounts.

How Supervisors Voted on “J”
On February 18, 1992 the Board of Supervisors voted 10-0 to place Proposition J on the ballot.

The Supervisors voted as follows:
ABSENT: Supervisor Alioto.
San Francisco in Northern California

PROONENT’S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION J

If you agree that California should be split into two states, then San Francisco should be located in Northern California. The boundaries of the 51st State must be approved by a majority of the voters before the split can occur.

Historically, culturally, environmentally, and economically, San Francisco belongs in Northern California.

Look no further than to the debates over creeping Los Angelization. Or freeway spirals. Or Honda ads spoofing northern versus southern California car attitudes. Even Madison Avenue recognizes our inherent differences.

How much will a new state cost? Thankfully, no more than we can afford. The legislation to divide California carries a “state-back” guarantee. It does not allow taxes to be raised, education funding to be cut, the CSU or UC system to deny access or charge out of state tuition, or permit any retirement or pension plan to be changed.

Let’s keep San Francisco is northern California and allow the two new states to pursue our own destinies as neighbors and as friends.

Vote “YES” on Proposition J.

Submitted by Supervisors Bill Maher and Harry Britt

REBUTTAL TO PROONENT’S ARGUMENT IN FAVOR OF PROPOSITION J

Proposition J would express approval for splitting the state. Vote NO on J. San Francisco should remain within California.

The proponents suggest that media stereotypes are a valid reason for splitting the state. But don’t let car commercials fool you. Songwriters recognize the broad similarities between Northern and Southern California. They don’t speak of “Northern California Girl” or “Hotel Southern California.”

Actually Northern and Southern California have many things in common. Both regions share concerns over urban development, the environment, hi-tech industry, and earthquakes. Common concerns are best addressed by a unified state policy.

If California splits, San Francisco would be one of the few major cities in Northern California. Urban areas would have less of a voice in legislation affecting issues such as the environment. The new state would be dominated by rural areas and the timber and mining industries. These industries have manifested little concern for the environment.

If we are going to split the state wherever there are cultural differences, when would it stop? When San Francisco is a state all by itself?

Splitting the state would be costly. We would have to duplicate the existing state government. WE CAN’T AFFORD IT!

Besides the great cost, how would we decide who gets what? Who would get the GRIZZLY BEAR and the REAL CALIFORNIA CHEESE, for example? If that seems difficult, what about the really serious issues?

Vote NO on J and J!

Committee Against The “State-Split” Joke

Arlo H. Smith, Democratic County Committeemember
Alexa Smith, Democratic State Committeemember
OPPONENT'S ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION J

"J" IS A JOKE!

A joke on us, the taxpayers, who will have to foot a $25,000 or so bill because the Supervisors did not have the good sense to keep this frivolous measure off the ballot.

Proposition "J" asks us to declare a policy that San Francisco should be part of the new state of Northern California if the Golden State is divided.

Who wants to divide California? Lumber and agricultural interests represented by Assemblyman Stan Stanham who want weaker environmental, labor and consumer protection laws! People who want an all-white rural state of "Northern California" Those who want a "Northern California" state government and congressional delegation with few women and minorities!

To vote "YES" on Proposition "J" is to say you think this backwoods "state-splitting" scheme is o.k. Tell City Hall you're tired of the jokes like Proposition "J" the Supervisors keep cluttering on our ballots.

Tell the Supervisors you want them to spend their time getting us clean streets, less crime and affordable housing, rather than grandstanding with foreign policy issues, and crackpot ballot measures like the present one.

Tell the Supervisors to stop clowning around!

VOTE "NO" ON PROPOSITION J!

COMMITTEE AGAINST THE "STATE-SPLIT" JOKE
Arlo H. Smith, Democratic County Committeemember
Alexa Smith, Democratic State Committeemember

REBUTTAL TO OPPONENT'S ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION J

FREEDOM OF CHOICE and FREE SPEECH IS NO JOKE!!!

What Proposition "J" really asks is, "If you would like to discuss the idea of a Northern and Southern California, which state would you prefer to be in?"

In other words, why should San Franciscans allow the other thirty counties which will vote on this measure decide on which state we belong in?

California will only continue to grow! It's a fact. If you had 30 million relatives come live with you, would you keep them all in one house? It makes sense to at least think about and discuss buying another house just as it makes sense to at least think about and discuss creating another state.

San Franciscans are, and will continue to be, ethnically and culturally diverse. In a smaller state, all of our different communities will have more representation, not less! Don't let the right to shape your own destiny be taken from you!

VOTE YES ON PROPOSITION J

Submitted by Supervisor Bill Maher
PAID ARGUMENTS AGAINST PROPOSITION J

Don't be misled. The Board of Supervisors doesn't even have the courage of its convictions to submit an argument in support of Proposition J, because it's spurious and embarrassing. Send the supervisors another message — you're elected to conduct municipal affairs, not for cheap publicity stunts. Stop costing us money with crazed ballot measures. Why does it always seem as if running the city well is the last thing on Board members' minds? VOTE NO ON J.

KOPP'S GOOD GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE
Cheryl Arenson
Dan Dunnigan

Keep the City and County of San Francisco in historical California.

John Riordan
Democratic Committee Candidate
Past College Board President
Terence Faulkner
Republican Committeeman

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DON'T LET THE WIND BLOW YOUR RECYCLABLE PAPER AWAY!

Put paper in paper bags or tie it with string.
Help keep our streets clean while you recycle!
Important Facts About Absentee Voting
Also Known as Vote-By-Mail

APPLICATION FOR ABSENTEE BALLOT

Any voter may get an absentee ballot. You no longer need a reason (e.g. illness, travel) to get an absentee ballot. Any registered voter may request one.

Permanent Absentee Voters: The disabled may apply to become permanent absentee voters. A permanent absentee voter will automatically receive a ballot each election without having to apply each time. Whenever a permanent absentee voter moves or re-registers however, s/he must re-apply for permanent status. Frequent travellers are not eligible for permanent absentee voter status. They must apply for an absentee ballot each time. An application to be a permanent absentee voter is on the back cover of this pamphlet.

Third Party Delivery of Absentee Ballot Applications: Unless you know and trust the person delivering your application for an absentee ballot, you should deliver or mail it directly to the office of the Registrar of Voters. Political campaigns often ask voters to mail their applications to their campaign headquarters, and the campaigns then add the information you provide to their files and mailing lists. This may delay your application for as much as three weeks or even past the deadline for the application to arrive in our office. If you receive an absentee ballot application from a campaign, we recommend that you mail it directly to the San Francisco Registrar of Voters.

Applications: We strongly recommend that voters use the application provided on the back cover of the voter information pamphlet and include the mailing label with the bar code. This form with the bar code on the label allows us to process your request more rapidly.

If you do not have that application form, you may send us another application form or you may send a post card with your request for an absentee ballot. Please print your name, birthdate and residence address, the address where you want the ballot sent if it is different, your day and night telephone numbers, your signature and the date you are making your request. You may "fax" your request to this office at (415) 554-4047.

RETURNING YOUR ABSENTEE BALLOT

To be counted, your ballot must arrive in the Office of the Registrar of Voters or any polling place by 8 p.m. on Election Day. If your ballot arrives after that time, it will not be counted. A postmark on your absentee ballot return envelope before or on Election Day is not acceptable if the ballot arrives after 8 p.m. on Election Day.

Never make any identifying marks on your ballot card. Some absentee voters sign or initial their ballot card. NEVER make any identifying marks on your ballot. Your ballot is no longer considered secret, if there is such a mark, initial or signature, and thus cannot be counted. This is also true for the write-in stub if you vote for a write-in candidate.

"Cleaning" your ballot card: After punching out the holes corresponding to your choices, you will notice that there are many little paper chips hanging from the back of the card. These hanging paper chips must be removed from the back of the card, or they will fall back into their holes as if you never punched it, and thus those votes will not be counted.

You must sign your name on the Absentee Ballot Return Envelope. You must personally sign the envelope in the space provided. No one else, including anyone with a power of attorney, is permitted to sign for you. If your signature is not on the envelope, it will not be opened, and the ballot will not be counted. Also, be sure not to damage the Bar Code that is printed on your Absentee Return Envelope. It helps us to process your ballot faster.

Third party delivery of ballots: If you do not mail your absentee ballot and are unable to deliver your ballot to the Registrar of Voters or a polling place, only your spouse, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, sister or brother can return your absentee ballot for you. However, when you have your ballot returned by a third party, you and that person must complete the appropriate sections on the Absentee Ballot Return Envelope. Your ballot will not be counted unless those sections have been completed properly.

EMERGENCY VOTING

Within seven days of an election, if you become ill or disabled, and are unable to go to your polling place, you may request in a written statement, signed under penalty of perjury, a ballot to be delivered by your authorized representative who presents the written statement at the Office of the Registrar of Voters.

You or your authorized representative may return the ballot to the Registrar of Voters or to a polling place. If your authorized representative returns the ballot, the appropriate sections of the absentee ballot return envelope must be completed. THESE BALLOTS MAY NOT BE MAILED.
Telephoning the Registrar of Voters

The Registrar now has special lines for specific purposes:
To register to vote, call 554-4398.
To request an absentee ballot application, call 554-4399.
For information about becoming a Poll Worker, call 554-4385.
For all other information, call 554-4375.

For your convenience and because of the huge number of calls during the weeks leading up to the election, the Registrar uses automated information lines in addition to regular operators. If all operators are busy, callers may hear recorded messages which will direct them to leave their name, address and telephone number. Callers with touch tone phones may be asked to press numbers to direct their calls. Callers with rotary phones may wait on the line for an operator, or to leave a message.

AVOID LONG LINES — VOTE BY MAIL

It's as easy as 1-2-3.
1. Complete the application on the back cover.
2. Put a 29¢ stamp where indicated.
3. Drop your completed application into a mail box.

Within two weeks, you will receive your Absentee Ballot.

YOUR POLLING PLACE

The location of your polling place is shown on the label on the back cover of the Voter Information Pamphlet which was sent to you. Of the 7,000+ telephone calls received by the Registrar of Voters on Election Day, almost all of them are from voters asking where they should go to vote.

Remember on Election Day, take the back cover of your Voter Information Pamphlet with you. The address of your polling place is on the top part of the mailing label on the back cover of the Voter Information Pamphlet which was sent to you. You may also wish to write down the address of your polling place in the space provided on the Polling Place Card.
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POLLING PLACE CARD: To save time and reduce waiting lines, take this page with you to the Polls. Show your mailing label to the poll worker. The location of your polling place is on the mailing label on the other side of this page.

After reading this pamphlet, write down the names and numbers of the candidates of your choice. Write the number corresponding to your choice of "YES" or "NO" for each of the State and Local Propositions.

<table>
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<th>CANDIDATES - Name</th>
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Did you remember to **SIGN** your application on the other side?

Your Return Address

Germaine Q Wong
San Francisco Registrar of Voters
Room 158 -- City Hall
400 VAN NESS AVENUE
SAN FRANCISCO CA  94102-4691
Voter, please bring this entire back page with you to the polling place. The location of your polling place is shown on the label below.

Please **DO NOT** remove the label from the application below.

**ABSENTEE BALLOT (Vote-By-Mail) APPLICATION** - June 2, 1992 Primary Election

Sign this application and return it. Registrar must receive application by May 26, 1992.

**Check One:**
- [ ] Send my ballot to the address on the label above.
- [ ] I want my ballot sent to the address printed below.

**P.O. Box or Street Address**

**Check Here If Appropriate:**
- [ ] I have moved since I last registered to vote.
- [ ] My new address is printed below.

(Residence Address ONLY.)

**Number and Street Name**

**Apt. No.**

**SAN FRANCISCO, CA**

941

**Check below all that apply, then sign your name:**

- [ ] I apply for an Absentee Ballot for June 2, 1992; I have not and will not apply for an absentee ballot by any other means.
- [ ] I apply to be a PERMANENT ABSENTEE VOTER; I meet the qualifications explained on page 5.
- [ ] All voters receive the English version; I also want my Voter Information Pamphlet in: Spanish ____ Chinese ____

You **MUST SIGN** here to receive a ballot.

**Your signature - DO NOT PRINT**

**Date Signed**

**Day Time Phone**

**Evening Phone**